股票代號 stock code: 1473

證期局指定之資訊申報網站網:

Information reporting website designated by the Securities and Futures bureau:

http://mops. twse. com. tw

公司揭露年報相關資料之網址:

The website where the company discloses relevant information in the annual report:

https://www.eng.tai-nan.com/?lang=zh

# 台南企業股份有限公司 TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD.

一一二年度年報 2023 Annual Report 一、本公司發言人、代理發言人姓名、職稱、聯絡電話及電子郵件信箱

發言人姓名:吳建德 代理發言人:蔡承志 職稱:財務長 職稱:資深經理

電話:(02)2391-6421 電話:(02)2391-6421

分機:123 分機:197

電子郵件信箱:mike\_wu@tai-nan.com warren\_tsai@tai-nan.com

二、總公司、分公司、工廠之地址及電話

總公司:台南市歸仁區中山路三段 320 號

電話:(06)230-7911

台北業務處:台北市杭州南路一段 15 之 1 號 15F

電話:(02)2391-6421

台南廠:台南市歸仁區中山路三段 320 號

電話:(06)230-7911

三、股票過戶機構之名稱、地址、網址及電話

名稱:元大證券股份有限公司

地址:台北市大同區承德路三段 210 號 B1

網址: http://www.yuanta.com.tw

電話:(02)2586-5859

四、最近年度財務報告簽證會計師姓名、事務所名稱、地址、網 址及電話

簽證會計師:田中玉會計師、徐惠榆會計師

事務所名稱:資誠聯合會計師事務所

地址:台南市東區林森路一段 395 號 12 樓

電話:(06)234-3111

網址: http://www.pwc.com/tw

五、海外有價證券掛牌買賣之交易場所名稱及查詢該海外有價證

券資訊之方式

無

六、公司網址

https://www.eng.tai-nan.com/?lang=zh

The name, title, telephone number, and e-mail address of the spokesman or acting spokesman

Name: Mike Wu; Warren Tsai Title: Chief Financial Officer;

Manager of Financial Department

Tel: (02)2391-6421 EXT:123; (02)2391-6421 EXT:197

Email: mike\_wu@tai-nan.com; warren tsai@tai-nan.com

The address and telephone number of the company's headquarters, branch offices, and factories

Headquater: No.320 Sec.3, Chung-San Rd., Kuei Jen Dist Tainan City, Taiwan R.O.C.

Tel: (06)230-7911

Taipei Sales Office: 15F, No.15-1, Sec.1, Han-Chou

South Rd., Taipei Taiwan, R.O.C.

Tel: (02)2391-6421

Tainan Factory: No.320 Sec.3, Chung-San Rd., Kuei

Jen Dist Tainan City, Taiwan R.O.C.

Tel: (06)230-7911

The name, address, e-mail address, and telephone number of the agency handling shares transfer

Company: Yuanta Securities

Address: B1F., No.210, Sec. 3, Chengde Rd.,
Datong District, Taipei City 103, Taiwan (R.O.C.)
Web site: <a href="http://www.yuanta.com.tw">http://www.yuanta.com.tw</a>

Tel: (02)2586-5859

The name of the certified public accountant who duly audited the annual financial report for the most recent fiscal year, and the name, address and telephone number of said person's accounting firm

Auditors: Tien Chung-Yu /Hsu Huei-Yu Company: PricewaterhouseCoopers Taiwan

Address: 12F., No.395, Sec. 1, Linsen Rd., East Dist.,

Tainan City 701, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

Tel: (06)234-3111

Web site: <a href="http://www.pwc.com/tw">http://www.pwc.com/tw</a>

The name of any exchanges where the company's securities are traded offshore, and the method by which to access information on said offshore securities

None

The address of the company's website https://www.eng.tai-nan.com/?lang=zh

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# **One.** A Message to Shareholders

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We can say that 2023 was a turbulent year. The ongoing Russia-Ukraine War and increasingly intensified China-US Trade War, in addition to the Israel-Kazakhstan War, which was born out of nowhere, natural disasters, inflation and the black swan emerging from time to time, caused the inflation to continue globally, thereby delaying the market demand recovery. It is better to say that 2023 as a year of steady progress rather than a tough year, as it accumulated strength with the ups and downs and waited for the year 2024 which is expected to take a leap up.

#### **Operating Performance and Results 2023**

In terms of operating revenue and profitability, the Company's annual consolidated operating revenue was NT\$6.5 billion in 2023, a decrease of 13.5% from that in 2022. The consolidated earnings after tax attributed to the parent company was NT\$310 million. Despite the decrease in operating revenue, the Company has implemented the lean program to reduce the sales and management expenses of the factory and practice the lean management of the washing factory/manpower of the headquarters/Shanghai office and achieve significant reduction in air freight from the same period of last year, price negotiation for main business materials and assignment of the mass production operations to the factory premises to save on expenditure. Meanwhile, the production capacity/organization were also adjusted. The Company planned to construct a new factory in Indonesia, namely Tegal, added the new production location in Bangladesh and expanded the suit and jacket production line in Cambodia, in order to increase the income to make the profit sought in 2023 perform better than in the previous year.

#### Outlook 2024

Looking forward to 2024, the economic outlook is still full of many uncertainties. Various challenges make the corporate management like walking on eggshells. In order to cope with the current state of turbulence and pessimism in the world, the Company is ready to adjust its status, establish new courses of action and prepare for the future as early as possible.

#### 1. Maximization of operating revenue and layout of diversified production locations

In addition to retaining the existing customers, the Company also provides more diversified products to the existing customers at the same time. Additionally, the Company develops new types of customers with higher growth momentum and higher unit price to help maximization of the operating revenue. The additional new production location set up in Bangladesh helps make the price more competitive, improve the cooperative scale of the regional supply chain, vertical integration and efficiency, and accelerate the flexibility and response speed to meet customer needs, expand production capacity and increase operating revenue.

#### 2. Streamline costs

In response to the era of low profits, in addition to maximizing operating revenue, the headquarters/factory premises implement various cost control measures to improve the profitability.

#### 3. Digitalization and Talent Training

Improving the level of digitization of the value chain and introducing innovative applications proactively, such as the R&D and implementation of various automated equipment and application of AI algorithms, in order to establish a high-performance and digitized operating mechanism and system, improve the management performance and attract fine-quality employees.

#### 4. ESG

In accordance with international standards, the Company focuses on promotion of the environmental sustainability projects, including installation of additional solar panels, completion of carbon inventory, establishment of the energy management mechanism and implementation of energy conservation measures and sets the goals to promote progress to achieve carbon reduction and keep improving its competitiveness in ESG.

The Company upholds the core values of passion, customer relationship and collaboration to call on all to grow together as one!

Chairman Yang Ching-Hon



General Manager Hsieh Yiu-Chin



Accounting Officer Tsai Chen-Chih



# **Two. (Company Profile)**

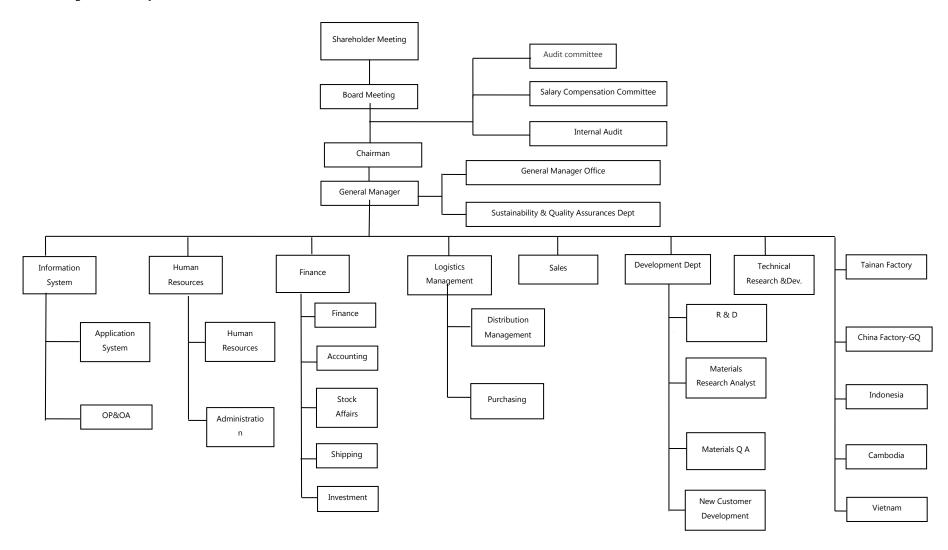
1.Foun	ded Date :	Aug. 26 1961
	pany's Chr	
	1001	Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd. was founded by Mr. Kun-Mao Yang with initial investment capital
Aug.	1961	of three million TWD
	1962	Established Taipei Office
Mar.	1984	Increased the capital to fifty million TWD
Jul.	1988	Increased the capital to sixty-one million three hundred and fifty thousand TWD
Jul.	1988	Mr. Ching-Hon Yang (Tony Yang) was elected to be the chairman of Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.
Sep.	1988	Pingtung plant and Neypu plant were combined to form Pingtung Plant
Sep.	1989	Increased the capital to one hundred and twenty million TWD
Mar.	1991	China-Yixing Yifeng Garments Co., Ltd. started production
Oct.	1992	Increased the capital to one hundred and ninety-five million TWD
Aug.	1993	Amount of investment capital increased in PT Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd. (Indonesia)
Nov.	1993	Established "Tony Wear" and started to sell in China
Jul.	1994	China-Yixing Gaoqing Garments Co., Ltd. was inaugurated
May.	1996	PT Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd. (factory 2) started production
Jul.	1996	Be Publicly Issued Company
Jul.	1996	Increased the investment capital in B.V.I. Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.
Aug.	1996	Increased the capital to two hundred forty-five million nine hundred thousand TWD
Jul.	1997	Increased the capital to two hundred ninety five million seventy thousand TWD
Мау.	1998	Increased the capital to three hundred eighty-three million six hundred thousand TWD
Aug.	1998	Tai Yang Enterprises Co., Ltd. (Cambodia) started production
Feb.	1999	Indirectly Invested in "Tainan Enterprise(Cayman) Co.,Ltd"
Apr.	1999	Started listed on "Over the counter" (O.T.C.)
Aug.	1999	Increased the capital to six hundred seventy-five million four hundred thousand TWD
Oct.	1999	Tai Yang Enterprises Co., Ltd. (Factory 2) started production
Mar.	2000	Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd. (El Salvador) started production
Mar.	2000	Tainan Enterprises (USA) Co., was established
Aug.	2000	Increased the capital to nine hundred forty-eight million three hundred sixty thousand TWD
Sep.	2000	Officially listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange
Jul.	2001	Increased the capital to one billion one hundred sixty million nine hundred thousand TWD
I. d	2002	Increased the capital to one billion two hundred twenty-three million nine hundred fifty thousand
Jul.	2002	TWD
Mar.	2003	Acquired a local brand-Jiarjia
Apr.	2003	Combined kao Ching Factory with Ping Tung Factory
1)	2002	Increased the Capital to one billion two hundred twenty-eight million nine hundred fifty thousand
Jul.	2003	TWD
Jan.	2004	Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd. (El Salvador) finished dissolution
Mar.	2004	Issued European Convertible Bonds Twenty Millions USD
Apr.	2004	Guanjia (Shanghai) Fashion Co.,Ltd Brand 「Emely」 to sell in china

Aug. 2004 Camwell Mfg Co., Ltd. (Cambodia) started production	
INDIA AURIA I AMMORINITA (O LEGA (CAMPOGIA) STARTOG PROGRETION	
Aug. 2004 Camwell Mfg Co., Ltd. (Cambodia) started production  Oct. 2004 Indirectly Invested in "Jordan Dragon Garment Industry Co.,Ltd"	
Increased the Capital to one billion two hundred thirty-five million	n four hundred eighty thousand
Mar. 2005 TWD	Frour Hariarea eighty thousand
Jul. 2005 Increased the Capital to one billion two hundred fifty-two million (	eight hundred forty thousand TWD
Aug. 2005 Invested in "Tai Mao Fong Co.,Ltd"	
Sep. 2005 Combined Ping Tung Factory with Tainan Factory	
Dec. 2005 Invested in "Global Link Co.,Ltd"	
Aug. 2006  Increased the Capital to one billion two hundred seventy million the TWD	hree hundred seventy thousand
Dec. 2006  Increased the Capital to one billion two hundred eighty-seven mill thousand TWD	llion seven hundred seventy
Dec. 2006 Indirectly Invested in "Gingdao Tide" Garment Co.,Ltd"	
Apr. 2007  Increased the Capital to one billion three hundred thirty-seven mil	llion four hundred thirty thousand
Jul. 2007 Increased the Capital to one billion three hundred sixty-four millio	on six hundred thousand TWD
Aug. 2007 Increased the Capital to one billion three hundred eighty-three mi	illion two hundred fifty thousand
Oct. 2007 Increased the Capital to one billion three hundred eighty-nine mill	llion one hundred ninety thousand
Dec. 2007 Indirectly Invested in "Mao feng (Shanghai) Fashion Co.,Ltd "	
Apr. 2008 Increased the Capital to one billion three hundred ninty-eight mill	lion three hundred thousand TWD
Nov. 2008 Global Link Co.,Ltd finished dissolution	
Jan. 2009 Tai Mao Fong Co.,Ltd discontinued	
Jun. 2009 Increased the Capital to one billion four hundred sixty-eight millio	on two hundred twenty thousand
Tainan Enterprises (USA) Co.,	
Dec. 2009 finished dissolution	
Dec. 2009 Jordan Dragon Garment Industry Co., Ltd. has sold	
Jan. 2010 Gingdao Tide Garment Co.,Ltd finished dissolution	
Dec. 2010 Indirectly Invested in "Zhoukou Tainan Garment Co.,Ltd"	
Mar. 2011 Increased the investment capital in "Tainan Enterprises (Cambodia	a) Co., Ltd."
Oct. 2011 "Tainan Enterprise(Cayman) Co.,Ltd" Officially listed on the Taiwan	Stock Exchange
Dec. 2011 "Tai Mao Fong Co.,Ltd "Applied for re-open a business	
Sep. 2012 "Tai Mao Fong Co.,Ltd "finished dissolution	
Nov. 2013 Invested in "ANDALAN MANDIRI BUSANA, PT."	
Apr. 2014 Invested in "New Premium Enterprise Co., Ltd.	
Jun. 2014 Indirectly Invested in "JEI JOM Enterprise	
Jul. 2014 Indirectly Invested in "Tony Wear Fashion Co.,Ltd."(Taiwan)	
Dec. 2014 "Mao feng (Shanghai) Fashion Co.,Ltd."finished dissolution	

)15	Invested in "Beyoung Fashion Co.,Ltd."
)15	Invested in "G-Spec International Co.,Ltd."
)15	Indirectly Invested in "T&G Fashion Co.,Ltd."
)15	Invested in "T & D Apparel Industrial Co., Ltd."
016	Invested in "Tainan Enterprises (Vietnam) Co., Ltd."
016	"Tony Wear Fashion Co.,Ltd." (Taiwan)finished dissolution
016	"Camwell Mfg Co., Ltd. (Cambodia) "finished dissolution
)17	Invested in "Fortune International Co.,Ltd."
)17	"G-Spec International Co.,Ltd." was merged in "Beyoung Fashion Co.,Ltd."
)18	Tai Yang Enterprises Co., Ltd. (Cambodia) finished dissolution
)18	T & D Apparel Industrial Co., Ltd. (VIET NAM)finished dissolution
)20	TOP-ONE GARMENTS MFG. CO., LTD. finished dissolution
)21	Fortune International Co.,Ltd. finished dissolution
)22	JEI JOM Enterprise Co., Ltd. finished dissolution
)22	New Premium Enterprise Co., Ltd. finished dissolution
)23	Invested in" PT.Cahaya Indah Global."
	15 15 15 16 16 16 17 17 18 18 20 21 22

# **Three.Corporate Governance**

- I. Company's Organization Chart
  - (I) Organizational System



# (II) Operations by principal departments/divisions

1. Internal Audit Office  Establishment of, and follow-up and check on, the internal audit system Establishment and implementation of the internal audit system Collection, analysis and integration of internal audit system Collection, analysis and integration of internal and external information, and communication, coordination and integration of the implementation of organizational business projects Establishment of the annual development target, and review, evaluation and suggestion on the organizational development Assurance Dept  2. Sustainability & Quality Assurance Dept Assurance Dept Assurance Dept Assurance Dept All Information System Division All Application System Division All Application System Dept All Application	By departments/divisions	Functions and operations
Establishment and implementation of the internal audit system Collection, analysis and integration of internal and external information, and communication, coordination and integration of the implementation of organizational business projects Establishment of the annual development target, and review, evaluation and suggestion on the organizational development  3. Sustainability & Quality Assurance Dept Promote and perform the corporate sustainability & social responsibility, and confirm that various departments execute work in accordance with the Company's internal standard operating procedure for production to stabilize the quality control and satisfy customers' needs.  4. Information System Division 4.1 Application System Dept. Corporate information security, anti-virus system and network construction, and maintenance of computer hardware equipment  5. Human Resources Division 5.1 Human Resources Dept. HR planning, education & training, appointment/dismissal, promotion, attendance, performance valuation and retirement Employee benefits Safety, repairing, vehicle management regulations, and routine business 6. Finance Dept. Responsible for fund allocation and utilization, and credit management Free Properties of Preparation of financial statements and budget Responsible for processing stocks and shareholder services 6.4 Shipping Dept Shipping and customs affairs for import/export 7. Logistics Management Division 7. Distribution Management Division 7. Distribution Management Division 9. Development Dept. 9. Responsible for the long-term and short-term capital investment Follow-up or raw materials & supplies, export arrangement, and coordination of production and marketing 7. Purchasing Dept. Procurement and shipping of raw materials and supplies Sales Division Services for customer, and processing and follow-up of POs by departments Dept. 9. Responsible for analysis and creation of Eu. working hours, work improvement and counseling service to vendors Development of suspension systems and molds Responsible for	1 Internal Audit Office	Establishment of, and follow-up and check on, the internal audit system
Collection, analysis and integration of internal and external information, and communication, coordination and integration of the implementation of organizational business projects Establishment of the annual development target, and review, evaluation and suggestion on the organizational development  Assurance Dept Promote and perform the corporate sustainability & social responsibility, and confirm that various departments execute work in accordance with the Company's internal standard operating procedure for production to stabilize the quality control and satisfy customers' needs.  Information System Division A.1 Application System Dept. Development and maintenance of the information software system Corporate information security, anti-virus system and network construction, and maintenance of computer hardware equipment  HR planning, education & training, appointment/dismissal, promotion, attendance, performance valuation and retirement Employee benefits Safety, repairing, vehicle management regulations, and routine business Safety, repairing, vehicle management regulation, and credit management A.2 Shock Affairs Dept. Responsible for fund allocation and utilization, and credit management A.3 Stock Affairs Dept. Responsible for processing stocks and shareholder services Shipping Dept Shipping and customs affairs for import/export A.5 Instribution Management Dept. Follow-up on raw materials & supplies, export arrangement, and coordination of production and marketing T.2 Purchasing Dept. Sales Division Development Dept. Services for customer, and processing and follow-up of POs by departments Dept. Services for customer, and processing and follow-up of POs by departments Development Dept. Stabilize the quality and control over materials Development of markets and expansion of customer base Dept. Development of markets and expansion of customer base Development of suspension systems and molds Responsible for analysis and creation of I.E. working hours, work improvement and counseling service to vendors Developme	1. Internal Addit Office	Establishment and implementation of the internal audit system
2. General Manager Office Establishment of the annual development target, and review, evaluation and suggestion on the organizational development 3. Sustainability & Quality Assurance Dept Promote and perform the corporate sustainability & social responsibility, and confirm that various departments execute work in accordance with the Company's internal standard operating procedure for production to stabilize the quality control and satisfy customers' needs. 4. Information System Division 4.1 Application System Dept. 4.2 OP&OA Dept. 5. Human Resources Division 5.1 Human Resources Division 5.1 Human Resources Dept. HR planning, education & training, appointment/dismissal, promotion, attendance, performance valuation and retirement Employee benefits Safety, repairing, vehicle management regulations, and routine business 6. Finance Division 6. Finance Dept. Responsible for fund allocation and utilization, and credit management 6. Shipping Dept 6. Shipping Dept 7. Logistics Management Division 7.1 Distribution Management Dept. Responsible for the long-term and short-term capital investment Coordination of production and marketing 7.2 Purchasing Dept. Procurement and shipping of raw materials and supplies 8. Sales Division Services for customer, and processing and follow-up of POs by departments Dept. 9.1 R & D 9.2 Materials Research Analyst Dept. 9.3 Materials QA Dept. 9.4 New Customer Development Dept. 10. Technical Research & Dev. Division Responsible for mock-up sample, mark marking, and platemaking Procurement and supplies and creation of LE. working hours, work improvement and counseling service to vendors Development of suspension systems and molds 11. Tainan Factory & foreign factories Development of suspension systems and molds		·
Establishment of the annual development target, and review, evaluation and suggestion on the organizational development  Promote and perform the corporate sustainability & social responsibility, and confirm that various departments execute work in accordance with the Company's internal standard operating procedure for production to stabilize the quality control and satisfy customers' needs.  4. Information System Division  4.1 Application System Dept.  4.2 OP&OA Dept.  5. Human Resources Division  5.1 Human Resources Dept.  4.8 Palaninistration Dept.  6. Finance Dept.  6. Finance Dept.  6. Finance Dept.  6.2 Accounting Dept.  6.3 Stock Affairs Dept.  6.4 Shipping Dept  6.5 Investment Dept.  7. Logistics Management Division  7.1 Distribution Management Dept.  7. Logistics Management Division  7. 1 Distribution Management Dept.  8. Sales Division  9. Development and maintenance of the information software system  Coordination of production and utilization, and credit management and short-term capital investment  Procurement and shipping of raw materials and supplies  Sales Division  9. Development Dept.  9. 1 R & D  9. 2 Materials Research Analyst Dept.  9. 1 Responsible for funder and performance valuation and retirement and short-term capital investment  Dept.  9. 3 Materials QA Dept.  9. A New Customer Development Dept.  9. 1 Responsible for the long-term and short-term capital investment  Dept.  9. A New Customer Development Dept.  9. Seponsible for mock-up sample, mark marking, and platemaking Responsible for analysis and creation of LE. working hours, work improvement and counseling service to vendors  Development of suspension systems and molds  11. Tainan Factory & foreign factories  Development of suspension systems and molds  Development of suspension systems and molds		communication, coordination and integration of the implementation of
3. Sustainability & Quality Assurance Dept Promote and perform the corporate sustainability & social responsibility, and confirm that various departments execute work in accordance with the Company's internal standard operating procedure for production to stabilize the quality control and satisfy customers' needs.  4. Information System Division 4.1 Application System Dept. Development and maintenance of the information software system Corporate information security, anti-virus system and network construction, and maintenance of computer hardware equipment  5. Human Resources Dept. HR planning, education & training, appointment/dismissal, promotion, attendance, performance valuation and retirement Employee benefits Safety, repairing, vehicle management regulations, and routine business 6. Finance Division 6. Finance Dept. Responsible for fund allocation and utilization, and credit management 6. Satok Affairs Dept. Responsible for fund allocation and utilization, and credit management 6. Shipping Dept Shipping and customs affairs for import/export 6. Sinestment Dept. Responsible for the long-term and short-term capital investment 7. Logistics Management Division 7. Distribution Management Dept. Sales Division Services for customer, and processing and follow-up of POs by departments 9. Revolution and marketing 7. Purchasing Dept. Procurement and shipping of raw materials and supplies 8. Sales Division Services for customer, and processing and follow-up of POs by departments 9. Revolution and marketing 7. Purchasing Capital Procurement and shipping of marketing 7. Purchasing Dept. Responsible for mock-up sample, mark marking, and platemaking 8. Sales Division Responsible for analysis and creation of LE. working hours, work improvement and counseling service to vendors Development of suspension systems and molds Responsible for analysis and creation of LE. working hours, work improvement and counseling service to vendors Development of suspension systems and molds	2. General Manager Office	organizational business projects
3. Sustainability & Quality Assurance Dept  Promote and perform the corporate sustainability & social responsibility, and confirm that various departments execute work in accordance with the Company's internal standard operating procedure for production to stabilize the quality control and satisfy customers' needs.  4. Information System Division  4. 2 OP&OA Dept.  5. Human Resources Division  5. Human Resources Division  5. Human Resources Dept.  HR planning, education & training, appointment/dismissal, promotion, attendance, performance valuation and retirement  Employee benefits  5.2 Administration Dept.  6. Finance Division  6.1 Finance Dept.  6.2 Accounting Dept.  6.3 Stock Affairs Dept.  6.4 Shipping Dept  6.5 Investment Dept.  7. Logistics Management Division  7. Logistics Management Division  7. Distribution Management Dept.  8. Sales Division  9. Pevelopment and maintenance of the information software system  Preparation of financial statements and budget  Responsible for fund allocation and utilization, and credit management Preparation of financial statements and budget  Responsible for processing stocks and shareholder services  6. Finance Division  6. Finance Division  6. Finance Dept.  7. Logistics Management Dept.  8. Sales Division  9. Preparation of financial statements and supplies  8. Sales Division  9. Povelopment Dept.  9. Responsible for number and processing and follow-up of POs by departments  Development of materials  Development of markets and expansion of customer base  Povelopment of markets and expansion of customer base  Povelopment of markets and expansion of Lex working hours, work improvement and counseling service to vendors  Development of suspension systems and molds  11. Tainan Factory & foreign factories  Developme	_	Establishment of the annual development target, and review, evaluation and
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Division  Responsible for analysis and creation of I.E. working hours, work improvement and counseling service to vendors  Development of suspension systems and molds  11. Tainan Factory & foreign factories  Responsible for analysis and creation of I.E. working hours, work improvement and counseling service to vendors  Development of suspension systems and molds	Dept.	
improvement and counseling service to vendors  Development of suspension systems and molds  11. Tainan Factory & foreign factories  Responsible for analysis and creation of I.E. working hours, work improvement and counseling service to vendors Development of suspension systems and molds	10. Technical Research & Dev.	Responsible for mock-up sample, mark marking, and platemaking
Development of suspension systems and molds  11. Tainan Factory & foreign factories  Responsible for analysis and creation of I.E. working hours, work improvement and counseling service to vendors Development of suspension systems and molds	Division	Responsible for analysis and creation of I.E. working hours, work
11. Tainan Factory & foreign factories  Responsible for analysis and creation of I.E. working hours, work improvement and counseling service to vendors Development of suspension systems and molds		improvement and counseling service to vendors
factories improvement and counseling service to vendors  Development of suspension systems and molds		Development of suspension systems and molds
Development of suspension systems and molds	11. Tainan Factory & foreign	Responsible for analysis and creation of I.E. working hours, work
	factories	improvement and counseling service to vendors
Ready-made clothes production matters		Development of suspension systems and molds
		Ready-made clothes production matters

- II. Information on the Company's directors, supervisors, general manager, vice general manager, executive vice president, and the supervisors of all the Company's divisions and branch units
  - (1) Directors & supervisors

December 31, 2023

Job Title	Nationality or place of registration	Name	Gender Age	Date of (elected to) office	Term	Date first elected	them at t	hares held by he time of ntment Shareholdings	Ouantity of	t shares Shareholdings Ratio	Current share spouse or ur children  Quantity of shares	•	person's i	ld in another name Shareholdings Ratio	Major work experience (educational background)	Concurrent positions in the Company and other companies	degree of kir director, sup managerial c	nship, ac ervisor c	or other	Remarks
Chairman of the Board	the R.O.C.	Yang Ching-Hon	Male 72	June 21, 2023		May 20, 2005								None	Department of Applied Economics, National Chung Hsing University General manager of Tainan Enterprises Co.,	Note 1	Director Director Director	YANG Yin-Ying Yang Fu-Ching Wu Tao-Char Wang Po-Ya	Brother and sister Relative by marriage	
Director	the R.O.C.	Jing Da Development Co., Ltd.		June 21, 2023	3	May 20, 2005	217,263	0.15	217,263	0.15			1	None	Ltd.					
Juristic- person representative		Yang Shun-Hui	Male 66		years	June 21, 2023								None	Department of Economics, Tunghai University General manager of Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.					
Director		Tianmei Investment Co., Ltd.		June 21, 2023		May 28, 1999	3,805,200	2.60	3,805,200	2.60				None						

Job Title	Nationality or place of registration	Name	Gender Age	Date of (elected to)	Term	Date first	Number of sl them at th appoir	ne time of	Curren	t shares	Current share spouse or un children	es held by	Shares he person's i	eld in another	Major work experience (educational	Concurrent	Spouse, or an degree of kir director, sup- managerial c	nship, ac ervisor o	ting as a r other	Remarks
	registration			office	onice		Quantity of shares	Shareholdings	Quantity of shares	Shareholdings Ratio	Quantity of shares	Shareholdings Ratio	of shares	Shareholdings Ratio	background)	and other companies	Job Title		Relationship	
Juristic- person representative	the R.O.C.	Yang Yin-Ying	Female 67	June 21, 2023		May 28, 1999	1	4	168,000	0.11	4			None	Department of Journalism, NCCU General manager of Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Note 2	Chairman of the Board Director Director	Ching-Ho Yang Fu-Ching	Brother and sister Sisters Relative by marriage	_
Director	the R.O.C.	Rifu Investment Co., Ltd.		June 21, 2023		June 10, 2011	3,943,401	2.70	3,943,401	2.70				None	_	_	_	-	_	_
Juristic- person representative		Yang Fu-Ching	Female 65	June 21, 2023	years		-	1	642,982	0.44	1				Department of Journalism, NCCU CFO of Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd. General manager of Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.		Chairman of the Board Director Director	Ching-Ho Yang Fu-Ching	Brother and sister Sisters Relative by marriage	_
Director	the R.O.C.	Liangdao Investment Co., Ltd.		June 21, 2023		March 27, 2018	6,159,821	4.21	6,159,821	4.21				None	-	-	_ _ _	-	_ _ _	- -

Job Title	Nationality or place of	of Name Gender (elected			Term of	Date first	them at t	hares held by he time of ntment	Curren	t shares	Current share spouse or un children	•	Shares h	eld in another name	Major work experience (educational	Concurrent positions in the	Spouse, or an degree of kin director, supe managerial o	ship, ac ervisor o	ting as a r other	Remarks
	registration		95	office	office		Quantity of shares	Shareholdings	Quantity of shares	Shareholdings Ratio	Quantity of shares	Shareholdings Ratio	Quantity of shares	Shareholdings Ratio	T .	and other companies	Job Title	Name	Relationship	
Juristic- person representative	the R.O.C.	Wu Tao-Chang	Male 70	June 21, 2023		February 28, 1997			75,470	0.05	376,244	0.26		None	Department of Civil Engineering, Chung Yuan Christian University General manager of Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Note 4	Chairman of the Board  Director  Director	China-Ho	Relative by marriage	
Director		Xin Wang Ai Investment Co., Ltd.		June 21, 2023		June 13, 2008	6,501,331	4.45	6,501,331	4.45				None	_	-	_	-	-	_
Juristic- person representative	the R.O.C.	Wang Po-Ya	Male 79	June 21, 2023		June 21, 2023								None	National Chung Hsing University Chairman of CHING HOUNG ENTERPRISES CO., LTD.	Note 5	Chairman of the Board Director	Ching-Ho	Relative by marriage —	_
Director		Taiyang Investment Co., Ltd.		June 21, 2023		June 15, 2020	1,188,000	0.81	1,188,000	0.81				None	-	_	_	_	-	_

Job Title	Nationality or place of	Name		Date of (elected to)	Term of	Date first	Number of sl them at tl appoir	ne time of	Curren	t shares	Current share spouse or un children	,			Major work experience (educational	positions in the	Spouse, or a degree of kir director, sup managerial o	nship, ac ervisor c	•	Remarks
	registration		3	office	office		Quantity of shares	Shareholdings	Quantity of shares	Shareholdings Ratio	Quantity of shares	Shareholdings Ratio	Quantity of shares	Shareholdings Ratio	·	and other companies	Job Title	Name	Relationship	
Juristic- person	the R.O.C.	Weng Hsiao- Wei	Female 42	June 21, 2023		June 21, 2023		1	130,500	0.09					IE Business ,MBA Manager of Finance	Note 6	_	_	_	_
representative															Division, Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.					
Director		CHC INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT CORPORATION		June 21, 2023		June 15, 2020	9,522,000	6.52	9,522,000	6.52				None	-	_	_	_	_	-
Juristic- person representative	the R.O.C.	Hsieh Yiu-Chin	Female 58	June 21, 2023		January 26, 2022		1							Department of Accounting, Shin Chien University General Manager of MGF Sourcing Taiwan Branch			-	-	_
Independent Director himself	the R.O.C.	Li Li-Ying	Female 70	June 21, 2023		June 21, 2023								None	National Taiwan University	Note 8	_	-	-	_

Job Title	Nationality or place of	Name	Gender Age	Date of (elected to)	Term	Date first	them at t	hares held by he time of ntment	Current	t shares	Current share spouse or un children	,	Shares he person's	eld in another name	Major work experience (educational	Concurrent positions in the Company	Spouse, or an degree of kin director, supe managerial o	ship, ac ervisor o	ting as a or other	Remarks
	registration		Y Y	office	office	elected	Quantity of shares	Shareholdings	Quantity of shares	Shareholdings Ratio	Quantity of shares	Shareholdings Ratio	Quantity of shares	Shareholdings Ratio		and other companies	Job Title	Name	Relationship	
Independent	the R.O.C.	She Jih-Hsin	Male	June		June 21,								None	PhD in Marketing	Note 9	_	_	_	_
Director			61	21,		2023									and Strategic Management,					
himself				2023											College of Business,					
															University of					
					3										Warwick Chair Professor,					
					years										Department of					
					years										Business					
															Administration,					
															Feng Chia					
To do a salara	th - D O C	Torra NA co Character	NA-L-	In comme		l 21								NI	University  National Taiwan	N-4- 10	_	_	_	_
Independent	the R.O.C.	TuanMu-Cheng	Male	June		June 21,								None	University	Note 10	_	_	_	
Director			53	21,		2023									EMBA, National					
himself				2023											Chengchi University					
															CPA, Jinghua CPA					
															Firm					

Note 1: Yang Ching-Hon is the Chairman of Board of Ching Hon Investment, Ting Song Investment, TONYWEAR, KOCHE (Samoa) DEVELOPMENT CO., LTD., Tainan Enterprise (BVI) Co., Limited, PT Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd. (Indonesia), Tainan Enterprises (Vietnam) Co., Ltd., Yixing Gaoqing, Tainan Enterprise (Cayman) Co., Limited, Zhoukou Tainan, PT. ANDALAN MANDIRI BUSANA, NELSON SPORT CO., LTD., and TAINAN DEVELOPMENT CO., LTD., a director of KOCHE Fashion, Changzhou KOCHE Shopping Mall Co., Ltd. and KOCHE (Nanjing) Shopping Mall Co., Ltd., and a supervisor of Jing Da Development Co., Ltd., Jing Zong Investment Co., Ltd. and Da YI Investment Co., Ltd.

- Note 2: Yang Yin-Ying is the Chairman of Tianmei Investment, and a director of Tai Yang Investment Co., Ltd. and Ai Mei Investment Co., Ltd.
- Note 3: Yang Fu-Ching is the Chairman of Rifu Investment Co., Ltd. and Tai Yang Investment Co., Ltd.
- Note 4: Wu Tao-Chang is Chairman of Liang Dao Investment Co., Ltd., a director of CHING HOUNG ENTERPRISES CO., LTD., Changzhou KOCHE Shopping Mall Co., Ltd., KOCHE (Nanjing) Shopping Mall Co., Ltd., and Tainan Life (Cayman), a juristic person representative of T&G Fashion Co., Ltd. designated by T&G Fashion Co., Ltd., and a supervisor of KOCHE Fashion, TAINAN DEVELOPMENT CO., LTD., NELSON SPORT CO., LtD. and RBK SPORT TAIWAN CO., LTD.
- Note 5: Wang Po-Ya is the Chairman of CHING HOUNG ENTERPRISES CO., LTD., and a juristic person representative of Golden Harbor Garment (Cambodia) Limited. designated by T&G Fashion Co., Ltd.
- Note 6: Weng Hsiao-Wei is the supervisor of Tai Yang Investment Co., Ltd.
- Note 7: Hsieh Yiu-Chin is the General Manager of Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd., and the Chairman of Beyoung Fashion Co., Ltd. and T&G Fashion Co., Ltd.
- Note 8: Li Li-Ying is the responsible person of Vtec Innovation Corp.
- Note 9: She Jih-Hsin is an independent director of MOBILETRON ELECTRONICS CO., LTD., Merry Electronics Co., Ltd. and CLOUDMILE INC.
- Note 10:TuanMu-Cheng is an independent director of ORIENTAL SYSTEM TECHNOLOGY INC. and GIA TZOONG ENTERPRISE CO., LTD., a director of CHUNG SHING TEXTILE CO., LTD., RICOTTA Corp., E&T Venture Co., Ltd., SyneuRx International (Taiwan) Corp. and Wits Academy Co., Ltd., and a supervisor of Taiwan Fubida International Co., Ltd., REAL GOOD INFORMATION, INC., Golden Circles Design Company and Aquarium Division Ministry Co., LTD
- Note 11: Jing Da Development Co., Ltd. re-appointed juristic-person representative- Hsieh Yiu-Chin on 2024/4/24
- Note 12: CHC INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT CORPORATION re-appointed juristic-person representative-HUANG,MING-YU on 2024/4/24

# 1. Major shareholders of the juristic person shareholders

December 31, 2023

Name of juristic person shareholder	Major shareholders of juristic person shareholders
Jing Da Development Co., Ltd.	Da YI Investment Co., Ltd. (99.99%) and other shareholders with shareholding less than 10% (0.01%)
Tianmei Investment Co., Ltd.	YANG Yin-Ying (95.69%) and other shareholders with shareholding less than 10%(4.31%)
Rifu Investment Co., Ltd.	Yang Fu-Ching (45.017%), Huang Yu-Sung Trusted Property Account (54.576%) and other shareholders with shareholding less than 10% (0.407%)
Liangdao Investment Co., Ltd.	Wu Tao-Chang (66.25%), Yang Huei-Hsin (31.28%) and other shareholders with shareholding less than 10% (2.47%)
Xin Wang Ai Investment Co., Ltd.	Paul Investment Co., Ltd. (52.20%), Yang Nai-Hui (18.98%), Wang I-Ching (10.53%), Wang I-Ting (10.53%) and other shareholders with shareholding less than 10% (7.76%)
Taiyang Investment Co., Ltd.	Rifu Investment Co., Ltd. (14.61%), Zhong Yang Investment Co., Ltd. (10.70%), Paul Investment Co., Ltd. (10.14%), Xin Wang AiInvestment Co., Ltd. (10.14%), Tianmei Investment Co., Ltd. (8.96%), Jun Dao Investment Co., Ltd. (8.95%), Liangdao Investment Co., Ltd. (8.95%), Ai Mei Investment Co., Ltd. (8.95%) and other shareholders with shareholding less than 5% (18.60%)
CHC International investment Co.,Ltd	CMC Magnetics Corp. (100%)

# 2. Major shareholders of the major shareholders in said table who are juristic persons

December 31, 2023

Name of Juristic Person	Major shareholders of the juristic person
Da YI Investment Co., Ltd.	Wang Fang-Chung (97.09%) and other shareholders with shareholding less than 10% (2.91%)
Paul Investment Co., Ltd.	Wang Po-Ya (16.8%), Yang Nai-Hui (16.62%), Wang Yi-Ching (20.64%), Wang Yi-Ting (20.64%), Su Chiung-Chung
	(11.76%) and other shareholders with shareholding less than 10% (13.54%)
CMC Magnetics Corp.	Weng Ming-Hsien (7.94%) and other shareholders with shareholding less than 3% (92.06%)

## 3. Disclosure of professional qualifications of directors and supervisors and independence of independent directors.

December 31, 2023

Criteria Name	Professional qualifications <u>and experience (Note 1)</u>	Status of independence (Note 2)	Number of other public companies in which the individual is concurrently serving as an independent director
Chairman Ching-	1. With working experience in business administration,		None
Hon Yang	international business and risk management.		
	2. Not a person meeting any of the circumstances under		
	Article 30 of the Company Act.		

	,		
			Number of
			other public
			companies in which the
S :			individual
Criteria \	Professional qualifications <u>and experience (Note 1)</u>	Status of independence (Note 2)	is
			concurrently
Name			serving as
Name			an
			independent director
Jing Da	With working experience in business administration,		None
Development Co.,	international business and risk management.		
Ltd.	Not a person meeting any of the circumstances under		
Representative:	Article 30 of the Company Act.		
Yang Shun-Hui			
Tianmei	With working experience in business administration,		None
Investment Co.,	international business and risk management.		
Ltd.	Not a person meeting any of the circumstances under		
Representative:	Article 30 of the Company Act.		
Yang Yin-Ying			
Rifu Investment	With working experience in business administration,		None
Co., Ltd.	financial management, international business and risk		None
Representative:	management.		
Yang Fu-Ching	Not a person meeting any of the circumstances under		
rang ru-ciing	Article 30 of the Company Act.		
Liangdao	With working experience in business administration,		None
Investment Co.,	facility, international business and risk management.		
Ltd.	Not a person meeting any of the circumstances under		
Representative:	Article 30 of the Company Act.		
Wu Tao-Chang			
Xin Wang Ai	With working experience in business administration,		None
Investment Co.,	facility, international business and risk management.		Tione
Ltd.	Not a person meeting any of the circumstances under		
Representative:	Article 30 of the Company Act.		
Wang Po-Ya	radice so or the company real		
Tai Yang	With working experience in business administration,		None
Investment Co.,	facility, international business and risk management.		INOTIE
Ltd.	Not a person meeting any of the circumstances under		
Representative:	Article 30 of the Company Act.		
Weng Hsiao-We	, trace 50 of the company Act.		
CHC	With working experience in business administration,		None
INTERNATIONAL	financial accounting, international business and risk		INOTIE
INVESTMENT	management.		
CORPORATION	Not a person meeting any of the circumstances under		
Representative:	Article 30 of the Company Act.		
Hsieh Yiu-Chin			

Criteria Name	Professional qualifications <u>and experience (Note 1)</u>	Status of independence (Note 2)	Number of other public companies in which the individual is concurrently serving as an independent director
Independent	With working experience in business administration,	Compliance of independence, in the case of	None
Director:	facility, international business and risk management.	independent directors, including but not limited to,	
Lee Li-Ying	2. Not a person meeting any of the circumstances under		
	Article 30 of the Company Act.	relative within 2nd degree of kinship not serving as	
		a director, supervisor or employee in the Company	
		or any other company has specific relationship with	
		the Company; not hold any shares of the Company;	
		not a person who had provided commercial, legal,	
		financial or accounting services to the Company or its affiliates in the last two years.	
Independent	With working experience in business administration,	Compliance of independence, in the case of	2
Director:	international business and risk management.	independent directors, including but not limited to,	2
Sher Jih-Hsin		the independent director himself or his spouse or	
5.16.7.1.7.13.1.1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	relative within 2nd degree of kinship not serving as	
	Article 30 of the Company Act.	a director, supervisor or employee in the Company	
		or any other company has specific relationship with	
		the Company; not hold any shares of the Company;	
		not a person who had provided commercial, legal,	
		financial or accounting services to the Company or	
		its affiliates in the last two years.	
Independent	1. A practicing CPA with working experience in business	Compliance of independence, in the case of	2
Director:	administration, financial accounting, and risk	independent directors, including but not limited to,	
Tuanmu Cheng	management.	the independent director himself or his spouse or	
	2. Not a person meeting any of the circumstances under	relative within 2nd degree of kinship not serving as	
	Article 30 of the Company Act.	a director, supervisor or employee in the Company	
	1	or any other company has specific relationship with	
		the Company; not hold any shares of the Company;	
		not a person who had provided commercial, legal,	
		financial or accounting services to the Company or	
		its affiliates in the last two years.	

- 4. Diversity and Independence of the Board Meeting:
  - (1) Diversity of Board of Directors:
    - A. The composition of the Board of Directors shall be determined by taking diversity into consideration. An appropriate policy on diversity based on the Company's business operations, operating dynamics, and development needs be formulated and include, without being limited to, the following two general standards:
      - a. Basic qualifications and value: including gender and age
      - b. Professional knowledge and skills: including professional background ( such as management, business, facility, finance accounting) professional skills and industrial experience.
    - B. The Board members shall have the necessary knowledge, skills, and experience for performing their duties. To achieve the ideal goal of corporate governance, the Board of Directors shall have the following abilities:
      - a. ability to make operating judgment;
      - b. ability to perform accounting and financial analysis;
      - c. ability to conduct management administration;
      - d. ability to conduct crisis management;
      - e. industrial knowledge;
      - f. perspective of international market;
      - g. leadership;
      - h. ability to make decisions;
    - C. The Board member diversity policy:

The Company's Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles have expressly defined that the election of directors should take into account the diversity and the Board of Directors' overall arrangements. The Regulations Governing Election of Directors have expressly defined that the Board members shall have the necessary knowledge, skill, and experience for performing their duties. The Board member diversity policy is stated as following:

- a. The target for Directors who concurrently serve as employees is less than one-third, Among 11 directors, 2 directors are employees of the Company, i.e. 18.2% .
- b. The Company values the gender equality in the composition of the Board members, and aims to elect the female directors accounting for more than one-third of the whole directors. For the time being, 5 out of the 11 directors are female. That is, the female directors account for 45.5%.
- c. Among 11 directors, directors attaining the age of 70 years account for 36.4%, directors attaining the age of  $60\sim69$  years old 36.4%, directors attaining the age of  $50\sim59$  years old 18.1%, and directors attaining the age of 40-49 years old 9.1%.
- d. The Board members are all senior professionals covering the areas, such as business administration, business, facility, finance and accounting, commerce, and risk management, et al..

#### (2) Independence of the Board of Directors

3 independent directors, i.e. 27.27%, all of whom are free from the circumstances referred to in Paragraph 3 and Paragraph 4, Article 26-3 of the Securities and Exchange Act, and none of them is the spouse or relative within the second degree of kinship with any of the other directors.

## Due on December 31, 2023

			Basi	ic Compo	sition						Core Competer	ncy	
Board Members	Nationality	Gender	Concurrently work as the Company's employee		Ąģ		More	Term of Office and Seniority as Independent Director Less than 9 years	Business Administration	Facility	Finance and Accounting	International Market	Risk Management
				30~39	40~49	50~59	than 60	old					
Yang Ching-Hon	the R.O.C.	Male	•				•		•			•	•
Jing Da Development Co., Ltd. Representative: Yang Shun- Hui	the R.O.C.	Male					•		•	•		•	•
Tian Mei Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Yang Yin- Ying	the R.O.C.	Female					•		•			•	•
Ri Fu Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Yang Fu- Ching	the R.O.C.	Female					•		•		•	•	•
Liang Dao Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Wu Tao- Chang	the R.O.C.	Male					•		•	•		•	•

Xin Wang Ai Investment Co., Ltd.	the R.O.C.	Male				•		•	•		•	•
Representative: Wang Po- Ya												
Tai Yang Investment Co.,												
Ltd.	the R.O.C.	Female		_				_			_	_
Representative: Weng	the R.O.C.	remale		•				•		•	•	•
Hsiao-Wei												
CHC International												
Investment Co., Ltd.	the R.O.C.	Female										
Representative: Hsieh Yiu-	the R.O.C.	remaie	•		•			•	•		•	•
Chin												
Li Li-Ying	the R.O.C.	Female				•	•	•			•	•
She Jih-Hsin	the R.O.C.	Male				•	•	•			•	•
TuanMu-Cheng	the R.O.C.	Male			•		•	•		•	•	•

(II) Background information about General Manager, vice general managers, vice assistant presidents, and the heads of various departments and branches

December 31, 2023

Unit: Share; %

														ouse	
													any	rela	tive
							by spou	ise or	in a	nother		Concur	wit	hin :	2nd
					Shares he	ld	underag	je	persor	n's		rent	de	gree	of
				Date of	Shares he	iu	children		name			positio	ki	inshi	p,
Job Title	Natio	Name	Candar	(elected to)			Shares h	neld	Shares	held	Major work experience	ns in	act	ing a	as a
Job Title	nality	ivairie	Gender								(educational background)	the	ma	nage	erial
				office								other	c	office	er
					Quantity	Share	Quantit	Shar	Quan	Share		compa	Job	Na	Rel
					of shares	holdi	y of	ehol	tity of	holdi		nies	Titl	me	ati
						ngs	shares	ding	share	ngs			е		ons
						Ratio		s	s						hip
General	the	Hsieh	Female	April 1,	_	_	_	_	_	_	Department of Accounting, Shin		_	_	<u> </u>
Manager	R.O.C.	Yiu-		2023							Chien University				
		Chin									General Manager of MGF				
											Sourcing Taiwan Branch				
Director/	the	Su	Male	June 24,	49,000	0.03	_				Azusa Pacific University MBA		_	_	<del>                                     </del>
			iviale	2002	49,000	0.03					Master of Commerce, National				
General	K.U.C.	Chung-		2002							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Manager,		Chung									Taiwan University				
Sports											General manager of Tainan				
Management											Enterprises Sales Division				
Division															
Chief Finance	the	Wu	Male	April 16,	1,500	_	_	_	_	_	University of Illinois Urbana-		_	_	_
Officer and	R.O.C.	Chien-		2018							Champaign, Graduate Institute of				
also		Der									Finance				
Chief											Vice General Manager of Lion				
Corporate											Travel				
Governance															
Officer															
General	the	Wang	Male	July 1,	26,000	0.02	_	_	-	_	EMBA, National Cheng Kung	_	_	-	_
Manager	R.O.C.	Sheng-		2016							I lais saudite :				
Office and		Ро									University				
concurrently											Manager, General Manager				
Senior											Office of Tainan Enterprises Co.,				
Assistant Vice											Ltd.				
President of															
the Logistics															
Management															
Division															
Assistant Vice	the	Liao	Female	August 9,	32,000	0.02	_	_	_	_	Department of Tourism, Ming	_	_	_	<del>                                     </del>
President,		Fang-		2022	,						Department of Tourism, willig				
Sales Dept.		Ying									Chuan University				
<del>-</del>	the	Tung	Female	August 9,	_	_	_	_	_	_	Department of Textiles and	_	_	_	<del> </del>
Assistant Vice		Yu-Ju		2022							Department of Textiles and				
President,	1			2022							Clothing, Fu Jen Catholic				
Sales Dept.											University				
											Jversity				

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														ouse.	
									[	_			-	rela	
							by spou			nother		Concur		hin 2	
					Shares he	ld	underag	je	persor	n's		rent		gree	
				Date of			children		name			positio		inshi	
Job Title	Natio	Name	Gender	(elected to)			Shares h	ield	Shares	held	Major work experience	ns in		ing a	
	nality			office							(educational background)	the		nage	
						1				1		other		office	
					Quantity		Quantit					compa	Job	Na	Rel
					of shares	holdi	y of	ehol	tity of	holdi		nies	Titl	me	ati
						ngs	shares	ding	share	ngs			е		ons
						Ratio		S	S						hip
	the	Chu	Female	August 8,							Bachelor, Department of				
	R.O.C.	Chin-E		2023							International Business, Ming				
Vice											international business, wing				
President,											Chuan University				
Sales Dept.											Assistant Vice President, Sports				
											Department, Li and Fung				
											(Taiwan) Ltd.				
	the	Chiang	Female	November							Department of International				
	R.O.C.	Mei-Hu		8, 2023											
Vice											Business, Shih Chien University				
President,											JCPenney Senior Manager				
Sales Dept.											Newtimes HK/Bangladesh				
											Director				
	the	Ke Ying-	Female	August 4,	26,031	0.02	_	_	_	_	Department of Design, University				
Vice President of the	R.O.C.	Hsuan		2016							of London				
Development											Manager of Tainan Enterprises				
Dept.											Sales Division				
Manager of	the	Tsai	Male	October 1,	11,000	0.01	_	_	_	-	Master, Department of	_	_	_	_
the	R.O.C.	Chen-		2021							Accounting of Tamkang				
Accounting		Chih									University				
Dept.											Manager of CHIEN KUO				
											Construction Co., Ltd.				
Chief Auditing	the	Chu	Female	May 12,	5,050	_	_	_	_	_	Department of Accounting, Kun	_	_	_	-
Officer		Chen-		2008							Shan University				
		Chi									Audit Section Chief of Tainan				
											Enterprises Co., Ltd.				
											h	1			

## Remark:

If the General Manager or equivalent (the supreme management) is the same person as the Chairman, spouse or relative within 1st degree of kinship with each other, please disclose the reason, rationality, necessity and responsive measures (e.g., the number of independent directors should be increased, and more than half of the directors should not be concurrent employees or managers, etc.).: None.

- III. Compensation paid to Directors, Supervisors, General Manager and Vice General Manager in the most recent year
  - (1) Compensation to the general directors (disclosure of individual director's name and compensation)

December 31, 2023 Unit: NTD Thousand; Share: Thousand Shares

				C	ompensatio	n to direc	tors			The total	amount of		Emp	loyee con	npensation	received I	by directo	ors		The total	amount of	
Job Title	Name	Remun	eration (A)		ent Pension (B)	dire	nsation to ectors Note 1)		nal practice ) (Note 2)	and percent profit afte	ms A, B, C D as a age of net er tax (Note 3)	special a	bonus and llowance, et l. (E)	:	ent Pension (F)	Compe	ensation t	o employ	vees (G)	E, F and (	ge of net er tax	Compensatio n from investees other than
		the Company	All companies in the financial statements	the Company	All companies in the financial statements	the Company	All companies in the financial statements	the Company	All companies in the financial statements	the Company	All companies in the financial statements	the Company	All companies in the financial statements	the Company	All companies in the financial statements		Amount	the fir stater Amount	ments Amount	Compan y	companies	subsidiaries or the parent company
Chairman of the Board	Yang Ching-Hon																					
Director	Jing Da Development Co., Ltd. Yang Shun-Hui Former Representative: Wang Fang- Chung Tian Mei Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Yang Yin-Ying Ri Fu Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Yang Fu-Ching Liang Dao Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Wu Tao-Chang Xin Wang Ai Investment Co., Ltd. Wang Po-Ya Former Representative: Su Chiung-Chung					4,800	4,800			4,800 1.5%	4,800 1.5%	15.721	. 15,721	. 365	365					20,886 6.7%		5.826

	Tai Yang Investment Co, Ltd. Weng Hsiao- Wei Former Representative: Hsieh Yiu-Chin CHC International Investment Co, Ltd. Hsieh Yiu- Chin Former Representative: Fang Yan-Ling														
Independe nt Director	Former Lien King-Biau Pai Chung-Liang Li Chih-Kuang Li Li-Ying She Jih-Hsin TuanMu-Cheng			1,800	1,800		1,800 0.57%	1,800 0.57%					1,800 0.57%	1,800 0.57%	

<sup>1.</sup> Please state the policies, systems, standards and structure of compensation to independent directors and the relationship between the compensation and the job responsibility, risk and engagement hours borne by the independent directors: The Company's independent directors receive the fixed remuneration and refrain from participating the distribution of earnings. The fixed remuneration is based on each independent director's participation in the Company's operations and the value of his or her contribution. Also, the remuneration paid by peer companies and listed companies in related industries is also be taken into consideration.

Note 1: The amount of directors' remuneration that the Board Meeting has approved as part of the latest earnings appropriation.

Note 2: The professional practice fees for services rendered in the most recent year (including travel allowances, special allowances, various subsidies, accommodation, corporate vehicles and other in-kind benefits).

Where housing, cars, vehicles, or personal allowances were granted, please also disclose the nature and cost of assets, the rental rates (calculated based on actual or fair value), costs of petrol and other subsidies.

Where personal drivers were allocated, please make a footnote disclosure explaining the amount of salaries made to drivers, but do not count them as part of the compensation paid to the above beneficiaries.

Note 3: Parent company only comprehensive income statement 2023 - current net profit NT\$311,469 thousand; consolidated comprehensive income statement - current net profit NT\$311,469 thousand.

<sup>2.</sup> Compensation received by directors for providing service (e.g., consultancy services as a non-employee to the parent/any company included in the financial statements) in the most recent year except those disclosed in the above table:

none.

<sup>\*</sup> The basis of compensation disclosed above is different according to the basis of the Income Tax Act; hence, the above table has been prepared solely for information disclosure and not for tax purpose.

# **Compensation Scale Table**

		Name	of director	
Breakdown of compensation to directors	Sum of the first 4 ite	ems (A + B + C + D)	Sum of the first 7 items (A	A + B + C + D + E + F + G)
breakdown of compensation to directors	the Company (Note 8)	All companies in the financial statements (Note 9) H	the Company (Note 8)	All companies in the financial statements (Note 9) I
Less than NT\$1,000,000	Yang Ching-Hon/ Lien King-	Yang Ching-Hon/ Lien King-	Lien King-Biau/Pai Chung-Liang/Li	Lien King-Biau/Pai Chung-Liang/Li
	Biau/ Pai Chung-Lian/ Li Chih-	Biau/ Pai Chung-Lian	Chih-Kuang	Chih-Kuang
	Kuang/ Xin Wang Ai Investment	Li Chih-Kuang/ Xin Wang Ai	Xin Wang Ai Investment	Xin Wang Ai Investment / Wu Tao-
	Jing Da Development / Tian Mei	Investment /Jing Da	Jing Da Development / Tian Mei	Chang
	Investment/Liang Tao Investment	Development / Tian Mei	Investment/Liang Tao Investment /	Jing Da Development / Tian Mei
	/ Rifu Investment/Tai Yang	Investment/Liang Tao Investment	Rifu Investment/Tai Yang	Investment/Liang Tao Investment /
	Investment / CHC International	/ Rifu Investment/Tai Yang	Investment / CHC International	Rifu Investment/Tai Yang
	Lee Li-Ying/ Sher Jih-	Investment / CHC International	Lee Li-Ying/ Sher Jih-Hsin/Tuanmu	Investment / CHC International /
	Hsin/Tuanmu Cheng	Lee Li-Ying/ Sher Jih-	Cheng	Lee Li-Ying/ Sher Jih-Hsin/Tuanmu
		Hsin/Tuanmu Cheng		Cheng
NT\$1,000,000 (inclusive)~NT\$2,000,000 (exclusive)	-	-	-	-
NT\$2,000,000 (inclusive)~NT\$3,500,000 (exclusive)	-	-	Yang Shun-Hui	Yang Shun-Hui/Wang Fang-Chung
NT\$3,500,000 (inclusive)~NT\$5,000,000 (exclusive)	-	-	Yang Ching-Hon	
NT\$5,000,000 (inclusive)~NT\$10,000,000 (exclusive)	-	-	Su Chiung-Chung	Su Chiung-Chung / Yang Ching-Hon
NT\$10,000,000 (inclusive)~NT\$15,000,000 (exclusive)	-	-	Hsieh Yiu-Chin	Hsieh Yiu-Chin
NT\$15,000,000 (inclusive)~NT\$30,000,000 (exclusive)	-	-	-	-
NT\$30,000,000 (inclusive)~NT\$50,000,000 (exclusive)	-	-	-	-
NT\$50,000,000 (inclusive)~NT\$100,000,000 (exclusive)	-	-	-	-
More than NT\$100,000,000	-	-	-	-
Total	14	14	17	19

Note 1: Directors' names shall be identified one by one (juristic-person shareholders shall be identified by the name and representative individually). The general directors and independent directors shall be identified one by one and the various payments shall be summarized and then disclosed. Any director who serves as the General Manager

- or Vice General Manager concurrently shall be disclosed in this table and the following Table (3).
- Note 2: The remuneration to directors in the most recent year (including director's salary, duty allowance, severance pay, bonus and reward, et al.).
- Note 3: The amount of directors' remuneration that the Board Meeting has approved as part of the latest earnings appropriation.
- Note 4: The professional practice fees for services rendered in the most recent year (including travel allowances, special allowances, various subsidies, accommodation, corporate vehicles and other in-kind benefits). Where housing, cars, vehicles, or personal allowances were granted, please also disclose the nature and cost of assets, the rental rates (calculated based on actual or fair value), costs of petrol and other subsidies. Where personal drivers were allocated, please make a footnote disclosure explaining the amount of salaries made to drivers, but do not count them as part of the compensation paid to the above beneficiaries.
- Note 5: Any salaries, duty allowances, severance pay, bonuses, rewards, travel allowances, special allowances, various subsidies, accommodation, corporate vehicles and other in-kind benefits that the director received in the most recent year for assuming the role of the Company's employee concurrently (including General Manager, Vice General Manager, manager or other employees). Where housing, cars, vehicles, or personal allowances were granted, please also disclose the nature and cost of assets, the rental rates (calculated based on actual or fair value), costs of petrol and other subsidies. Where personal drivers were allocated, please make a footnote disclosure explaining the amount of salaries made to drivers, but do not count them as part of the compensation paid to the above beneficiaries. Part of the salary expense was recognized according to IFRS 2 "Share-based Payment," including employee stock options, RSAs and subscription for new shares upon cash capital increase are treated as compensation.
- Note 6: If the directors who acted as employees concurrently (including General Manager, Vice General Manager, other managers, and employees) received employee remuneration (including stocks and cash) in the most recent year, please disclose the employee remuneration approved by the Board Meeting prior to the motion for earnings distribution submitted to the shareholders' meeting in the most recent year. If it is impossible to impute the same, the amount to be distributed this year shall be based on that distributed actually last year, and please also complete Table (4).
- Note 7: Please disclose the total compensation paid by all companies included in the consolidated financial statements (including the Company) to the Company's directors.
- Note 8: The aggregate of the compensation to directors by the Company, and the names of such directors, should be disclosed in the relevant space of the table.
- Note 9: Please disclose the aggregate of the compensation paid by all companies included in the consolidated financial statements (including the Company) to each director, which shall include the director's name disclosed in the relevant space of the table.
- Note 10: The net profit after tax refers to that shown in the most recent parent company only or separate report.
- Note 11: a.This field represents all forms of compensation the General Manager and Vice General Manager have received from the Company's invested businesses other than subsidiaries, or from the parent company. (If none, please specify "None".)
  - b. For directors who receive compensation from invested businesses other than subsidiaries, or from the parent company, amounts received from these invested businesses shall be added to column I of the compensation brackets table, in which case, column I will be renamed "the parent company and all invested businesses." c.The compensation refers to any remuneration or return (including compensations received as an employee, director and supervisor) and professional practice fees

which the Company's directors received for serving as directors, supervisors or managers in invested businesses other than subsidiaries or in parent company.

\* The basis of compensation disclosed above is different according to the basis of the Income Tax Act; hence, the above table has been prepared solely for information disclosure and not for tax purpose.

## (2) Compensation to supervisors

The Company elected three independent directors at the special shareholders' meeting on September 22, 2017. Upon establishment of the Audit Committee, the supervisors were dismissed from their duties automatically.

(3) Compensation to the General Manager and Vice General Manager (names and compensation thereof to be disclosed individually)

December 31, 2023 Unit: NTD Thousand; Share: Thousand Shares

Job Title	Namo	Sala	ary (A)	Retirement Pension (B)		Bonus and Special Allowance, etc. (C)		Coi	-	on to Em	nployee	of four it C and percenta profit aft	I amount ems A, B, D as a ge of net er tax (%) te 1)	Compen sation from investee s other than subsidia ries or the
Job Title	Name	the Company	All companie s in the financial statement s (Note 5)	the Company	All companie s in the financial statement s (Note 5)	the Company	All companie s in the financial statement s (Note 5)	the Co	Stock Amount		statements  Stock Amount	the Company	All companies in the financial statements	parent compan y
General Manager General Manager, Sport Management	Hsieh Yiu-Chin Su Chiung-	8,680	8,680	257	257	4,683	4,683	-	_	-	_	13,620	13,620	None
Division CFO	on Chung Wu Chien-Der	_	8,680									4.37%	4.37%	None

Note 1: Parent company only comprehensive income statement 2023 - current net profit NT\$311,469 thousand; consolidated comprehensive income statement - current net profit NT\$311,469 thousand.

<sup>\*</sup> The basis of compensation disclosed above is different according to the basis of the Income Tax Act; hence, the above table has been prepared solely for information disclosure and not for tax purpose.

# **Compensation Scale Table**

Compensation scale for the Company's General  Manager and Vice General Manager	Names of the General Manager and Vice General Manager			
	the Company (Note 6)	All companies in the financial		
Wanager and vice General Wanager	the company (Note o)	statements (Note 7)		
Less than NT\$1,000,000	-	-		
NT\$1,000,000 (inclusive)~NT\$2,000,000 (exclusive)	-	-		
NT\$2,000,000 (inclusive)~NT\$3,500,000 (exclusive)	Wu Chien-Der	Wu Chien-Der		
NT\$3,500,000 (inclusive)~NT\$5,000,000 (exclusive)	-	-		
NT\$5,000,000 (inclusive)~NT\$10,000,000 (exclusive)	Su Chiung-Chung	Su Chiung-Chung		
NT\$10,000,000 (inclusive)~NT\$15,000,000 (exclusive)	Hsieh Yiu-Chin	Hsieh Yiu-Chin		
NT\$15,000,000 (inclusive)~NT\$30,000,000 (exclusive)	-	-		
NT\$30,000,000 (inclusive)~NT\$50,000,000 (exclusive)	-	-		
NT\$50,000,000 (inclusive)~NT\$100,000,000 (exclusive)				
More than NT\$100,000,000	-	-		
Total	3	3		

- Note 1: The name of the General Manager or Vice General Manager shall be identified specifically, and the various payments shall be summarized and then disclosed. Any director who serves as the General Manager or Vice General Manager concurrently shall be disclosed in this table and the above Table (1).
- Note 2: Please specify the salaries, allowances and severance payments made to the General Manager and Vice General Manager in the most recent year.
- Note 3: Please specify other forms of compensation such as bonus, incentives, travel allowances, special allowances, other allowances, dormitory, corporate vehicles or other in-kind benefits made to the General Manager and Vice General Manager in the most recent year. Where housing, cars, vehicles, or personal allowances were granted, please also disclose the nature and cost of assets, the rental rates (calculated based on actual or fair value), costs of petrol and other subsidies. Where personal drivers were allocated, please make a footnote disclosure explaining the amount of salaries made to drivers, but do not count them as part of the compensation paid to the above beneficiaries. Part of the salary expense was

- recognized according to IFRS 2 "Share-based Payment," including employee stock options, RSAs and subscription for new shares upon cash capital increase are treated as compensation.
- Note 4: It refers to the amount of employee remuneration distributed to the General Manager and Vice General Manager (including stocks and cash), which the Board of Directors has passed as part of the most recent earnings appropriation. If it is impossible to impute the same, the amount to be distributed this year shall be based on that distributed actually last year and Table (IV) shall be filled in.
- Note 5: Please disclose the total compensation paid by all companies included in the consolidated financial statements (including the Company) to the General Manager and Vice General Manager.
- Note 6: The aggregate of the compensation to each general manager and vice general manager by the Company shall include the general manager's or vice general manager's name disclosed in the relevant space of the following table.
- Note 7: Please disclose the aggregate of the compensation paid by all companies included in the consolidated financial statements (including the Company) to each general manager and vice general manager, which shall include the general manager's or vice general manager's name disclosed in the relevant space of the following table.
- Note 8: Net income refers to the amount of after-tax profit shown in the most recent parent company only or separate report.
- Note 9: a. This field represents all forms of compensation the General Manager and Vice General Manager have received from the Company's invested businesses other than subsidiaries, or parent company. (If none, please specify "None".)
  - b. For general managers and deputy general managers who receive compensation from invested businesses other than subsidiaries, or from the parent company, amounts received from these invested businesses shall be added to column I of the compensation brackets table, in which case, column I will be renamed "the parent company and all invested businesses."
  - c. The compensation refers to any remuneration or return (including compensations received as an employee, director and supervisor) and professional practice fees which the Company's general managers and deputy general managers received for serving as directors, supervisors or managers in invested businesses other than subsidiaries or in parent company.
- \* The basis of compensation disclosed above is different according to the basis of the Income Tax Act; hence, the above table has been prepared solely for information disclosure and not for tax purpose.

	Job Title	Name	Amount in	Amount in	Total	Total as a percentage of net income (%)
	Job Title	Name	stock	cash	TOtal	Total as a percentage of flet income (%)
General	General Manager	Hsieh Yiu-				
		Chin				
	General Manager, Sport Management	Su Chiung-				
	Division	Chung				
	CFO	Wu Chien-				
		Der				
	General Manager Office and concurrently	Wang Sheng-				
	Senior Assistant Vice President of the	Po				
	Logistics Management Division					
	Assistant Vice President, Sales Dept.	Chu Chin-E	_	-	_	_
≤ a	Assistant Vice President, Sales Dept.	Chiang Mei-				
n a g		Hu				
g e r	Assistant Vice President, Sales Dept.	Liao Fang-				
		Ying				
	Assistant Vice President, Sales Dept.	Tung Yu-Ju				
	Assistant Vice President of the	Ke Ying-				
	Development Dept.	Hsuan				
	Senior Manager of the Accounting Dept.	Tsai Chen-				
		Chih				

Note 1: Parent company only comprehensive income statement 2023 - current net profit NT\$311,469 thousand; consolidated comprehensive income statement - current net profit NT\$311,469 thousand.

(6) The compensation paid by the Company and all companies included in the consolidated financial statements to the directors, supervisors, general manager and vice general managers in the last two fiscal years, the analysis of the percentage of total compensation to net profit (loss) after tax in the parent company only financial reports or individual financial reports, the policy, standard and package of compensation payment, the procedure for determination of compensation and the connection with the operation performance and future risk.

Total as a percentage of remuneration to net		2023	2022		
profit (loss) after tax (%)	the	All companies in the	the Commons/s	All companies in the	
	Company's	financial statements	the Company's	financial statements	
Director	2.11	2.11	2.19	2.19	
Supervisor	-	-	-	-	
General Manager and Vice General	4.37	4.37	4.42	4.42	
Manager					

Note: Parent company only comprehensive income statement 2022 - current net profit NT\$301,032 thousand; consolidated comprehensive income statement - current net profit NT\$301,032 thousand.

Parent company only comprehensive income statement 2023 - current net profit NT\$311,469 thousand; consolidated comprehensive income statement - current net profit NT\$311,469 thousand.

- 1. The remuneration to directors of the Company shall be in accordance with Article 31 of the Articles of Incorporation. The Company shall distribute remuneration to directors at a rate of not more than 5% of the profits of the current year. In addition, in accordance with the "Performance Evaluation of Board of Directors" of the Company, reasonable remuneration shall be paid with reference to the performance evaluation results of each director and shall be reviewed by the remuneration committee and approved by the board of directors.
- 2. According to Article 31 of the Articles of Incorporation, no less than 1% of the earnings for the current year concluded by the Company shall be distributed as employee remuneration. Meanwhile, reasonable remuneration shall be paid subject to the level of the Company's overall operating performance, personal performance appraisal and future risks, and upon approval of the Remuneration Committee.
- 3. The decrease in the percentage of the current total compensation to the General Manager and Vice General Manager to net profit (loss) after tax from the previous period is a result of the increase in the current net income from the previous period.

## IV.Corporate governance implementations

- (I) Information on the operation of the Board Meeting.
  - 1. The term of office for the 21st term& 22st term Board Meeting was 3 & 4 meetings respectively total of 7 meeting in 2023 .The actual attendance rate of the whole directors at the Board of Directors meetings was 94%. The attendance of the directors is stated as follows:

December 31, 2023

				<u> </u>	December 31, 2023
Job Title	Name	Actual attendance (times) [B]	Attendance by proxy (times)	Actual attendance rate (%) [B/A]	Remark
Chairman of the Board	Yang Ching-Hon	7	-	100%	-
Director	Representative of Jing Da Development Co., Ltd.: Yang Shun-Hui	4	-	57%	Re-appointed juristic-person representative- Former Representative: Wang Fang- Chung
Director	Representative of Tian Mei Investment Co., Ltd.: Yang Yin-Ying	7	-	100%	-
Director	Representative of Ri Fu Investment Co., Ltd.: Yang Fu-Ching	6	1-	86%	-
Director	Representative of Liang Dao Investment Co., Ltd.: Wu Tao-Chang	7	-	100%	-
Director	Representative of Xin Wang Ai Investment Co., Ltd.: Wang Po-Ya	7	-	100%	Re-appointed juristic-person representative Former Representative: Su Chiung- Chung
Director	Representative of Tai Yang Investment Co., Ltd.: Weng Hsiao-We	7	-	100%	Re-appointed juristic-person representative Former Representative: Hsieh Yiu-Chin
Director	Representative of CHC International Investment Co., Ltd.: Hsieh Yiu-Chin	3	-	100%	Re-appointed juristic-person representative Former Representative: Fang Yen-Ling
Independent Director	Lien King-Biau	2	-	67%	21st term
Independent Director	Pai Chung-Lian	3	-	100%	21st term
Independent Director	Li Chih-Kuang	4	-	100%	21st term
Independent Director	Li Li-Ying	4	-	100%	-
	L		1		

Independent Director	She Jih-Hsin	4	-	100%	-
Independent Director	TuanMu-Cheng	4	-	100%	-

#### Other disclosures to be noted:

- I. If the operation of the Board Meeting is under any of the following circumstances, the date, period, proposal content, all independent directors' opinions and the Company's handling of their opinions should be described: None.
  - (I) Conditions described in Article 14-3 of the Securities and Exchange Act.
  - (II) In addition to the previous matters, other board meeting resolutions that have been opposed or reserved by independent directors with records or written statements.
- II. For directors' recusal from motions which involves conflict of interest, the names of independent directors, contents of the motions, and reasons of the recusal for conflict of interest, and participation in voting must be disclosed: None.
- III. Listed companies should disclose information on the periodicity and duration, scope, method and content of the self-evaluation (or peer evaluation) by the Board Meeting.
  - The implementation of the evaluation of the Board Meeting should also be presented in Schedule 2(2).
- IV. Evaluation of the current and most recent year's objectives for enhancing the functions of the Board Meeting (e.g., establishing an audit committee, enhancing information transparency, etc.) and their implementation.
- Note 1: If the director or supervisor is a corporation, the name of the corporate shareholder and its representative should be filled in.
- Note 2: (1) Where a director or supervisor may be relieved from duties before the end of the fiscal year, please specify the date of his/her discharge in the 'Remarks'' Section. His/her actual attendance rate (%) to the Board Meeting shall be calculated on the basis of the number of meetings called and actual number of sessions he/she attended, during his/her term of office.
  - (2) Where an election may be held for filling the vacancies of director or supervisor before the end of the fiscal year, please list out both the new and the discharged director or supervisor and specify if they are the former director or supervisor, or newly elected, re-elected, and also the date of the reelection. Their actual attendance rate (%) to the meetings of the Audit Committee shall be calculated on the basis of the number of Board Meeting called and the actual number of sessions they attended, during the term of office.

Evaluation cycle (Note 1)	Evaluation period (Note 2)	Evaluation scope (Note 3)	Evaluation method (Note 4)	Evaluation content (Note 5)
Once a year	2023/06/21 ~ 2023/12/31	The entire Board Meeting	Internal self- evaluation of the Board Meeting	<ol> <li>The extent of participation in the Company's operations.</li> <li>Improvement in the quality of the Board Meeting's decision-making.</li> <li>Composition and structure of the Board Meeting.</li> <li>Election and continuing education of directors.</li> <li>Internal control</li> <li>The evaluation results of the above:</li> <li>→ Functioning normally and performing well</li> </ol>
Once a year	2023/06/21 ~ 2023/12/31	Individual Board members	Self-evaluation of directors	<ol> <li>Alignment of the Company's objectives and tasks.</li> <li>Perception of directors' responsibilities.</li> <li>The extent of participation in the Company's operations.</li> <li>Internal relationship management and communication</li> <li>Professionalism and continuing education of directors.</li> <li>Internal control</li> <li>The evaluation results of the above:</li> <li>→ Participating and communicating well</li> </ol>
Once a year	2023/06/21 ~ 2023/12/31	Functional committees	Peer evaluation	<ol> <li>The extent of participation in the Company's operations.</li> <li>Perception of functional committees' responsibilities.</li> <li>Quality of the functional committee's decision-making.</li> <li>Composition and member appointment of functional committees.</li> <li>Internal control</li> <li>The evaluation results of the above:</li> <li>→ Functioning normally, in good condition</li> </ol>

Note 1: The cycle of evaluation on the Board of Directors.

Note 2: The period of evaluation on the Board of Directors.

- Note 3: The scope of evaluation includes the performance evaluation of the Board Meeting, individual Board members and functional committees.
- Note 4: The methods of evaluation include internal self-evaluation by the Board Meeting, self-evaluation by board members, peer evaluation, appointment of external professional organizations, experts or other appropriate methods for performance evaluation.
- Note 5: The evaluation content includes at least the following items according to the scope of the evaluation:
  - (1) Evaluation of the performance of the Board Meeting: at least the participation in the Company's operations, the quality of board decisions, the composition and structure of the Board Meeting, the selection and continuing education of directors, and internal control, etc.
  - (2) Performance evaluation of individual board members: at least including the alignment of the Company's objectives and tasks, the directors' awareness of their duties and responsibilities, their participation in the Company's operations, internal relationship management and communication, the directors' professionalism and continuing education, and internal control.
  - (3) Performance evaluation of functional committees: participation in company operations, awareness of functional committee responsibilities, quality of functional committee decisions, composition and selection of functional committee members, internal control, etc.

- (II) Audit Committee's operations, or supervisors' involvement in the Board of Directors' operations:
  - 1. Audit Committee's involvement in the Board's operations: 3<sup>nd</sup> Audit Committee from June 21, 2023 to June 20, 2026. A total of 4 Board Meeting 【A】 were held in 2023. Below are the independent directors' attendance records:

December 31, 2023

Job Title	Name	Actual attendance (times) (B)	Attendance by proxy (times)	Actual attendance rate (%) (B/A) (Notes 1 and 2)	Remarks
Independent Director	Li, Li-Ying	2		100%	Re-elected on June 21, 2023
Independent Director	She Jih-Hsin	2		100%	Re-elected on June 21, 2023
Independent Director	TuanMu-Cheng	2		100%	Re-elected on June 21, 2023
Independent Director	Lien King-Biau	2	-	100%	- Former (2nd term)
Independent Director	Pai Chung-Lian	1	-	50%	- Former (2nd term)
Independent Director	Li Chih-Kuang	2	-	100%	- Former (2nd term)

### Other disclosures to be noted:

- I. For the Audit Committee meetings that meet any of the following descriptions, state the date, session, contents of motions, independent directors' dissenting opinions, qualified opinions or important suggestions, Audit Committee meeting resolution and how the Company has responded to the Audit Committee members' opinions.
- (I) Conditions described in Article 14-5 of the Securities and Exchange Act.
- (II) Other than those described above, any resolutions unapproved by the Audit Committee but passed by more than two-third of directors: None.
- II. For independent directors' recusal from motions which involves conflict of interest, the names of independent directors, contents of the motions, reasons of the recusal for conflict of interest and participation in voting must be disclosed.

No motions involving any conflict of interest with independent directors existed.

III. Communication between independent directors and chief internal auditor/external auditors (e.g., discussions concerning the Company's financial and business affairs, the method of communication used, and the outcome):
The independent directors have communicated with the chief internal auditor for a total of 4 times and with external auditors for a total of 4 times in 2023, as disclosed on the Company's official website – Corporate Governance Section.

Date of	Communication with chief into	ernal auditor	Communication with external	auditor
Meeting	Communication matters	Outcome	Communication matters	Outcome
	2022 Declaration of Internal	To be		
	Control	submitted to		To be
		the Board of	External auditors' report on the	submitted to
		Directors for	audit result of 2022 consolidated	the Board of
2023.03.21		resolution	and parent company only financial	Directors for
2023.03.21		upon review	statements and key audit matters,	resolution
		and approval.	and other matters to be	upon review
	2022 Audit Report	Acknowledged	communicated	and
		, and no		approval.
		suggestions		

		proposed.		
2023.05.8	2023 Q1 audit report on	Acknowledged	External auditors' report on the	To be
	accounts receivable and	, and no	review result of 2023 Q1	submitted to
	procedures for loaning to others.	suggestions	consolidated financial statements	the Board of
		proposed.	and key audit matters, and other	Directors for
			matters to be communicated	resolution
				upon review
				and
				approval.
2023.08.08	2023 Q2 audit report on	Acknowledged	External auditors' report on the	To be
	accounts receivable and	, and no	review result of 2023 Q2	submitted to
	procedures for loaning to others.	suggestions	consolidated financial statements	the Board of
		proposed.	and key audit matters, and other	Directors for
			matters to be communicated	resolution
				upon review
				and
				approval.
2023.11.08	2023 Q3 audit report on	Acknowledged	External auditors' report on the	To be
	accounts receivable and	, and no	review result of 2023 Q3	submitted to
	procedures for loaning to others.	suggestions	consolidated financial statements	the Board of
		proposed.	and key audit matters and other	Directors for
			matters to be communicated	resolution
				upon review
				and
				approval.

Note 1: Where an independent may be relieved from duties before the end of the fiscal year, please specify the date of his/her discharge in the 'Remarks"

Section. His/her actual attendance rate (%) to the Board session shall be calculated on the basis of the number of meetings called and actual number of sessions he/she attended, during his/her term of office.

Note 2: Where an election may be held for filling the vacancies of independent director before the end of the fiscal year, please list out both the new and the discharged independent directors and specify if they are the former independent directors, or newly elected, re-elected, and also the date of the reelection. Their actual attendance rate (%) to Board session shall be calculated on the basis of the number of meetings called and the actual number of sessions they attended, during the term of office.

## 2. Supervisors' involvement in the Board of Directors' operations :

The Company elected three independent directors at the special shareholders' meeting on September 22, 2017. Upon establishment of the Audit Committee, the supervisors were dismissed from their duties automatically.

(3) Implementation status of corporate governance and differences from the Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies and the reasons thereof.

			Implementation status	Differences from the
				Corporate Governance
				Best Practice Principles
Evaluation item	Yes	No	Summary description	for TWSE/TPEx Listed
	. 03		Summary description	Companies and the
				reasons thereof
I. Has the Company adopted and disclosed its	V		The Company has adopted the "Corporate Governance Best	There has been no
corporate governance best practice principles			Practice Principles," and made the latest amendments	
based on the "Corporate Governance Best			thereto in March 2023, in order to help the Company	
Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed			establish the effective corporate governance framework	
Companies?"			and fair corporate governance system. Therefore, the	
Companies.			Company should be considered having executed the	
			relevant affairs in the spirit of the Corporate Governance	
			Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies.	
II. The Company's Equity Structure and	V		best ractice ranciples for twolf it by bisted companies.	
Shareholders' Equity	V		The Company has appointed the personnel dedicated to	There has been no
			the shareholders service affairs, and designated the	significant differences.
(1) Does the Company have the internal procedures regulated to handle			spokesperson and deputy spokesperson to process any	significant differences.
shareholders' suggestions, questions,			shareholders' suggestions, questions, disputes and legal	
disputes and legal actions in place,				
and have the procedures been			actions. Meanwhile, legal advisors are available to provide	
implemented accordingly?			the consulting services for related legal problems.	
(2) Does the Company possess the list of the	V		The Company has possessed the profile of major	There has been no
Company's major shareholders of			shareholders, changes in and pledge of shareholdings of	significant differences.
ultimate controllers and the list of the			directors/supervisors and also the major shareholders of	
ultimate controllers of the major			juristic person directors/supervisors, which have been	
shareholders?			reported as required and disclosed on the MOPS.	
(3) Has the Company established and	V		The Company has adopted the "Regulations Governing	There has been no
implemented the risk control and			Supervision of Subsidiaries." The affiliates' assets and	significant differences.
firewall mechanism with its affiliated			accounting affairs are operating independently, handled	
companies?			by dedicated personnel and controlled/audited by the	
			parent company.	
(4) Does the Company adopt internal	V		The Company has adopted the "Regulations Governing	There has been no
policies that prevent insiders from			Prevention of Insider Trading" to prevent any insider	significant differences.
trading securities using unpublished			trading.	
market information?				
III. Composition and Responsibilities of the	V		The Company's Board of Directors consists of 11 members	
Board Meeting			(including 3 independent directors), who are elected by	significant differences.
(1) Does the Board Meeting have member diversification policies in place,			taking the entire arrangement of the Board of Directors	
managing the objectives and			into account based on the Company's diversity policy. The	
implementing the same			Board members are all senior professionals covering the	
substantively?			areas, such as business administration, business, facility,	
			finance, accounting, commerce, and risk management, et	
			al The related job duties shall be governed by the	
			Company's Articles of Incorporation.	

			Implementation status	Differences from the
				Corporate Governance
Frankrich in in				Best Practice Principles
Evaluation item	Yes	No	Summary description	for TWSE/TPEx Listed
				Companies and the
				reasons thereof
(2) Does the Company, in addition to		V	The Company has established the Salary Compensation	The Company will do
establishing the Salary			Committee and Audit Committee pursuant to the laws, but	so pursuant to laws
Compensation Committee and			has not yet established any other functional committees.	and subject to its
Audit Committee pursuant to the				overview of business
laws, have other functional				in the future.
committees established				
voluntarily?				
(3) Does the Company adopt a set of policies	V		The Company has adopted the "Regulations Governing	There has been no
and assessment methods to			Appraisal on Performance of the Board of Directors" on	significant differences.
evaluate the Board's performance,			November 10, 2020. The Company performs the	
conduct the performance			performance appraisal each year. The appraisal for 2022	
evaluation regularly at least on an			has been completed. The appraisal result was submitted to	
annual basis, and submit the			the Board of Directors on March 21, 2023, as reference for	
performance evaluation result to			determination of remuneration to individual directors and	
the Board Meeting and applied the			nomination for additional term of office.	
same as reference for				
remuneration to individual				
directors and nomination for				
additional term of office?				

			Implementation status	Differences from the
				Corporate Governance
- 1 ·				Best Practice Principles
Evaluation item	Yes	No	Summary description	for TWSE/TPEx Listed
			, '	Companies and the
				reasons thereof
(4) Does the Company have the	V		The Company's existing independent auditors are non-	There has been no
independence of the independent			related parties of the Company. The CPA firm also replaces	significant differences.
auditor evaluated regularly?			the Company's independent auditors pursuant to the laws,	
			in order to maintain the auditor's independence at all times. The Company performed the assessment on	
			independence of the external auditors retained in 2023 on	
			November 8, 2023. The external auditors retained by the	
			Company, namely Tien Chung-Yu, Attorney-at-Law and	
			Hsu Hui-Yu, Attorney-at-Law, have undergone the	
			Company's assessment on independence and competence of the CPA according to the Company's "External Auditor's	
			Review Form,"	
			and based on the Audit Quality Indicators (AQIs).	
			The motion has been reviewed and approved by the Audit	
			Committee and also approved by the directors present at the Board meeting. The assessment requirements include:	
			(1) 12 indicators on the elements of independence, <i>e.g.</i>	
			whether any former partner within one year of	
			disassociating from the firm joins the Company as a	
			director, manager or is in a key position to exert significant	
			influence over the subject matter of the engagement. (2) 6 indicators on the exercise of independence, <i>e.g.</i>	
			whether a professional accountant performs professional	
			services fairly and objectively, and without bias, conflict of	
			interest or stake that might exercise undue influence of	
			others to override professional judgments?	
			(3) 4 indicators on the competence, e.g. whether or not the	
			CPA has records of any disciplinary action imposed by the	
			CPA Discipline Committee within the most recent two	
			years.	
			(4) Other supplementary notes.	
			(5) Evaluation and review opinions.	
			According to the Company's assessment, the accountants	
			Tien Chung-Yu and Hsu Huei-Yu of	
			PricewaterhouseCoopers met the Company's	
			independence assessment criteria.	

			Implementation status	Differences from the
Evaluation item	Yes	No	Summary description	Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies and the reasons thereof
IV. Whether or not the TWSE/TPEx listed company assigns the adequate number of competent corporate governance officers, and appoints the chief corporate governance officer responsible for the corporate governance affairs (including but not limited to, provision to directors/supervisors the information needed by them to perform their duties, assistance to directors/supervisors in compliance, organization of the Board Meeting meetings and shareholders' meetings, and preparation of the Board Meeting and shareholders' meeting minutes, etc.)?	V		The Company has appointed competent and qualified corporate governance officers. Meanwhile, on March 22, 2022, the Board of Directors approved the appointment of the CFO, Wu Chien-Teh, who has the experience in finance for more than 3 years, to serve as the Chief Corporate Governance Officer. He is the supreme management responsible for corporate governance affairs, in charge of the overall planning about the agenda planning and parliamentary affairs of shareholders' meetings, and Board of Directors and functional committees meetings, response to directors' requests, assistance to directors in compliance, and maintenance the information exchange between the Board members.	There has been no significant differences.
V. Does the Company provide proper communication channels and create an investor relations section on its website to address the corporate social responsibility issues that are of significant concern to stakeholders (including but not limited to, shareholders, employees, customers and suppliers)?  VI. Does the Company engage a	V		The Company set up the stakeholders section on its website to provide a complete communication channel for employees, shareholders, banks, suppliers and customers. Further, the Company may be reached via phone or the Company's mailbox. The communication channels are considered uninterrupted, and the Company will also respond to any cases adequately subject to the circumstances.  The Company has engaged Yuanta Securities Shareholders	There has been no
Shareholders Service Agency to handle the Shareholders' Meeting affairs?			Service Agency Dept. to handle the Shareholders' Meeting affairs on behalf of the Company.	significant differences.
VII. Information Disclosure (1) Has the Company set up a website to disclose the Company's business, finance and corporate governance information?	٧		The Company has set up the website to disclose the Company's business, finance and corporate governance information.	There has been no significant differences.

			Implementation status	Differences from the
Evaluation item	Yes	No	Summary description	Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies and the reasons thereof
(2) Has the Company adopted other information disclosure methods (e.g., establishing an English website, designating personnel dedicated to collection and disclosure of the Company's information, implementing the spokesperson system, posting the investor conference on the Company's website, etc.)?	V		The Company has set up an English website, designated personnel dedicated to collection and disclosure of the Company's information, and also implemented the spokesperson system.	There has been no significant differences.
(3) Whether or not the Company announces and reports the annual financial report within two months at the end of each fiscal year, and the financial report for Q1, Q2 and Q3 and monthly operation overview before the prescribed time limit?		V	The Company's quarterly financial statements were already approved by the Board of Directors by the prescribed time limit, and published and reported on the same date when they were approved.  Due to various subsidiaries' closing of accounts and independent auditor's audit on the accounts, the Company will research and prepare the planning about, and also adjust, the matters to be published and reported within two months at the end of each fiscal year, hoping to enhance the information disclosure.	significant differences.

			Implementation status	Differences from the
				Corporate Governance
Evaluation item				Best Practice Principles
Evaluation item	Yes	No	Summary description	for TWSE/TPEx Listed
				Companies and the
				reasons thereof
VIII. Does the Company have other	V		1. The Company plans stable management strategies to	There has been no
information that enables a better			enhance the scope and quality of products and services,	significant
understanding of the Company's			and improve the company's strength to have the	differences
corporate governance practices			Company grow with employees and customers	
(including but not limited to,			simultaneously. Meanwhile, the Company keeps using	
employee rights, employee care,			its best effort to manage business, protect investors'	
investor relations, supplier relations,			interests and rights, and implement the environmental	
stakeholders' interests, continuing			protection policy to protect resources on the earth.	
education of directors/supervisors,			The Company also fulfills its corporate social	
implementation of risk management policies and risk measurements,			responsibility with the aim of giving back to the society.	
implementation of customer policy,			2. Continuing education for directors: The Company's	
and the Company's purchase of			directors have completed the continuing education	
liability insurance for directors and			hours required under the "Directions for the	
supervisors)?			Implementation of Continuing Education for Directors	
			and Supervisors of TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" in	
			2023.	
			3. Implementation of risk management policy, risk	
			measurement, consumer protection policy or customer	
			policy: The Company adopts the overall risk	
			management and control system to identify all of the	
			Company's risks (including market risk, credit risk,	
			liquidity risk and cash flow risk), in order to enable the	
			Company's management to engage in controlling and	
			measuring the market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and	
			cash flow risk effectively.	
			4. The Company's purchase of liability insurance for	
			directors and supervisors: (1) According to Article 39 of	
			the Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for	
			TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, the Company shall report	
			to the latest Board Meeting after purchasing or	
			renewing the liability insurance for directors. (2) The	
			Company reported to the Board of Directors that it has	
			executed the contract with Fubon Insurance Co., Ltd. for	
			renewal of the liability insurance for all of the	
			Company's directors from January 1, 2023 to January 1,	
			2024. submitted to the Board of Directors on March 21,	
			2023.	

			Implementation status	Differences from the
				Corporate Governance
Evaluation item				Best Practice Principles
Evaluation item	Yes	No	Summary description	for TWSE/TPEx Listed
				Companies and the
				reasons thereof
IX. Please explain the improvements made,	V		The improvement required as the first priority by 9th	There has been no
based on the latest Corporate			(2022) Corporate Governance Evaluation:	significant differences.
Governance Evaluation results			(1) The Company has adopted the risk management policy	
published by the TWSE Corporate			and procedure in November 2022, and scheduled to	
Governance Center and propose			report the implementation status thereof to the Board	
enhancement measures for any issues			of Directors since 2023.	
that are yet to be rectified.			(2) The Company has started to announce the important	
			messages in Chinese and English languages to	
			improve the Company's information transparency	
			since November 2022.	
			(3) The Company plans to report the compensation	
			received by directors at the shareholders' meeting	
			from 2023, including the remuneration policy,	
			individual remuneration details and amount.	
			(4) The Company will continue to evaluate any possible	
			improvement programs with respect to the indicators	
			that do not win any scores.	

Attesting CPA firm: PricewaterhouseCoopers Taiwan

Attesting CPA: Tien Chung-Yu, Hsu Huei-Yu

I. Review of the requirements for independence (if "NO" is selected for any of the following, specific facts should be explored)
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T. N.		Pl			
Item No.	Assessment Content	Yes	No	N/A	Remarks
1	The PAs, their spouses and underage children do not have any investment or financial interest-sharing relationship with the Company.	V			
2	The CPA or his/her spouse or underage children have no loan with the Company. However, this does not apply if the client is a financial institution and the borrowing or lending is part of a normal business relationship.	√			
3	The CPA firm has not issued a service report to certify the effective operations of the financial information system designed or implemented.	<b>√</b>			
4	The CPA or members of the audit service team do not serve as directors, managers or positions that exert significant influence over the subject matter of the engagement currently or in the most recent two years.	√			
5	The non-audit services provided to the Company have no important items that directly affect the audit cases.	√			
6	The CPA or members of the audit service team do not promote or broker the shares or other securities issued by the Company.	√			
7	The CPA or the members of the audit service team do not defend the Company in legal cases or other disputes on behalf of the Company and third parties, except for the services permitted by law.	√			
8	The CPA or members of the audit service team are not spouses, blood relatives, relatives by marriage or second degree relatives to any directors, managers or personnel to exert significant influence over the subject matter of the engagement.	√			
9	None of the former partner within one year of disassociating from the firm joins the Company as a director, manager or is in a key position to exert significant influence over the subject matter of the engagement.	√			
10	The CPA or members of the audit service team do not receive gifts or special offers of significant value from the Company or its directors, managers or major shareholders.	√			
11	The CPA is not currently employed by the client or audited entity to perform routine work for which he/ she receives a fixed salary or currently serves as a director or supervisor.	√			
12	The CPA has not provided audit services to the Company for seven consecutive years.	√			

## II. Review of the status of independence(if "NO" is selected for any of the following, specific facts should be explored)

Item No.	A	Ple	ease tick		Danasılıs
	Assessment Content	Yes	No	N/A	Remarks
1	Has the CPA been recused from the engagement and never undertaken the engagement when there was a direct or significant indirect stake in the	√			

	engagement that would compromise their impartiality and independence?			
2	When carrying out an audit, review, secondary review, or special audit, preparing an opinion of the financial statements, in addition to maintaining the independence of substance, does the CPA maintain the independence of form?	√		
3	Do members of the audit service team, other co-practicing accountants or shareholders of corporate CPA firms, accounting firms, affiliates of the CPA firm, and alliance firms also maintain independence from the Company?	√		
4	Does the CPA perform professional services with integrity and rigor?	√		
5	Does the CPA perform professional services fairly and objectively and without bias, conflict of interest or stake that might exercise undue influence of others to override professional judgments?	V		
6	The CPA does not have a lack or loss of independence that affects their integrity and impartiality.	<b>√</b>		

## III. Suitability review(if "NO" is selected for any of the following, specific facts should be explored)

Item No.	A	Assessment Content		Please tick			
	Assessment Content	Yes	No	N/A	Remarks		
1	The CPA has no records of any disciplinary action imposed by the CPA Discipline Committee within the most recent two years.	√					
2	Does the CPA firm have sufficient scale, resources and regional coverage to provide corporate audit services?	<b>√</b>					
3	Does the CPA firm have defined quality control procedures? Do the aspects covered include the levels and key points of the audit procedures, the approaches to handle of audit issues and judgments, independent quality control and review and risk management?	√					
4	Does the CPA firm notify the board of directors (audit committee) of any significant issues and developments in a timely manner in terms of risk management, corporate governance, financial accounting and related risk control?	√					

## IV. Other Supplementary Matters

Description: the above items have been assessed with reference to the Audit Quality Indicators (AQIs) and the independence and suitability of the CPA met the requirements.

## V. Evaluation and review opinions

Passed the review and the original incumbent is recommended to be maintained.

## (4) Information on the operations of the Salary Compensation Committee

The Company's Board Meeting established the Salary Compensation Committee and adopted the "Articles of Association for Salary Compensation Committee" and also passed the appointment of the Salary Compensation Committee members, on November 21, 2011. The term of office to be held by the Committee members were identical with that for the Board members. The term of office for 4th Committee members commenced from June 15, 2020 until June 14, 2023. The Committee members were reelected on June 21, 2023. The term of office for 5th Committee members commenced from June 21, 2023 until June 20, 2026. The current Salary Compensation Committee members consist of Ms. Li Li-Ying, Mr. She Jih-Hsin and Mr. TuanMu-Cheng.

## 1. Information about Salary Compensation Committee members

December 31, 2023

	1		·
Criteria  Identity and name	Professional qualifications and experience	Status of independence	Number of other public companies in which the individual is concurrently serving as an independent director
Independent	1. With working experience	Compliance of independence, in the case of independent	2
Director	in business administration,	directors, including but not limited to, the independent	2
(Convener)	facility, international	director himself or his spouse or relative within 2nd degree of	
She Jih-Hsin	business and risk	kinship not serving as a director, supervisor or employee in	
PILE VIII-LIZIII		the Company or any other company has specific relationship	
	management.	with the Company; not hold any shares of the Company; not	
	2. Not a person meeting any	a person who had provided commercial, legal, financial or	
	of the circumstances under	accounting services to the Company or its affiliates in the last	
	Article 30 of the Company	two years.	
	Act.	two years.	
Independent	1. With working experience	Compliance of independence, in the case of independent	None
Director	in business administration,	directors, including but not limited to, the independent	
Li, Li-Ying	international business and	director himself or his spouse or relative within 2nd degree of	
	risk management.	kinship not serving as a director, supervisor or employee in	
	2. Not a person meeting any	the Company or any other company has specific relationship	
	of the circumstances under	with the Company; not hold any shares of the Company; not	
	Article 30 of the Company	a person who had provided commercial, legal, financial or	
	Act.	accounting services to the Company or its affiliates in the last	
		two years.	
Independent	1. A practicing CPA with	Compliance of independence, in the case of independent	2
Director	working experience in	directors, including but not limited to, the independent	
TuanMu-Cheng	business administration,	director himself or his spouse or relative within 2nd degree of	
	financial accounting, and risk	kinship not serving as a director, supervisor or employee in	
	management.	the Company or any other company has specific relationship	
	2. Not a person meeting any	with the Company; not hold any shares of the Company; not	
	of the circumstances under	a person who had provided commercial, legal, financial or	
	Article 30 of the Company	accounting services to the Company or its affiliates in the last	
	Act.	two years.	

- 2. Information on the operations of the Salary Compensation Committee
  - (1) There are three members of the Salary Compensation Committee of the Company.
  - (2) The term of office to be held by the current Committee members:

4th term: June 15, 2020~June 14, 2023

5th term: June 21, 2023~June 20, 2026

<u>In 2023, 2 meetings</u> were held[A] and the qualifications and attendance of members are as follows:

			Attendance	Actual attendance rate	Remark
Job Title	Name	attendance	by proxy	(%)	Remark
		(times) (B)	(times)	[B/A](Note)	
Convener	She Jih-Hsin	1	-	100%	Re-elected on June 21,2023
Member	Li, Li-Ying	1	-	100%	Re-elected on June 21,2023
Member	TuanMu-Cheng	1	-	100%	Re-elected on June 21,2023
Convener	Lien King-Biau	1	-	100%	- Former
Member	Pai Chung-Lian	1	-	100%	- Former
Member	Li Chih-Kuang	1	-	100%	- Former

### Other disclosures to be noted:

- If the Board of Directors does not adopt or amend the recommendations of the Salary Compensation Committee, it should state the
  date, session, contents of motions, Board of Directors' resolution, and how the Company has responded to the Salary
  Compensation Committee members' opinions. (if the remuneration approved by the Board is better than the recommendation
  proposed by the Committee, the difference and reasons should be stated): none.
- 2. For the Salary Compensation Committee's resolution, if any members have objections or reservations with records or written statements, please state the date, session and contents of motions of the Salary Compensation Committee meeting, all members' opinions and handling of the members' opinions: None.

#### Note

- (1)Where a member of the Salary Compensation Committee may be relieved from duties before the end of the fiscal year, please specify the date of his/her discharge in the 'Remarks' Section. His/her actual attendance rate (%) to the meetings of the Committee shall be calculated on the basis of the number of meetings called and actual number of sessions he/she attended, during his/her term of office.
- (2) Where an election may be held for filling the vacancies of members of the Salary Compensation Committee before the end of the fiscal year, please list out both the new and the discharged Committee members and specify if they are the former members, or newly elected, re-elected, and also the date of the reelection. Their actual attendance rate (%) to the meetings of the Salary Compensation Committee shall be calculated on the basis of the number of meetings called and the actual number of sessions they attended, during the term of office.
- 3. Agenda discussed by Salary Compensation Committee members and resolution and response to the members' opinions

Date	Motion
March 21, 2023	2022 Employee and director remuneration distribution plan
	Resolution by the Salary Compensation Committee: Approved by the whole present members unanimously and submitted to the Board of Directors for resolution.
	How the Company responds to the members' opinions: Approved by the whole present directors unanimously.
August 8, 2023	2022 Director remuneration distribution plan
	Resolution by the Salary Compensation Committee: Approved by the whole present members unanimously and submitted to the Board of Directors for resolution.
	How the Company responds to the members' opinions: Approved by the whole present directors unanimously.

# (V) Implementation status of sustainable development:

Implementation Status of Sustainable Development and Differences from The Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies and the reasons therefor.

Items			Implementation status (Note 1)	Differences from the Sustainable  Development Best Practice
		No	Summary description (Note 2)	Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed  Companies and the reasons therefor.
Has the Company established a governance structure to promote sustainable development, and set up a dedicated (part-time) unit to promote sustainable development, which is authorized by the Board Meeting to be handled by senior management, and the supervision situation of the Board Meeting?	V		The Company established the unit dedicated to corporate social responsibility, "Sustainability & Quality Assurance Dept," in 2004, which is responsible for promoting and implementing the ESG issues, such as environmental protection, energy conservation and carbon reduction, human rights, working environment safety and health, etc Meanwhile, it helps enactment of polices and management guidelines to manage overseas subsidiaries' compliance and responsible performance in the terms of environment and society. It feeds back to the directors the ESG practices periodically each year. A meeting was convened on November 8, 2023. The Board of Directors indicated that it would follow the policy.  Additionally, the Tainan Enterprise Arts & Culture Foundation also promotes social responsibility-related actions, cultivates local communities, and actively engages in sustainability-related activities in other counties and cities, and regularly reports the results of its activities to the directors every year.	None
II. Does the Company conduct risk evaluations on environmental, social and corporate governance issues related to the Company's operations in accordance with the materiality principle, and formulate relevant risk management policies or strategies? (Note2)	V		The Company sends questionnaires to stakeholders and internal senior leaders to identify significant environmental, social and corporate governance-related issues based on the materiality principle, conducts risk identification based on the issues, evaluates the contents, and formulates corresponding management strategies and plans to control risks.	None
III. Environmental issues  (I) Has the Company set up an appropriate environmental management system based on	V		The Company has established environmental management systems in accordance with the local regulations of each plant.  1. With cloud-based energy monitoring system, we can monitor energy	None

the characteristics of its industry?		usage in the plants in Cambodia, Vietnam and Indonesia in real time.
		2. We have introduced water saving machine and waste water recycling system to reduce water
		usage.
		3. We use the Higg FEM environmental management module to review annual environmental
		performance, regularly train employees and
		promote energy saving awareness to enhance the environmental management mechanism of
		each plant.
		4. Solar power system with installed capacity 100KWC is installed at Cambodia washing factory.
(II) Is the Company committed to improving the	V	1. The Vietnam and Cambodia plants use biomass energy to fuel their boilers. The biomass None
efficiency of resource utilization and using		energy made from rice bran and wood chips significantly reduces the use of coal and diesel.
recycled materials with low impact on the		The Company's factory in Tainan is also throwing its support behind the government's push to
environment?		build a low-carbon homeland by replacing industrial boilers to improve air quality. The
		factory's heavy oil boiler was replaced with natural gas boiler at the end of 2019. The switch to
		natural gas, low-polluting gas fuel, will reduce GHG emissions and improve air quality.
		2. The Vietnam factory has installed solar panels to provide 8,500 kWh of electricity for
		streetlights, parking lot and related equipment. The factory design incorporated green
		building concepts and was certified by the US Green Building Council as a LEED International
		Green Building in 2017. It is an environmentally friendly green factory that helps reduce
		energy consumption and greenhouse gas emissions.
		3. In 2019, the Cambodian plant introduced fully automatic washing machines to address the
		problem of water scarcity. Compared with the traditional washing machine, the fully automatic
		washing machine can reduce the water bath ratio by 50%, and reduce the amount of chemical
		and waste water emissions at the same time. The large loading capacity and centralized
		dosing system reduce the variables and losses. In addition, the fully automatic washing
		machine can be operated by one person and multiple machines, using the computer program
		to set the bath ratio, temperature, rotation speed and dewatering of each section of the water
		washing, which can be completed in one machine. The advantages of small footprint and large
		loading capacity reduce the number of machines, cost and maintenance expenses, and

		improve the problem of wet and slippery floor in the working environment, reducing clothing contamination and work safety accidents.  4. All of Tainan Enterprises' overseas plants have passed the RCS (Recycled Claim Standard) certification, and use fabrics with at least 5% recycled content to separate production from general fabrics, ensuring that 100% of products are made from recycled materials. The use of recycled fabrics reduces the damage to the environment and the reliance on general fabrics, thus achieving the corporate goal of green and sustainable production.
(III) Does the Company evaluate the potential risks and opportunities of climate change to the Company now and in the future, and take corresponding measures to respond to climate related issues?	V	In reference to the "TCFD" framework released by Financial Stability Board (FSB), the Company assesses the transformation risk, tangible risk, opportunities and management policy caused to the factory by the climate changes, in order to mitigate the financial impact posed by the climate risk.
(IV) Does the Company make statistics on greenhouse gas emissions, water consumption and total weight of waste for the past two years, and formulate policies for energy conservation and carbon reduction, greenhouse gas reduction, water consumption reduction or other waste management?	V	(1) Greenhouse gas The Company did a greenhouse gas inventory internally, and the total greenhouse gas emissions of the plants in 2022 were 13,935 metric tons of CO2e, and 14,323 metric tons of CO2e in 2023. (2) Water consumption: Tainan Enterprises has continued to manage water consumption in accordance with the United Nations 2030 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). In addition, the Company has introduced condensate recycling and waste water recovery technologies in its Cambodian washing plant, as well as a fully automatic washing machine optimization process to reduce water consumption directly from the front end. Via the process wastewater recovery and reuse systems installed at the Company's Cambodia factory, wastewater from the production process is treated and fed back into the clean water tank for reuse. The factory achieved "Zero Wastewater Discharge" in 2021 with 100% recycling of process and domestic wastewater. The reclaimed water was divided by quality for production and domestic use, thus reducing the surface water consumption. Total water consumption of the Company in 2023 was 275,959 cubic meters, down 3.5% compared to that (285,958 cubic meters) in the same period last year.  (3) WasteWaste

				2022	2023	]	
			General	1,149.15 tons	1,152.14 tons		
			business				
			waste				
			Hazardous	685.53 tons	686.9 tons		
			business				
			waste				
IV. Social issues	V	1.	Adopt the inte	rnational human ri	ights standards of t	the International Labor Organization (ILO),	None
(I) Has the company formulated relevant			prohibit child	labor and forced I	abor, and conduct	regular third-party accreditation of WRAP	
management policies and procedures in			(Worldwide Re	esponsible Accredi	ted Production), SL	LCP (Social & Labor Convergence Program)	
accordance with relevant laws and regulations as			or Better Work	every year to ensu	ure employee right	s, recruitment and termination processes.	
well as the International Bill of Human Rights?		2.	The age and id	lentity documents	of employees are v	verified before hiring. Only those that reach	
			the local minin	num age can be hi	red.		
		3.	The Human Re	esources Departme	ent provides educa	ation and training to employees upon their	
			arrival, informs	them of their righ	its and benefits,		
			and publishes	the rights and ben	efits information fo	or them to check at any time.	
		4.	Implement the	e zero-payment po	licy with respect to	the foreign migrant workers at factories to	
			reduce the mig	grant workers' wor	k burden in Taiwan	n,	
			and conduct t	he GBV (Gender-E	Based Violence – P	Prevention & Response) sexual harassment	
			prevention and	d control project	at overseas factor	ies to raise employees' awareness toward	
			sexual harassm	nent.			
(II) Whether the Company has formulated and	V	The	Company provi	des good working	conditions and tak	es adequate care of the physical and mental	None
implemented reasonable employee welfare						ng without any worries, with the following	
measures (including remuneration, vacation and			efits defined:		- *		
other benefits, etc.), and appropriately reflects		1.	The Company	will review the ove	erall operating perf	ormance every year and distribute a certain	
operating performance or results in employee			•		as employee bonu		
remuneration?		2.		•			
remuneration?		2.	A high trust s	ubsidy is provided	l to encourage en	nployees to participate in stock ownership	

	1	т т		
			trusts, so that they can accumulate personal wealth through long-term investment to protect	
			their future retirement or retirement life.	
			3. Take out employee group insurance to protect the safety and well-being of our employees.	
			4. Provide subsidies for club activities so that employees can cultivate interests and promote	
			communication while working.	
			5. Provide wedding gifts, birthday gifts, maternity allowances, employee benefits, and travel	
			subsidies.	
			6. Establish an employee welfare committee to plan and implement employee welfare.	
(III) Does the Company provide employees with a	V		Implement "occupational health and safety management", continuously improve and update the	None
safe and healthy working environment, and			management system to reduce potential environmental hazards, comply with the Occupational	
related education?			Safety and Health Act, the Labor Health Protection Rules and other local labor regulations, ensure	
			safety in the working environment, and protect employees from occupational injuries and diseases.	
			The "Occupational Safety and Health Committee" established at each factory of the Company is	
			responsible for the development, supervision, implementation and tracking of relevant policies and	
			actions in each factory. The committee meets regularly and is composed of member	
			representatives and employee representatives to ensure the operation of the management system	
			and to continuously track the improvement results of problems and conduct reviews and	
			confirmations.	
			Annual occupational safety training is conducted by the Company for employees. In addition to	
			basic safety training for new employees in applicable positions, we also continue to track changes	
			in government regulations and customer requirements/guidelines then update our safety rules and	
			training for employees accordingly. Topics covered by training include Safe machine operation,	
			use of personal protective equipment, safe handling of chemicals, operational safety, first-aid, and	
			health education. The training program at each factory persisted for about 75 hours in total,	
			attended by a total of 20,000 participants. For details, please refer to the Sustainability Report, 4.4	
			Occupational Health and Safety.	
			In 2023, there were no fire incidents at any of the Company's business locations.	

(IV) Has the Company established an effective career	V	The Company provides appropriate education and training programs for employees, including pre-	None
development training program for employees?		employment training for new employees and on-the-job training for employees. In addition, we	
		strengthen professional knowledge and skills training, develop second expertise, cultivate	
		management functions, and obtain relevant licenses for employees with different attributes. In	
		2022, the total number of training hours for the Taipei and Tainan offices were 167 hours, with 761	
		participants.	
		By introducing TTQS and integrating information systems, we have improved the training results of	
		Tainan enterprises and participated in the 2021 annual TTQS assessment, which was recognized for	
		the first time. We will continue to implement TTQS and promote the continuous improvement	
		mechanism of training quality to enhance the operation efficiency of the talent training system,	
		cultivate diversified talents and strengthen international competitiveness.	
		With the increasing impact of climate change, it is imperative to practice sustainability. Tainan	
		Enterprises joined Unity Good's iLab for sustainability in 2022, and send personnel to participate in	
		sustainability-related education and training every month for a total of 21 hours. In addition, we have	
		hired external lectures to train management for a total of 6 hours to deepen the concept of	
		sustainability in our business culture.	
(V) Does the Company comply with relevant laws and	V	Tainan enterprises plans production processes to achieve product safety, and different products have	None
regulations and international standards regarding		different safety due to their different characteristics and use requirements. Through various tests,	
customer health and safety, customer privacy,		including durability, color fastness, physical properties, and safety tests, we are able to produce	
marketing and labeling of products and services,		products that customers and consumers can use with peace of mind. The Company discloses the	
and establish relevant customer rights protection		composition of our products in accordance with global product labeling standards. There were no	
policies and complaint procedures?		violations of customer labeling rules in 2022.	
		Our strict internal management prohibits the plants from selling any customer-branded products or	
		raw materials, or photos of any branded products, and keeps proper records of all transactions,	
		including all raw material purchase records, detailed inventory records, sample numbers, quantities,	
		and production dates, until the products are sold or destroyed. The plants shall maintain brand labels	
		in a secure storage area with strict controls to protect any branded items during the production	
		process and to track the movement of the items throughout the production cycle.	

(VI) Has the Company formulated supplier	V	Tainan Enterprises' business partners are required to strictly comply with the Company's "Supplier None
management policies that require suppliers to		Code of Conduct", including reasonable working hours, wages, and employment of employees, and
follow relevant regulations on issues such as		Tainan Enterprises strictly prohibits the use of products with forced labor risks. If any
environmental protection, occupational safety and		forced/compulsory labor incident is found in the supply chain or upstream vendors, or any violation
health, or labor rights, and monitor their		of the "Supplier Code of Conduct" or "Supplier Social Responsibility Commitment", Tainan
implementation?		Enterprises will inform the offending vendor and brand customers and ask the vendor to take
		improvement measures.
		We also require suppliers to sign the "Supplier Social Responsibility Commitment" annually, which
		is based on the 12 principles of the WRAP International Social Responsibility Accreditation and
		incorporates human rights, environmental, and shipping safety-related regulations, and pledges to
		comply with the Supplier Anti-Terrorism Code, which was developed in accordance with the C-TPAT
		U.S. Customs Business Coalition Against Terrorism's Factory and Shipping Safety Management
		Guidelines. Also fill out the "Supplier Anti-Terrorism Security Self-Assessment Questionnaire" and
		provide C-TPAT and GSV certifications to assess the risk level of suppliers and to increase
		transparency and trust.
V. Does the Company make reference to international	V	The Tainan Enterprises Sustainability Report is based on the GRI Guidelines published by the Global No certification has been obtained
reporting standards or guidelines to prepare the		Reporting Initiatives (GRI), and follows the GRI Guidelines in accordance with the GRI Guidelines: Core yet
sustainability report or other reports that disclose		Options. Also implement the framework of the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB),
non-financial information about the Company?		which discloses the performance of key indicators related to this industry.
Has the confirmation or assurance opinion from		
third-party certifying institutions been obtained		
for the reports of the preceding paragraph?		

		No	Implementation status (Note 1)	Differences from the Sustainable
	Yes No		Development Be	Development Best Practice
Items			Summary description (Note 2)	Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed
				Companies and the reasons
				therefor.

VI. If the Company has related practice principles of its own in accordance with the "Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies", please state the differences between the two and the implementation status: None.

VIII. Other important information that is helpful to understand the implementation of sustainable development.:

Since 2H of 2023, in addition to the inventory performed internally, the Head Office has taken the initiative to implement the ISO 14064-1 GHG inventory framework. The inventories on Scope 1, 2 and 3 are expected to be completed in 1H of 2024, and the transportation emissions to be included into the Company's GHG management practices for the first time. According to the Sustainability Team Plan, the framework is expected to be implemented throughout 7 factory premises of the Company by 2026.

Note 1: If the implementation status is specified "Yes," please specifically explain the key policies, strategies, and measures taken and the execution progress. If the implementation status is specified "No," please explain deviation and cause of deviation in the field titled "Deviation from Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies and causes thereof," and state any policy, strategy, and measure planned for the future. Notwithstanding, with respect to the Items 1 and 2, the TWSE/TPEx listed company shall specify the governance and supervision framework of the sustainable development, including but not limited to, the enactment of management policies, strategies and targets, and review on the measures, etc...

Note 2: The materiality principle refers to any environmental, social and corporate governance issue that is of material impact to the Company's investors and stakeholders.

Note 3: For the method by which such information shall be disclosed, please refer to the sample annual report disclosed on the website of TWSE Corporate Governance Center.

# (VI) Implementation of climate-related information:

# Climate-related information of TWSE/TPEx listed company

Item		Im	plementation	status:								
(I)	Please describe the supervision and governance	Ιnι	In reference to the "TCFD" framework released by Financial Stability Board (FSB), the Company assesses the transformation risk,									
	of climate-related risks and opportunities by the	tangible risk, opportunities and management policy caused to the factory by the climate changes, in order to mitigate the										
	Board of Directors and management.	fina	financial impact posed by the climate risk. Meanwhile, Sustainability & Quality Assurance Dept shall report the assessment resu									
		to the General Manager and Board of Directors periodically.										
(II)	Please describe how the identified climate risks											
	and opportunities affect the enterprise's	The	e Task Force	on Climate-Related I	Financial Disclosures (TCFD	) framework was applied	to evaluate the impact on cost and					
	business, strategies and finance (short-term,	rev	enue, take in	ventory of company	resources, and develop a r	isk management approa	ch that would mitigate the impact of					
	mid-term and long-term).	clir	nate change	on company operati	ions, strengthen the compa	ny's flexibility and adapt	ability, as well as take advantage of the					
(III)	Please describe the impact posed by extreme	tra	nsformation o	opportunities offere	d by climate change.							
	climate incidents and transformation actions to			Risk	Description	Financial effect	Administration					
	the finance.	•					1. Set up drying chamber and install					
(IV)	Please describe how the identification, assessment and management procedures of climate risk is integrated into the overall risk management system.  If scenario analysis is applied to assess the	-	Physical	Flooding, storms / Rise in sea level	Storms can increase     humidity in the factory     so raw materials and     products are more     likely to become moldy	I. Increase in the cost of storage for raw materials and products	humidity-control machines to maintain the humidity within the factory at a suitable level for storing products and raw materials.  2. Raise the foundations of the					
(VI)	resilience in the response to climate change risks, please describe the applied scenarios, parameters, assumptions, analysis factors and major financial impacts.  If any transformation plan in response to the climate risk management is available, please	-	risk		or spoiled.  2. More frequent flooding can lead to factory stoppages	2. Factory stoppages lead to reduced income and higher cost of shipping	factory or relocate factory to higher ground  3. Transfer production to alternate factories in other regions  4. Set up a backup transportation plan with multiple channels					
	describe the contents of the plan, and indicators											

and purposes for identification and management of tangible risk and transformation risk.	uncer	rtainty in	Impact on production process from uncertain water and electricity supply	Higher production costs	<ol> <li>Introduction of         wastewater/rainwater         recovery system in the factory</li> <li>Purchase of energy-saving         and water-saving machinery</li> <li>Build green factories and         obtain green building         certification</li> <li>Switch to diesel generators         during power outages</li> </ol>
	Highe temp		Increased electricity consumption and risk of power restrictions	Impact on production process leads to higher product costs and reduced operating income	Introduction of renewable energy at the factory     Build green factories and obtain green building certification
	produ raw m due to anom	uction of naterials to climate nalies	Extreme climate events such as droughts, higher temperatures, and flooding can lead to lower production of raw materials and higher prices	Higher raw material sourcing costs	1. RCS certification for factories and the use of fabrics containing recycled materials to reduce dependence on raw materials  2. Use of packaging materials containing recycled materials for product packaging
		emission osure and	Domestic/overseas plans to impose carbon	Higher production costs	Introduction of renewable energy at the factory

	international	tariffs will		2. Periodic internal GHG emission
	carbon pricing	directly/indirectly		inventory
	mechanism	impact on operating		3. Set up green production processes
		costs.		in the factory and purchase low-
				carbon machines
	Low-carbon	Acquire low-carbon	Higher R&D costs	Purchase low-carbon and
	technology	technology and	Higher operating	water-saving machinery
	development	develop low-carbon	costs	2. Development of low-carbon
	and	merchandise to reduce		products based on green
	transformation	impact on the		design and obtaining related
		environment as well as		low-carbon/recycling
- (		satisfy		certifications
Transfor		customer/consumer		
mation		demand for products		
risk		made with sustainable		
		processes		
		1. Drastic changes in		1 . D
		the climate is spurring		1. Purchase of energy-saving and
	Growing	growing consumer		water-saving machinery to
	environmental	awareness on		reduce impact on the
	awareness	environmental	High an DOOD again	environment
	among	protection	Higher R&D costs	Develop environmentally  friendly products based on
	customers and	2. Customer		friendly products based on
	in the market	requirements on		green design and obtaining of
		environmental		related environmental and
		protection at the		product certifications

	1									
			factory now exceed							
			local regulations and							
			also promoting the use							
			of environmentally							
			friendly products							
(VII) If the internal carbon pricing is applied as the	No internal carl	oon pricing is set.								
planning tool, please describe the pricing basis.										
(VIII) If any climate-related targets are set, please	The Company p	The Company plans to reduce GHG emission by 30% per unit in 2030. The record year is 2018. The scope covers Tainan Factory,								
describe the involved activities, scope of GHG	Yixing Gaoqing Factory, Jakarta Factory & Solo Factory, Cambodia Factory, Vietnam Factory and Jin-Sovann Factory.									
emission, planned schedule, and achieved	It also plans to	It also plans to complete the inspection on Tainan Factory in 2024 and annual investigation, and the inspection on overseas								
progress of each year. If carbon offsets or RECs	subsidiaries in 2	2027 and investigatio	n for 2029.							
are applied to achieve related targets, please	In 2023, Indone	esia Factory purchase	d 1117 RECs for the offset.							
also describe the source and quantity of the limit										
of offset carbon or quantity of RECs.										
(IX) GHG inventories and assurances, as well <u>as</u>	The Company o	onducts the internal	GHG inventory on its own	for the time being. How	ever, it has not received any assurance of					
reduction targets, strategies, and concrete	certification.									
action plans (complete 1-1 and 1-2 separately).										

### 1-1 GHG inventory and assurance for the most recent two years

### 1-1-1 GHG Inventory Information

Describe the GHG emission volume (metric tons CO 2 e), intensity (metric tons CO 2 e/NTD million), and data coverage for the most recent two years.

2022 GHG emissions (Scopes 1 and 2): 13,935 CO2e, intensity 2.12

2023 GHG emissions (Scopes 1 and 2): 14,323 CO2e, intensity 2.2

### 1-1-2 GHG Assurance Information

Describe the status of assurance in the last 2 years up to the date of publication of the annual report, including the scope of assurance, institutions of assurance, assurance criteria, and assurance opinions

The Company conducts the internal GHG inventory on its own for the time being. However, it has not received any assurance or certification.

### 1-2 GHG reduction goals, strategies and concrete action plans

Describe the GHG reduction base year and data, reduction goals, strategies, and concrete action plans and achievement of the reduction goals.

Based on Scope 1 and 2 of the self-inventory, taking 2018 as the base year, we aim to reduce the GHG emission intensity (emission volume/million turnover) by 30% by 2030.

(VI) The Company's fulfillment of ethical corporate management and the measures taken:

Implementation of ethical corporate management and the differences from the Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies and the reasons therefor.

			Differences from the			
	valuation item		No		Summary description	Ethical Corporate  Management for  TWSE/TPEx Listed  Companies and the  reasons therefor.
I. (I)	Formulate ethical corporate management policy and plan  Has the Company formulated an ethical corporate management policy approved by the Board Meeting, and are the policy and practice of ethical corporate management stated in the Company's regulations and external documents, as well as the commitment of the Board Meeting and the senior management to actively implement the policy?	V		(I)	The Company has adopted the "Ethical Management Best Practice Principles" as approved by the Board of Directors, and expressly stated the Company's ethical management policies and practices in the Company's Articles of Incorporation and external documents, and also implemented the same strictly	
(II)	Whether the Company has established a mechanism for evaluating the risk of unethical conduct, regularly analyzes and evaluates the activities in the scope of business with a higher risk of unethical conduct, and on the basis of this, has formulated a plan to prevent unethical conduct, which covers at least the preventive measures for the conduct set out in Paragraph 2 of Article 7 of the "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies"?	V		(II)	The Company has established the "Employee Code of Conduct" as a guideline and regulation for employees in carrying out company operations, and regularly promotes the spirit of ethics through employee education and training.	There has been no significant differences.
(III)	Whether the Company has specified operating procedures, conduct guidelines, and disciplinary and complaint systems for violations in the plan to prevent unethical conduct and implemented the plan as well as regularly reviews and amends it?	V		(III)	The Company requires all employees to refrain from accepting kickbacks, commissions or valuable gifts and extravagant hospitality from customers, vendors, or business-related people. The Company provides a safe and healthy work environment, fair opportunities, and is committed to maintaining a fair and lawful long-term relationship between customers and suppliers, resulting in a win-win partnership.	

II.	Implementation of ethical corporate management		(I)	In order to establish a corporate culture of ethical management and sound	
(I)	Does the Company evaluate the ethical records of its counterparties and	V		development, the Company has established the "Corporate Ethical Management	:
	specify the ethical conduct clauses in the contracts signed with the			Best Practice Principles" with reference to the "Ethical Corporate Management Best	:
	counterparties?			Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and related laws and	
				regulations, The content of the provisions requires the Company toassess the	
				cooperativeness of its business partners and whether they have a record of unethica	ı
				behavior before establishing business relationships to ensure that their business	;
				practices are fair and transparent and that they do not ask, offer or accept bribes.	
(II)	Does the Company have a dedicated unit under the Board of Directors to	V	(II)	The Company has established the unit dedicated to ethical corporate management	
	promote ethical corporate management and report regularly (at least			subordinated to the Board of Directors, namely the Company's HR Dept It will also	
	once a year) to the Board Meeting on its ethical management policy and			report the implementation status to the Board of Directors periodically (at least for	
	plan to prevent unethical conduct and monitor their implementation?			once per year). The implementation status report for the current year has been	T
				submitted to the Board of Directors on November 8, 2023.	There has been no
(III)	Does the Company have a policy to prevent conflict of interest, provide	V	(III)	The Company has established a policy to prevent conflict of interest in the "Employee	significant e differences.
	appropriate channels for explanation, and implement it?			Code of Conduct," and if any violation is found, it shall be reported to the managerial	
				officer or HR officer, etc	
(IV)	Whether the Company has established an effective accounting system	V	(IV)	The Company has established various accounting systems (e.g., in accordance with	
	and internal control system for the implementation of ethical corporate			the Securities and Exchange Act, the Regulations Governing the Preparation of	F
	management, and the internal audit unit draws up relevant audit plans			Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, International Financial Reporting Standards	5
	based on the evaluation results of risk of unethical conduct, and audits			approved by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC), International Accounting	
	the compliance of the plan to prevent unethical conduct or entrusts a CPA			Standards, interpretations, explanatory pronouncements, and other relevant laws	;
	to perform the audit?			and regulations ) and internal control systems (e.g., in accordance with the	
				Regulations Governing Establishment of Internal Control Systems by Public	
				Companies ), and has Internal audit personnel regularly review the compliance status	;
(V)	Does the Company regularly organize internal and external education and	V		to ensure the effectiveness of the system design and implementation.	
	training on ethical corporate management?		(V)	The Company regularly conducts education and training or promotion of ethica	

		Differences from the		
-				Ethical Corporate
				Management for
valuation item	Yes	No	Summary description	TWSE/TPEx Listed
				Companies and the
				reasons therefor.
			corporate management.	
III. The operation of the Company's whistleblower reporting system			(I) The Company has established a whistleblower reporting and disciplinary system in	
(I) Has the Company set up a specific whistleblower reporting and reward	V		the "Employee Code of Conduct", and will assign dedicated personnel to investigate	
system and a convenient reporting channel, and designated appropriate			and handle any reported cases.	
personnel to deal with the reported matters?				There has been no
(II) Has the Company formulated standard operating procedures for the	V		(II) The Company's communication and response procedures specify that the relevant	significant
investigation of the reported matters, follow-up measures to be taken			leaders are responsible for maintaining the confidentiality of the data of the parties	differences.
after the completion of the investigation, and the relevant confidentiality			concerned.	
mechanisms?	V			
(III) Whether the Company takes measures to protect whistleblowers from			(III) The complaint handling process protects the complainant from improper handling	
being improperly handled due to reporting?			due to the complaint.	
IV. Enhance Information Disclosure	V		The Company's "Corporate Ethical Management Best Practice Principles" and the	There has been no
Does the Company disclose the content and effectiveness of its Ethical			implementation status thereof have been published and disclosed on the Company's website,	
Corporate Management Principles on its website and the Market			and the current status of promotion and implementation is normal.	significant
Observation Post System?				differences.
V. If the Company has related practice principles of its own in accordance	with t	he "Co	rporate Ethical Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies", please	state the differences
between the two and the implementation status: None.				
The current status of promotion and implementation is normal.				

				Differences from the						
					Ethical Corporate					
	valuation items				Management for					
	valuation item	Yes	No	Summary description	TWSE/TPEx Listed					
					Companies and the					
					reasons therefor.					
VI.	Other important information that is helpful to understand the implementa	tion of	ethica	al corporate management (For example, the Company's review on and amendments to its ethic	al corporate					
	management principles):									
	The Company's "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles" was approved by the Board of Directors on August 4, 2017. The amendments thereto were approved by the Board of Directors on									
	August 13, 2019.									

Note: The implementation status, whether "Yes" or "No" is checked, should be stated in summary description.

- (VII) If the Company has formulated the "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles" and related rules, it shall disclose its inquiry methods: public disclosure through company's website
- (VIII) Other important information that is helpful to understand the Company's implementation of corporate governance: None.

(IX)Disclosures relating to the implementation of the internal control system:

1. Declaration of Internal Control

Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.

Statement of Internal Control System

Date: March 7, 2024

The Company hereby states the results of the self-evaluation of the internal control system for 2023 based on the findings of the self-assessment:

- I. The Company acknowledges that the establishment, implementation and maintenance of internal control system is the responsibility of the Board of the Directors and managerial officer, and the Company has already established such an internal control system. The purpose of this system is to provide reasonable assurance in terms of business performance, efficiency (including profitability, performance, asset security), reliable, timely and transparent financial reporting, and regulatory compliance.
- II. The internal control system has its inherent limitations, and regardless of how perfect the design is, the effectiveness of the internal control system can only provide reasonable assurance to the achievement of the aforementioned three objectives. In addition, due to the change of the environment and circumstances, the effectiveness of the internal control system may be changed. However, the internal control system of the Company is equipped with a self-monitoring mechanisms, and the Company will take corrective actions once any deficiency is identified.
- III. The Company judges whether the design and implementation of the internal control system is effective based on the criteria for judging the effectiveness of the internal control system set out in the Regulations Governing Establishment of Internal Control Systems by Public Companies (hereinafter referred to as the "Regulations"). The internal control system determination items adopted in the aforementioned "Regulations" is to classify the internal control system into the following five composition elements according to the management control process: 1. Control environment, 2. Risk evaluation and response, 3. Procedural control, 4. Information and communication, 5. Supervision. Each constituent element further includes several items. For more information on the aforementioned items, please refer to the "Regulations".
- IV. The Company has adopted the aforesaid assessment items for the internal control system to determine whether the design and implementation of the internal control system are effective.
- V. Based on the results of the assessment in the preceding paragraph, the Company is of the opinion that, as of December 31, 2023, the internal control system (including the supervision and management of its subsidiaries), including the understanding the effectiveness of operations and the extent to which efficiency targets are achieved, reliable, timely, and transparent reporting, and compliance with applicable rules and applicable laws and regulations, is effective and can reasonably assure the achievement of the foregoing objectives.
- VI. This statement will form the main content of the Company's annual report and prospectus and will be made public. Any illegal misrepresentation or non-disclosure in the public statement above is subject to the legal consequences described in Articles 20, 32, 171, and 174 of the Securities and Exchange Act.
- VII. This declaration was approved at the Company's board of directors meeting held on March 7, 2024. None of the 11 directors present to the meeting held any objections, and unanimously agreed to the contents of this declaration.

Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd. Chairman: General Manager:



- 2. If the internal control system was reviewed by an external CPA, the result of such review must be disclosed: N/A.
- (X) The punishments received by the Company and its internal personnel in accordance with laws, the punishment, material deficiencies and improvement by the Company against its internal personnel in the most recent fiscal year and as of the date of publication of the annual report, where the result of such penalty could have a material effect on shareholder equity or securities prices: None.
- (XI) Important resolutions made by shareholders' meetings and Board Meeting in the most recent year and until the date of publication of the annual report: Please refer to Pages 139~142 and Page 142~160 herein.
- (XII) The main contents of important resolutions of the Board Meeting passed but with directors or supervisors voicing opposing opinions on the record or in writing during the most recent year and up to the date of publication of the annual report: None.
- (XIII) Summary of resignation/dismissal of the persons related to the financial statements (including the Company's Chairman, General Manager, accounting manager, financial manager, internal audit officer and chief corporate governance officer) in the most recent year and as of the date of publication of the annual report: None.

### V. Disclosure of external auditors' fees:

Unit: NT\$ Thousand

Name of CPA Firm	Name of CPA	CPAAudited Period	Audit Fee	Non-Audit Fee	Total	Remarks
	Tien Chung-Yu			Transfer pricing audit fee		
		January 1,		NT\$300 thousand, master file		-
		2023		reporting NT\$550 thousand,		
PwC Taiwan		~	7,975	commercial and industrial	9,096	
	Hsu Huei-Yu	December		registration fees NT\$271		
		31, 2023		thousand, <i>i.e.,</i> NT\$1,121		
				thousand in total		

- (1) Non-audit fees paid to the external auditors, to the firm of the external auditors and/or to any affiliated enterprise of such firm are one quarter or more of the audit fees paid thereto: N/A.
- (2) If a change of CPA firm resulted in a lower audit fee for that year compared to the previous year: None.
- (3) If the audit fee was reduced by more than 10% from the previous year: None.
- VI. Information about the Change of the CPAs: In response to the internal administrative organization's adjustment of PwC Taiwan, the external auditors of the Company's financial statements have been changed from Tien Chung-Yu CPA and Lin Tze-Yu, CPA to Tien Chung-Yu, CPA and Hsu Huei-Yu CPA since Q2 of 2023, in order to continue provide the audit and certification services for financial statements.
- VII. If the Company's Chairman, General Manager or managers involved in financial or accounting affairs were employed by the external auditors' firm or any of its affiliated company within the most recent year, please disclose their names, job titles and terms of employment by the firm or any of its affiliated companies: None.

VIII. Details of shares transferred or pledged by directors, supervisors, managers, and shareholders with more than 10% ownership interest in the most recent year up until the date of publication of this annual report

		2023		Until March 31 of the current year		Remarks
Job Title	Name	Increase	Increase	Increase	Increase	
		(decrease) in	(decrease) in	(decrease) in	(decrease) in	
		shares held	shares pledged	shares held	shares pledged	
		(Thousand	(Thousand	(Thousand	(Thousand	
		shares)	shares)	shares)	shares)	
Chairman of the Board	Yang Ching-Hon	-	-	-	-	
Director	Jing Da Development Co., Ltd.	-	-	-	-	
Director	Liang Dao Investment Co., Ltd.	-	-	-	-	
Director	Xin Wang Ai Investment Co., Ltd.	-	-	-	-	
Director	Tian Mei Investment Co., Ltd.	-	-	-	-	
Director	Ri Fu Investment Co., Ltd.	-	-	=	-	
Director	Tai Yang Investment Co., Ltd.	-	-	-	-	
Director	CHC International Investment Co.,	-	4,500	-	-	
	Ltd					
Independent Director	Lien King-Biau	-	-	N/A	N/A	June 15, 2020
						to June 14,
						2023.
Independent Director	Pai Chung-Lian	-	-	N/A	N/A	June 15, 2020
						to June 14,
						2023.
Independent Director	Li Chih-Kuang	-	-	N/A	N/A	June 15, 2020
						to June 14,
						2023.
Independent Director	Lee Li-Ying	-	-	-	-	Assume the
	-					position on
						June 21, 2023
Independent Director	Sher Jih-Hsin	-	-	-	-	Assume the
						position on
						June 21, 2023
Independent Director	Tuanmu Cheng	_	_	_	_	Assume the
independent birector	Tuaninu Cherig	-	_	-	_	position on
						June 21, 2023
General Manager	Yang Shun-Hui	_	_	N/A	N/A	2023/3/30
General Manager	Tally Siluli-Hul	-	_	IN/A	IN/A	Retire
	Hsieh Yiu-Chin	_	_	-	_	Assume the
General Manager	risicii ilu Cilii					position on
Serierai Manager						April 1, 2023
General Manager, Sport	Su Chiung-Chung	_	_	_	_	πριπ 1, 2023
Management Division	Ja Chiang Chang					
General Manager Office	Wang Sheng-Po	_	_	_	_	
and concurrently Senior	Truing Sticing 10	_		_		
Vice President of the						
Logistics Management						
Division						
ווטופועום						

		20	)23	Until March 31 o	f the current year	Remarks
Job Title	Name	Increase	Increase	Increase	Increase	
		(decrease) in	(decrease) in	(decrease) in	(decrease) in	
		shares held	shares pledged	shares held	shares pledged	
		(Thousand	(Thousand	(Thousand	(Thousand	
		shares)	shares)	shares)	shares)	
Vice President of Sales	Chin Nien-Ting	-	-	N/A	N/A	2023/5/18
Division						Resign
Vice President, Sales Dept.	Huang Hsin-Hsin	(4)	-	N/A	N/A	2023/6/30
						Resign
Vice President, Sales Dept.	Chu Chin-E	-	-	-	-	Assume the
						position on Aug
						8, 2023
Vice President, Sales Dept.	Chiang Mei-Hu	-	-	-	-	Assume the
						position on
						Nov 8, 2023
Vice President, Sales Dept.	Liao Fang-Ying	(19)	-		-	-
Vice President, Sales Dept.	Tung Yu-Ju	-	-	-	-	-
Vice President of the	Ke Ying-Hsuan	-	-	-	-	-
Development Dept.						
Chief Finance Officer	Wu Chien-Der	-	-	-	-	-
Manager of the	Tsai Chen-Chih	-	-	-	-	-
Accounting Dept.						

Note: No information about equity transfer is required to be specified for this year, as the counterpart of the equity transfer or equity pledge is not a related party.

									viaiCii 25, 202
Name	Shares held in own name			Shares held by spouse or underage children		Shares held in another person's name		If the top 10 shareholders are related parties or are spouses, relatives within 2nd degree of kinship, the titles or names and relations.	
	Quantity of shares (thousand shares)		Quantity of shares (thousand shares)	Share- holdings	Quantity of shares (thousand shares)	Share- holdings Ratio	Designation (or Name)	Relation- ship	
CMC Magnetics Corp.	11, 669	7. 98	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
							Liang Dao Investment Co., Ltd. Responsible Person: Wu Tao-Chang	Relative by marriage	
Responsible Person:	-	-	-	-	-	-	NELSON SPORT CO., LTD. Responsible Person: Yang Ching-Hon	Relative by marriage	-
Wong Ming-Sen							Jing Zong Investment Co., Ltd.: Responsible Person:Wang Fang-Chung	Relative by marriage	-
							Jun Dao Investment Co., Ltd. Responsible Person: Yang Hui-Hsin	Relative by marriage	-
CHC International Investment Co., Ltd.	9,522	6.52	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Responsible Person: Cheng Tsung-An	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	_	-
TSENG, LI-YU-LIEN	7,488	5.12	-	-	-	-	Baohong Investment Co., Ltd. Responsible Person: TSENG,BAU- TANG	Couple	
Xin Wang Ai Investment Co., Ltd.	6,501	4.45	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Responsible Person: Su Chiung-Chung	49	0.03	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Liang Dao Investment Co., Ltd.	6,160	4.21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Responsible Person: Wu Tao-Chang	75	0.05	376	0.26	-	-	Jun Dao Investment Co., Ltd. Responsible Person: Yang Hui-Hsin	Couple	-
							NELSON SPORT CO., LTD.:	Relative by	-

Name	Shares hel own nan		Shares held or underag	-	Shares held person'	l in another s name	If the top 10 shareholders are related parties or are spouses, relatives within 2nd degree of kinship, the titles or names and relations.		Remarks	
	Quantity of shares (thousand shares)		Quantity of shares (thousand shares)	Share- holdings	Quantity of shares (thousand shares)	Share- holdings Ratio	Designation (or Name)	Relation- ship		
							Responsible Person:Yang Ching-Hon	marriage		
							Jing Zong Investment Co., Ltd.: Responsible Person:Wang Fang-Chung	Relative by marriage	-	
							CMC Magnetics Corp. Responsible Person: Wong Ming-Sen	Relative by marriage	-	
NELSON SPORT CO., LTD.	5,839	4.00					TSENG, LI-YU- LIEN	Couple		
							CMC Magnetics Corp. Responsible Person: Wong Ming-Sen	Relative by marriage		
Responsible Person:							Jing Zong Investment Co., Ltd.: Responsible Person:Wang Fang-Chung	Couple		
Yang Ching-Hon							Liang Dao Investment Co., Ltd. Responsible Person: Wu Tao-Chang	Relative by marriage		
							Jun Dao Investment Co., Ltd. Responsible Person: Yang Hui-Hsin	Brother and Sister		
Baohong Investment Co., Ltd.	5,107	3.49								
Responsible Person:TSENG,BAU-TANG							TSENG ,LI-YU-LIEN	Couple		
Jing Zong Investment Co., Ltd.	4,932	3.37								
Responsible Person: Wang Fang-Chung							CMC Magnetics Corp. Responsible Person: Wong Ming-Sen	Relative by marriage		
							NELSON SPORT CO., LTD.:	Couple		

Name	Shares held in own name		Shares held by spouse or underage children		Shares held in another person's name		If the top 10 shareholders are related parties or are spouses, relatives within 2nd degree of kinship, the titles or names and relations.		Remarks
	Quantity of shares (thousand shares)		Quantity of shares (thousand shares)	Share- holdings	Quantity of shares (thousand shares)	Share- holdings Ratio	Designation (or Name)	Relation- ship	
							Responsible Person:Yang Ching-Hon Liang Dao		
							Investment Co., Ltd. Responsible Person: Wu Tao-Chang	Relative by marriage	
							Jun Dao Investment Co., Ltd. Responsible Person: Yang Hui-Hsin	Relative by marriage	
Paul Investment Co., Ltd.	4,703	3.22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Responsible Person: Liu Yu-Li	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jun Dao Investment Co., Ltd.	4,218	2.89	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
							Liang Dao Investment Co., Ltd. Responsible Person: Wu Tao-Chang	Couple	-
Responsible Person:	376	0.26	75	0.05	_		Jing Zong Investment Co., Ltd.: Responsible Person:Wang Fang-Chung	Relative by marriage	-
Yang Hui-Hsin	570	0.20	73	0.03		-	CMC Magnetics Corp. Responsible Person: Wong Ming-Sen	Relative by marriage	-
							NELSON SPORT CO., LTD.: Responsible Person:Yang Ching-Hon	Brother and Sister	-

X. Number of shares invested in a single company which are held by the Company, the Company's directors, supervisors and managers and the entities directly or indirectly controlled by the Company and consolidated shareholding percentage of the above categories

March 25, 2024

Investee (Note 1)	Investment by the Company		Investment supervisors, entities dire controlled	-	Comprehensive investment	
investee (Note 1)	Quantity of	Shareholdings	Quantity of	Shareholdings	Quantity of	Shareholdin
	shares		shares		shares	gs
	(thousand				(thousand	
	shares)				shares)	
Tainan Enterprise (BVI) Co., Ltd.	170	100.00%	-	-	170	100.00%
PT. Tainan Enterprises Indonesia	2,400	100.00%	-	-	2,400	100.00%
Tainan Enterprise (Cambodia) Co., Ltd.	1	100.00%	-	-	1	100.00%
PT.Andalan Mandiri Busana	6	100.00%	-	-	6	100.00%
Beyoung Fashion Co., Ltd.	5,050	100.00%	-	-	5,050	100.00%
Tainan Enterprises. (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	-	100.00%	-	-	-	100.00%
PT CAHAYA IDNDAH GLOBAL	1,900	100.00%	-	-	1,900	100.00%
Yixing Gaoqing Garment Co., Ltd.	-	100.00%	-	-	=	100.00%
Zhoukou Tainan Garments Co., Ltd.	-	100.00%	-	-	=	100.00%
T&G Fashion Co., Ltd.	3,300	100.00%	-	-	3,300	100.00%
Golden Harbor Garment (Cambodia)	-	100.00%	-	-	-	100.00%
Limited.						
Jin-Sovann Fashions(Cambodia) Limited	-	100.00%	-	-	-	100.00%
Camitex II (Cambodia) MFG	0.1	100.00%	-	-	0.1	100.00%

Note 1: The Company's long-term investment under equity method.

## **Four. Funding Status**

- I. Capital and Shares
  - (I) Source of capital stock

March 25, 2024

Unit: Shares; NT\$ thousand

		Authorized Ca	pital Stock	Paid-in Ca	apital	Remark		
Year/Month	Issue Price (NT\$)	Quantity of shares	Amount	Quantity of shares	Amount	Source of capital stock	Offset by any property other than cash	Others
1992/10	10	19,500,000	195,000	19,500,000	195,000	Cash capital increase 75,000	_	Note 1
1996/08	10	30,000,000	300,000	24,589,800	245,898	Recapitalization of capital surplus 29,250 Issuance of new shares upon merger 21,648	-	Note 2
1997/07	10	30,000,000	300,000	29,507,760	295,078	Recapitalization of capital surplus 24,590 Recapitalization of earnings 24,590	_	Note 3
1998/05	10	60,000,000	600,000	38,360,088	383,601	Recapitalization of capital surplus 29,508 Recapitalization of earnings 59,015	_	Note 4
1999/08	10	90,000,000	900,000	67,540,132	675,401	Cash capital increase 100,000 Recapitalization of earnings 191,800	_	Note 5
2000/08	10	94,836,200	948,362	94,836,200	948,362	Recapitalization of earnings 270,161 Recapitalization of employee bonus2,800	_	Note 6
2001/07	10	142,800,000	1,428,000	116,090,200	1,160,902	Recapitalization of earnings212,540	_	Note 7
2002/07	10	142,800,000	1,428,000	122,394,800	1,223,948	Recapitalization of employee bonus 5,001 Recapitalization of capital surplus 58,045	_	Note 8
2003/07	10	142,800,000	1,428,000	122,894,800	1,228,948	Recapitalization of employee bonus 5,000	_	Note 9
2004/08	10	142,800,000	1,428,000	123,394,800	1,233,948	Recapitalization of employee bonus 5,000	_	Note 10
2005/03	10	142,800,000	1,428,000	123,548,370	1,235,484	Overseas unsecured convertible corporate bond holder requests conversion of bonds to common shares for capital increase 1,536	_	Note 11

		Authorized Ca	oital Stock	Paid-in C	apital	Remark		
Year/Month	Issue Price (NT\$)	Quantity of shares	Amount	Quantity of shares	Amount	Source of capital stock	Offset by any property other than cash	Others
2005/07	10	142,800,000	1,428,000	125,283,854	1,252,839	Recapitalization of earnings 12,355 Recapitalization of employee bonus5,000	_	Note 12
2006/08	10	200,000,000	2,000,000	127,037,000	1,270,370	Recapitalization of earnings and capital surplus 12,528 Recapitalization of employee bonus5,003	_	Note 13
2006/12	10	200,000,000	2,000,000	128,777,453	1,287,775	Overseas unsecured convertible corporate bond holder requests conversion of bonds to common shares for capital increase 17,405	_	Note 14
2007/04	10	200,000,000	2,000,000	133,743,264	1,337,433	Overseas unsecured convertible corporate bond holder requests conversion of bonds to common shares for capital increase 49,658	_	Note 15
2007/07	10	200,000,000	2,000,000	136,460,069	1,364,601	Overseas unsecured convertible corporate bond holder requests conversion of bonds to common shares for capital increase 27,168	_	Note 16
2007/08	10	200,000,000	2,000,000	138,324,700	1,383,247	Recapitalization of earnings and capital surplus 13,646 Recapitalization of employee bonus 5,000	-	Note 17
2007/10	10	200,000,000	2,000,000	138,919,001	1,389,190	Overseas unsecured convertible corporate bond holder requests conversion of bonds to common shares for capital increase 5,943	-	Note 18
2008/04	10	200,000,000	2,000,000	139,830,508	1,398,305	Overseas unsecured convertible corporate bond holder requests conversion of bonds to common shares for capital increase 9,115	-	Note 19
2009/06	10	200,000,000	2,000,000	146,822,034	1,468,220	Recapitalization of earnings 69,915	_	Note 20
2013/12	10	200,000,000	2,000,000	146,851,034	1,468,510	Exercise of employee stock warrants 290	_	Note 21
2014/08	10	200,000,000	2,000,000	146,859,034	1,468,590	Exercise of employee stock warrants 80	_	Note 22
2015/01	10	200,000,000	2,000,000	146,645,034	1,466,450	Capital reduction upon cancelation of treasury stock 214	_	Note 23

		Authorized Ca	oital Stock	Paid-in C	apital	Remark		
Year/Month	Issue Price (NT\$)	Quantity of shares	Amount	Quantity of shares	Amount	Source of capital stock	Offset by any property other than cash	Others
2015/04	10	200,000,000	2,000,000	146,731,034	1,467,310	Exercise of employee stock warrants 86	_	Note 24
2015/10	10	200,000,000	2,000,000	146,429,034	1,464,290	Capital reduction upon cancelation of treasury stock 302	_	Note 25
2016/02	10	200,000,000	2,000,000	146,734,034	1,467,340	Exercise of employee stock warrants 305	_	Note 26
2016/07	10	200,000,000	2,000,000	147,108,034	1,471,080	Exercise of employee stock warrants 374		Note 27
2016/10	10	200,000,000	2,000,000	147,136,034	1,471,360	Exercise of employee stock warrants 28		Note 28
2017/01	10	200,000,000	2,000,000	147,145,034	1,471,450	Exercise of employee stock warrants 9		Note 29
2017/05	10	200,000,000	2,000,000	147,148,034	1,471,480	Exercise of employee stock warrants 3		Note 30
2017/12	10	200,000,000	2,000,000	147,151,034	1,471,510	Exercise of employee stock warrants 3		Note 31
2018/4	10	200,000,000	2,000,000	147,153,534	1,471,535	Exercise of employee stock warrants 2.5		Note 32
2023/6	10	200,000,000	2,000,000	146,153,534	1,461,535	Capital reduction upon cancelation of treasury stock 1,000		Note 33

- Note 1: Approved by MOEA letter under "Jing (81)-Shang 121461" dated October 20, 1992.
- Note 2: Approved by Securities Commission, MOF letter under (85) Tai-Cai-Zheng (1) No. 42402 dated July 17, 1996.
- Note 3: Approved by Securities Commission, MOF letter under (86) Tai-Cai-Zheng (1) No. 53780 dated July 17, 1997.
- Note 4: Approved by Securities and Futures Commission, MOF letter under (87) Tai-Cai-Zheng (1) No. 37631 dated May 5, 1998.
- Note 5: Approved by Securities and Futures Commission, MOF letter under (88) Tai-Cai-Zheng (1) No. 45024 dated May 19, 1999.
- Note 6: Approved by Securities and Futures Commission, MOF letter under (89) Tai-Cai-Zheng (1) No. 50825 dated June 14, 2000.
- Note 7: Approved by Securities and Futures Commission, MOF letter under (90) Tai-Cai-Zheng (1) No. 128957 dated May 14, 2001.
- Note 8: Approved by Securities and Futures Commission, MOF under (91) Tai-Cai-Zheng (1) No. 126689 dated May 16, 2002.
- Note 9: Approved by Securities and Futures Commission, MOF letter under (92) Tai-Cai-Zheng (1) No. 0920125206 dated June 10, 2003.
- Note 10: Approved by Securities and Futures Bureau, FSC, Executive Yuan letter under Zheng-Qi (1)-Zi No. 0930129967 dated July 7, 2004.
- Note 11: Approved by TWSE letter under Tai-Zheng-Shang-Zi No. 0940017355 dated June 30, 2005.
- Note 12: Approved by FSC, Executive Yuan letter under Jin-Guan-Zheng-1-Zi No. 0940122557 dated June 6, 2005.
- Note 13: Approved by FSC, Executive Yuan letter under Jin-Guan-Zheng-1-Zi No. 0950128126 dated July 4, 2006.
- Note 14: Approved by TWSE letter under Tai-Zheng-Shang-Zi No. 09600026591 dated January 29, 2007.
- Note 15: Approved by TWSE letter under Tai-Zheng-Shang-Zi No. 09600129051 dated May 28, 2007.
- Note 16: Approved by TWSE letter under Tai-Zheng-Shang-Zi No. 09600225541 dated August 7, 2007.
- Note 17: Approved by FSC, Executive Yuan letter under Jin-Guan-Zheng-1-Zi No. 0960032312 dated June 27, 2007.
- Note 18: Approved by TWSE letter under Tai-Zheng-Shang-Zi No. 09600343061 dated November 20, 2007.
- Note 19: Approved by TWSE letter under Tai-Zheng-Shang-Zi No. 09700133851 dated May 26, 2008.
- Note 20: Approved by FSC, Executive Yuan letter under Jin-Guan-Zheng-1-Zi No. 0980033347 dated July 6, 2009.

- Note 21: Approved by TWSE letter under Tai-Zheng-Shang-1-Zi No. 1030001247 dated January 13, 2014.
- Note 22: Approved by TWSE letter under Tai-Zheng-Shang-1-Zi No. 1030016586 dated August 13, 2014.
- Note 23: Approved by TWSE letter under Tai-Zheng-Shang-1-Zi No. 1040002490 dated February 6, 2015.
- Note 24: Approved by TWSE letter under Tai-Zheng-Shang-1-Zi No. 1040017293 dated August 27, 2015.
- Note 25: Approved by TWSE letter under Tai-Zheng-Shang-1-Zi No. 10400215581 dated October 19, 2015.
- Note 26: Registration of the changes approved by MOEA letter under Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No. 10501051010 dated March 22, 2016
- Note 27: Registration of the changes approved by MOEA letter under Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No. 10501189690 dated August 10, 2016.
- Note 28: Registration of the changes approved by MOEA letter under Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No. 10501259450 dated November 9, 2016.
- Note 29: Registration of the changes approved by MOEA letter under Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No. 10601014590 dated February 15, 2017.
- Note 30: Registration of the changes approved by MOEA letter under Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No. 10601065580 dated May 22, 2017.
- Note 31: Registration of the changes approved by MOEA letter under Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No. 10601162820 dated December 5, 2017.
- Note 32: Registration of the changes approved by MOEA letter under Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No. 10701038500 dated April 10, 2018.
- Note 33: Registration of the changes approved by MOEA letter under Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No. 11230096680 dated May 5, 2023.

March 25, 2024

Type of share		Authorized capital st	ock	Remarks
	Outstanding shares	Unissued shares	Total	Nemarks
Common	146,153,534 shares 53,846,466 shares		200,000,000 shares	The Company's stocks are listed on TWSE.
shares				

#### (II) Shareholder Structure

March 25, 2024

Shareholder						
Structure Quantity	Government agencies	Financial institutions	Other juristic persons	Individuals	Foreign institutions and juristic persons	Total
Number of persons	0	0	46	12,610	78	12,734
Shares held	0	0	80,447,517	54,417,958	11,288,059	146,153,534
Shareholdings	0.00	0.00	55.04	37.24	7.72	100.00

## (III) Distribution of equity

## 1. Common shares: Par value at NT\$10 per share

March 25, 2024

Shareholdings category	Number of	Shares held	Shareholdings
	shareholders		
1~999	7,812	1,181,912	0.81
1,000~5,000	3,749	7,401,472	5.06
5,001~10,000	546	4,107,997	2.81
10,001~15,000	170	2,091,703	1.43
15,001~20,000	114	2,077,006	1.42
20,001~30,000	91	2,282,346	1.56
30,001~40,000	51	1,807,539	1.24
40,001~50,000	50	2,259,867	1.55
50,001~100,000	56	4,019,940	2.75
100,001~200,000	28	3,790,328	2.59
200,001~400,000	27	7,558,181	5.17
400,001~600,000	11	5,181,028	3.54
600,001~800,000	3	2,024,982	1.39
800,001~1,000,000	1	1,000,000	0.68
More than 1,000,001	25	99,369,233	68.00
Total	12,734	146,153,534	100.00

## 2. Preferred shares: none.

## (IV) List of major shareholders

March 25, 2024

Name of major shareholder	Shares held (shares)	Shareholdings %
CMC Magnetics Corp.	11,669,000	7.98%
CHC International Investment Co., Ltd	9,522,000	6.52%
TSENG, LI-YU-LIEN	7,488,000	5.12%
Shinwang Ai Investment Co., Ltd.	6,501,331	4.45%
Liang Dao Investment Co., Ltd.	6,159,821	4.21%
NELSON SPORT CO., LTD.	5,839,000	4.00%
Baohong Investment Co., Ltd.	5,107,000	3.49%
Jingzong Investment Co., Ltd.	4,932,000	3.37%
Paul Investment Co., Ltd.	4,702,808	3.22%
Jundao Investment Co., Ltd	4,217,947	2.89%

Note: Top 10 shareholders

#### (V) Market price, net worth, earnings, dividend per share in the recent two years, and related information

Unit: NT\$ Thousand

Item		Year	2022	2023
M. I. d.	Highest market price		\$23.30	\$32.70
Market price per	Lowest market price		17.55	20.30
share (Note 1)	Average market price	2	20.26	26.31
	Before distribution		24.21	25.31
Net worth per share (Note 2)	(After distribution)		23.21	Not approved upon the resolution of shareholders' meeting
	Earnings per share	Before retroactive adjustment	146,154	146,154
EPS (Earnings per		After retroactive adjustment	146,154	146,154
share)	Earnings per share (Note 3)	Before retroactive adjustment	2.06	2.13
		After retroactive adjustment	2.06	2.13
	Cash dividends		1-	
	Dividends per share		_	
Dividends per share	Stock dividends	Dividends from retained earnings		Not approved upon the resolution of shareholders' meeting
	Unpaid-for Dividends	s (Note 4)		_
Return on	Price/Earnings ratio (	Note 5)	9.45	11.96
investment	Price/Dividend ratio	(Note 6)	19.47	Not approved upon the
mvesunem	Cash dividend yield r	ate (Note 7)	0.0514	resolution of shareholders' meeting

- Note 1: List the highest and lowest market prices of the common shares in each year, and calculate the average market price based on the annual trading value and volume of each year.
- Note 2: Please use the number of issued shares at the end of year as the basis, and fill in the column according to the resolved distribution of the Board Meeting or shareholders' meeting in the next year.
- Note 3: If any retrospective adjustment shall be made due to bonus shares, the EPS before and after the adjustment shall be listed.
- Note 4: Where the issuance conditions of equity securities specifies that the undistributed dividends in a year may be accumulated to be distributed in the year with profit, the accumulated undistributed dividends as of the year may be disclosed.
- Note 5: Price / Earnings ratio = average closing price per share of the year / EPS
- Note 6: Price/dividend ratio = average closing price per share of the year / cash dividend per share
- Note 7: Cash dividend yield = cash dividend per share / average closing price per share of the year
- Note 8: For net worth per share and EPS, the latest data as of the publication date of annual report audited (reviewed) by the CPAs shall be used; for other columns, the data of the year as of the publication date of annual report shall be used.

## (VI) The Company's Dividend Policy and Implementation Status

#### 1. Dividend Policy

The Company's dividend policy is to distribute dividends to shareholders in an amount not less than 30% of the distributable earnings for the period in accordance with the Company's current and future development plans, the investment environment, capital requirements and domestic and international competition, as well as the interests of shareholders taken into account. The distribution of dividends to shareholders may be made in cash or in stock,

with the percentage of cash dividends being no less than 10% of the total dividends. If there is any surplus in the Company's earnings as concluded by the annual accounting book close, after paying tax and making up for accumulated losses, 10% shall be set aside as legal reserve, except when the legal reserve has reached the Company's paid-in capital, and the remainder shall be set aside or reversed as special reserve in accordance with the law; if there is any remaining balance, it shall be set aside as distributable earnings for the current period. The accumulated undistributed earnings for the current period, together with the accumulated undistributed earnings of the previous year, is the accumulated distributable earnings. The Board Meeting shall prepare an earnings distribution and submit it to the shareholders' meeting for resolution on the distribution of dividends to shareholders.

- (1) Profit sharing remuneration to employees shall be distributed at a rate of not less than one percent of the current year's profit and shall be in the form of stock or cash and the recipients of profit sharing remuneration in stock or cash may include employees of subordinate companies who meet certain criteria. The Board Meeting is authorized to determine the specific measures.
- (2) Profit sharing remuneration to directors shall be distributed at a rate of not more than 5% of the current year's profit.
  - (Note) The current year's profit refers to the current year's income before tax before the distribution of the profit sharing remuneration to employees and directors.
- (3) The shareholders' bonus shall not be less than 30% of the distributable earnings for the current period. The distribution of dividends to shareholders may be made in cash or in stock, with the percentage of cash dividends being no less than 10% of the total dividends.
- 2. Proposed dividend distribution at the shareholders' meeting

The Company's 2023 earnings distribution plan has been passed per resolution of the Board of Directors' meeting on March 7, 2024. It proposed to distribute the cash dividend at NT\$1.2 per share, totaling NT\$175,384,241. If the number of outstanding shares is subsequently affected by the retirement of shares or the issuance of new shares due to the repurchase of the Company's shares or the exercise of employee stock options, please authorize the Chairperson to adjust the distribution rate based on the actual number of outstanding shares of the Company on the base date of dividends distribution in accordance with the total amount of earnings proposed to be distributed from the common stock resolved at the shareholders' meeting. Cash dividends are calculated on the basis of the distribution rate up to 1NT\$, round off to 1NT\$, and the sum of fractional amounts less than 1NT\$ is posted to the Company's other income. The aforementioned distribution of cash dividends is proposed to be approved by the 2024 regular shareholders' meeting, and the Chairman is authorized to separately set the base date and payment date of cash dividends.

- (VII) The effect of the proposed stock dividends at the shareholders' meeting on the Company's operating results and earnings per share: Not applicable.
- (VIII) Profit sharing remuneration to employees, directors and supervisors:
  - 1. The percentage or range of profit sharing remuneration to employees and directors as stated in the Articles of Incorporation: Refer to the explanation of (VI) The Company's Dividend Policy and Implementation Status
  - 2. The basis for estimating the amount of profit sharing remuneration to employees and directors, the basis for calculating the number of shares to be distributed as stock dividends, and the accounting treatment if the actual amount distributed differs from the estimated amount:
    - (1) The basis for estimating the profit sharing remuneration to employees and directors is based on the percentage and range as stated in the Company's Articles of Incorporation.
    - (2) The basis for calculating the number of shares to be distributed as stock dividends: The Company did not

distribute stock dividends in 2023

- (3) The actual distribution amount resolved by the Board Meeting was not different from the estimated amount.
- 3. Information on the Board Meeting's approval of the distribution of bonus to employees:
  - (1) The Company's 2023 pre-tax income before the distribution of employees' and directors' remuneration is NT\$346,200 thousand. The proposed cash distribution of employee remuneration in the amount of NT\$4,000,000 and director remuneration in the amount of NT\$6,600,000 is not different from the estimated employee remuneration of NT\$4,000,000 and director remuneration of NT\$6,600,000 in the accounts.
  - (2) The percentage of the amount of employee stock distribution approved by the Board Meeting to the total amount of net income after tax and profit sharing remuneration to employees for the period: Not applicable as there was no employee stock distribution resolve at the Board Meeting.
  - (3) Estimated earnings per share after considering profit sharing remuneration to employees, directors and supervisors: Not applicable as profit sharing remuneration to employees, directors and supervisors are posted as expenses.
- 4. The difference between the actual amount of profit sharing remuneration to employees, directors and supervisors in the previous year (including the number of shares distributed, the amount and the price of the shares) and the recognized amount of profit sharing remuneration to employees, directors and supervisors, the reasons for the difference and the treatment of the difference should be described: The Company's 2022 pre-tax income before the distribution of employees' and directors' remuneration is NT\$322,405 thousand. The proposed cash distribution of employee remuneration in the amount of NT\$4,000,000 and director remuneration in the amount of NT\$6,600,000 is not different from the estimated employee remuneration of NT\$4,000,000 and director remuneration of NT\$6,600,000 in the accounts.

5.

## (IX) Status of repurchase of the Company's own shares by the Company:

1. Status of repurchase of the Company's own shares by the Company (if repurchase already completed)

March 25, 2024

0	1 -+ /+	2	2	1+l- (+)	[t] (t)	C+l- (+)	741- (4)	041- (4)
Ordinal number of	1st (term)	2nd (term)	3rd (term)	4th (term)	5th (term)	6th (term)	7th (term)	8th (term)
the shares bought								Note
back								_
Purpose of	To transfer	To transfer	To transfer	To transfer	To transfer	To transfer	To transfer	To transfer
buyback	shares to	shares to	shares to	shares to	shares to	shares to	shares to	shares to
-	employees	employees	employees	employees	employees	employees	employees	employees
Duration of the	2011/03/03~	2011/08/18~	2011/12/26~	2012/07/19~	2013/12/27~	2015/01/21~	2015/09/23~	2018/03/30~
shares bought	2011/04/29	2011/10/14	2012/01/13	2012/08/22	2014/02/26	2015/03/20	2015/11/22	2018/05/22
back								
Buyback price	35.00~50.00	35.00~50.00	35.00~50.00	30.00~45.00	30.00~40.00	25.00~35.00	25.00~35.00	23.00~30.00
range (NT\$)								
Type and quantity		Ordinary	Ordinary		Ordinary		Ordinary	Ordinary
of shares bought	Ordinary	shares	shares	Ordinary	shares	Ordinary	shares	shares
back (Thousand	shares/1,000			shares/1,000	/600	shares/1,000		
Shares)		/500	/620		/600		/500	/1,000
Amount of shares								
bought back (NT\$	38,475	18,949	22,517	28,394	18,865	27,455	12,802	22,663
Thousand)								
Current average								
buyback price per	38.48	37.9	36.32	28.39	31.44	27.45	25.6	22.66
share (NT\$)								
Quantity of								
buyback to the								
scheduled								
quantity of	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
buyback								
Ratio (%)								
Quantity of shares								
having been	1,000	500	620	1,000	600	1,000	500	1,000
canceled and								
transferred								
Cumulative								
quantity of the								
issued shares held	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
by the Company								
(Thousand Shares)								
Cumulative								
quantity of the								
issued shares held								
by the Company	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00
to the total	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00
quantity of shares								
issued by the								
Company (%)								
1 7 . 7							<u>l</u>	

- 2. Buyback of the Company's shares (for those under execution): None.
- II. Corporate bond operations: None.
- III. Preferred share operations: None.
- IV. Overseas depository receipt operations: None.
- V. Employee stock warrant operation: None.
- VI. Issuance of new shares in connection with mergers or acquisitions, or acquisitions of shares, of other companies: None.
- VII. Implementation of Capital Utilization Plan
- (I) Projects: For any issuance or private placement of securities that were not completed or issuance/private placements that were completed but have yet to achieve the intended benefits by the quarter before the publication date of annual report: None
- (II) Implementation status: Analyze each of the above projects up till the quarter before the publication date of annual report, and compare execution with expected benefits. For any project that does not meet the targeted progress or benefit, state the underlying reasons, how it affects shareholder equity, and improvement plans: N/A.

## Five. Overview of Business

- I. Descriptions about the Business
  - (I) Scope of business:
    - 1. Current major business lines:
      - (1) Clothing and fabric materials processing, manufacturing, wholesale and retail.
      - (2) domestic sales and export of apparel on behalf of domestic and foreign manufacturers.
      - (3) International trade.
      - (4) Textile and plastics business management.
      - (5) Fabric dyes, pigments, metalware, steel, machinery and appliances, chemical raw materials and electrical materials trading.
      - (6) Construction of residence and business buildings by commissioned construction contractors for lease and sale.
      - (7) Construction materials trade and import/export.
      - (8) apparel machinery assembly and installation, manufacturing and trade.
      - (9) Import/export of products referred to in the preceding paragraph.
    - 2. Relative weight of the business lines and current products of the Company: as a local manufacturer professional and experienced in apparel for six decades, the Company is engaged in producing various long and short pants, dresses, tops and coats, etc. per customers' needs, in order to provide consumers with suitable apparel for various occasions. The Company's operating revenue is primarily generated from apparel production and sale and trade of raw materials for garment.

The weight thereof in the operating revenue 2023 is stated as follows:

Item	Total Sales		
Garment	100.00%		
Brand	-%		
Total	100.00%		

3. New products under the development plan:

For the time being, the Company develops different styles subject to customers' needs and in line with the fashion. Meanwhile, the Company will continue to strengthen the research and improvement of various patternmaking, production and washing technologies and plan to engage in a strategic alliance with fabric manufacturers to combine the expertise of upstream and downstream dealers, research diversified products and create a win-win situation for both parties' operating revenue.

## (II) Overview of industry:

1. Overview and development of domestic industry:

According to the import and export trade statistical data of Taiwan's customs, the total export value of Taiwan amounted to US\$392.559 billion from January to November 2023, declining by 12% from the same period in 2022, while the total import value amounted to US\$323.101 billion, declining by 19%. The trade surplus was US\$69.458 billion, growing by 49.6%. In terms of the textile trade, the total export value of Taiwan amounted to US\$6.086 billion from January to November 2023, declining by 26%, while the total import value amounted to US\$3.335 billion, declining by 8%. The trade surplus was US\$2.751 billion, declining by US\$1.883 billion, i.e., 41%, from the same period of 2022.

Unit: US\$ hundred million

Import and	Export		Imp	ort	Export	Growth rate %
export trade	Export value	Growth rate %	Import value	Growth rate %	surplus/import surplus	Export value
Overall trade	3,925.59	-12%	3,231.01	-19%	694.58	49.6%
Textile	60.86	-26%	33.35	-8%	27.51	-41%
Weight of textile in the overall trade	1.55%	-	1.03%	-	3.96%	-

Source: Data compiled by the Taiwan Textile Federation

According to the analysis based on the export value, the major exported products include fabric (71%) and then yarns (13%), fiber (6%), garment and apparel accessories (5%), and miscellaneous textile (5%). Among the five major exported products, the bulk export value of fabric declined by 27%, while the export value of fiber declined by 12%, yarns declining by 27%, garment and apparel accessories declining by 26% and miscellaneous textile declining by 30%. According to the analysis based on the import value, among the major imported products, the import value of garments and apparel accessories, accounting for the most significant proportion (60% of the imported products), grew by 4%, then fabric (13%) declining by 22%, miscellaneous textile (11%) declining by 10%, yarns (8%) declining by 39% and fiber (8%) declining by 9%.

Product Items	Export value (US\$ hundred million)	Weight (%)	Compared with the same period of last year (%)	Export volume (tens of thousand tons)	Compared with the same period of last year (%)	Unit price (US\$/KG)	Compared with the same period of last year (%)
1. Fiber	3.56	6%	-12	27.95	-7	1.28	-6
2. Yarns	7.97	13%	-27	26.48	-22	3.01	-6
3. Fabric	43.37	71%	-27	46.73	-23	9.28	-5
4. Garment and apparel accessories	2.96	5%	-26	1.27	-28	23.34	2
5. Miscellaneous textile	3.00	5%	-30	5.45	-22	5.49	-10
Total	60.86	100%	-26	107.88	-19	5.64	-9

Source: Data compiled by Taiwan Textile Federation

According to the analysis by export territories, the largest export market for Taiwan's textile is Vietnam, followed by Mainland China, the USA, Indonesia and Cambodia. The weight thereof in the export attains 59%. For the export items, the export of fabric is in the first place for bulk export in the five export territories and the export value for Vietnam is the largest, while the weight for Cambodia is the highest. In terms of the import territories, Mainland China is in the first place among the sources of import, followed by Vietnam, EU, Japan and the USA. The total import value attains 78%. Among the other things, the Company imports garments and apparel accessories primarily from Mainland China, Vietnam and EU, fabric primarily from Japan and fiber primarily from the USA.

Unit: US\$ hundred million

2019	Main Export Territory	Vietnam	the mainland China	USA	Hong Kong	Indonesia	Others
2019	Export value	22.25	15.84	6.98	4.81	4.47	45.65
	Weight in the total export value	24%	17%	8%	5%	5%	41%
2020	Main Export Territory	Vietnam	the mainland China	USA	EU	Indonesia	Others
2020	Export value	19.02	12.55	6.82	3.70	3.57	54.34
	Weight in the total export value	25%	17%	9%	5%	5%	39%
2021	Main Export Territory	Vietnam	the mainland China	USA	Indonesia	Cambodia	Others
	Export value	23.15	14.81	8.15	4.58	4.45	44.86
	Weight in the total export value	26%	16%	9%	5%	5%	39%
2022	Main Export Territory	Vietnam	the mainland China	USA	Indonesia	Cambodia	Others
	Export value	23.6	12.57	7.87	5.4	4.31	46.25
	Weight in the total export value	27%	14%	9%	6%	5%	39%
2023	Main Export Territory	Vietnam	the mainland China	USA	Indonesia	Cambodia	Others
January~	Export value	16	8.45	5.41	3.74	2.71	24.55
November	Weight in the total export value	26%	14%	9%	6%	4%	41%

 $Source: \ Department\ of\ Statistics,\ MOEA\ and\ Development\ Dept.\ of\ Taiwan\ Textile\ Federation.$ 

The top 5 export markets for Taiwan's textile primarily accept fabric products. The one generating the largest export value is Vietnam at US\$1.331 billion. The one in which fabric accounts for the largest export volume is Cambodia and the weight thereof reaches 94%.

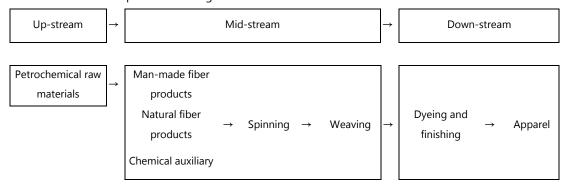
		Export value	% of the textile exported to the	Compared with the same period of
Export Territory	Main Export Items		territory	last year
		(US\$ hundred million)	Weight (%)	(%)
1. Vietnam	Fabric	13.31	83	-26
1. Vietilaili	Yarns	1.54	10	-34
2. Mainland China	Fabric	5.37	64	-31
2. Maimana China	Yarns	2.20	26	-24
	Fabric	2.92	54	-24
3. USA	Garment and apparel accessories	0.88	16	-39
4. Indonesia	Fabric	3.25	87	-27
T. Indonesia	Yarns	0.21	6	-6
5. Cambodia	Fabric	2.56	94	-32
5. Camboula	Miscellaneous textile	0.06	2	-32

 $Source: Department \ of \ Statistics, \ MOEA \ and \ Information \ System \ of \ Taiwan \ Textile \ Federation.$ 

#### 2. Links between the upstream, midstream and downstream segments of the industry

The chart showing links between the upstream, midstream and downstream segments of the textile and garment industry. It starts from the petrochemical raw materials and natural raw materials in the upstream segment and is processed into silk, then goes through the spinning and weaving the midstream segment and dyeing and finishing in the mid-and down-stream segment, finally produced into the ready-made clothes for sale.

The textile industry is definitely not a sunset industry. For the time being, more and more markets tend to emphasize the functionality and speed of change. Therefore, the Company uses its best efforts to strengthen its ability to design and develop products and based on the strategy for alliance with the midstream dealers, hopes to shorten the production process and achieve rapid response to the market. Then, it is possible for Taiwan to deal with the drastic competition from Korea, Mainland China and Indonesia in the textile apparel and respond to the global market's demand for the pursuit of changes and innovation.



#### Product development trend

The Company's main business lines cover the processing and manufacturing of various garments and trade of materials and products thereof. Changes in demand and supply in terms of the overview of industry, business environment and future market Under the following hypotheses:

### (1) Garment self-making

Refers to the forecast sales volume and value from made- to-order items. The Company focuses its market on the territories of the USA, primarily. In the recent years, the Company has used its best effort to develop the markets in Asia and Europe and to deal with the instability caused by the China-US trade. The sales representatives of the factory premises in the territories of China are also striving to develop the domestic sales brand in China. By combining the new production locations and improving the entire production capacity and scale through the OEM, the Company's sales are expected to grow continuously.

#### (2) Trade of products

- A. Apparel trade: subject to the market conditions for the future year, the sales are expected to grow upon the development of the markets in Asia and Europe and the domestic sales brand market in China.
- B. Trade of materials: it refers to the estimated value for the purchase of materials by the Company on behalf of its subsidiaries, calculated based on the estimated cost rate of the subsidiaries verified according to the subsidiaries' production and marketing volume for the next year and the gross margin for sales estimated by the Company.

#### 4. Competition:

The Company is engaged in export of garments as its main business line, and exports products primarily to the USA, Canada and Japan. For the time being, the Company's competitors include those identical with the Company in nature within the territories of Taiwan and also those from the territories of China, Korea, Hong Kong and India. The industrial competition is analyzed as follows:

#### (1) The textile industry trend in the leading countries all over the world

According to the statistics of the World Trade Organization (WTO), the global total export value of apparel was US\$576 billion, a YoY by 5%, in 2022, far lower than the amazing growth rate, 20%, in 2021. The sluggish economic growth and the unprecedented high inflation in major markets from which the apparel was imported, especially the United States and Western Europe, have imposed some adverse impact to the budget available to consumers discretionarily (including purchase of apparel). In 2022, the global export value of textile products declined by 4.2%, totaling US\$339 billion, falling behind that of most industrial sectors. Such model is understandable, as the demand for personal protective equipment and related textile materials has declined significantly when the pandemic was coming to an end. The main trends of global textile products and apparel trade in 2022 are specified as following: China was still the world's largest export country of textile products and apparel, but its export growth became sluggish. Notwithstanding, the position of Southeast Asia countries in the global trade of textile products and apparel kept improving. The regionalization and diversification trend of the global textile products and apparel trade became more and more noticeable. Global textile and apparel trade statistics

The global apparel trade amount was US\$548.8 billion in 2021, growing by 21.9% from 2020. For the export of apparels, the four major apparel export countries, including Mainland China, 28 EU member countries, Bangladesh and Vietnam. The global textile trade amounted to US\$354.2 billion in 2021, growing by 7.8% from 2020. Mainland China, 28 EU member countries and India remain the first three places in the global textile export countries, followed by Turkey, the USA and Vietnam. Taiwan is in 9th place with the export amount at about US\$9 billion.

#### (2) Global Main Textile and Apparel Export Countries

The global export value of the apparel trade totaled US\$576 billion in 2022, a YoY by 5%. For the export of apparels, the four major apparel export countries included Mainland China, 28 EU member countries, Bangladesh and Vietnam. The export value of the global textile products declined by 4.2%, amounting to US\$339 billion in 2022. Mainland China, 28 EU member countries and India remained the first three places in the global textile export countries, followed by Turkey, the USA and Vietnam. Taiwan is in 8th place with the export value amounting to about US\$9 billion.

# Top Textile Exporters in 2022 (By value)

	Exporters	Value of exports (\$bп)	Growth rate (2021-2022)	Market shares
1	China	147.8	1.5%	43.6%
2	European Union	71.5	-2.9%	21.1%
3	India	19.4	-12.5%	7.4%
4	Turkey	14.6	-3.8%	5.7%
5	USA	13.8	5.0%	4.3%
6	Vietnam	10.8	-5.7%	4.1%
7	Pakistan	8.7	-5.4%	3.2%
8	Taiwan	8.3	-2.4%	2.6%
9	South Korea	8.3	-4.6%	2.5%
10	Japan	6.0	-3.9%	2.4%

<sup>&</sup>quot;Textile" refers to SITC code 65

Table: by Dr. Sheng Lu • Source: WTO (2023) • Created with Datawrapper

Source: https://shenglufashion.com/2023/08/14/wto-reports-world-textiles-and-clothing-trade-in-2022/14/wto-reports-world-textiles-and-clothing-in-2022/14/wto-repor

Global Top 10 Textile Export Countries in 2022

## Top Apparel Exporters in 2022 (By value)

	Exporters	Value of exports (\$bn)	Growth rate (2021-2022)	Market shares
1	China	182.4	3.6%	31.7%
2	European Union	156.4	3.6%	27.1%
3	Bangladesh	45.3	26.6%	7.9%
4	Viet Nam	35.3	13.1%	6.1%
5	Türkiye	19.9	6.3%	3.5%
6	India	17.7	9.7%	3.1%
7	Indonesia	10.1	7.8%	1.7%
8	Cambodia	9.1	12.1%	1.6%
9	Pakistan	8.9	4.9%	1.5%
10	USA	7.2	16.7%	1.2%

"Apparel" refers to SITC code 84

Table: by Dr. Sheng Lu - Source: WTO (2023) - Created with Datawrapper

Source: https://shenglufashion.com/2023/08/14/wto-reports-world-textiles-and-clothing-trade-in-2022/

#### (3) Global Main Textile and Apparel Export Countries

In 2022, the global import value of textile products and apparel amounted to US\$900 billion, a YoY by 8.9% from 2021. Among the other things, the import value of textile products amounted to US\$305 billion, a YoY by 9.3% from 2021. The major import countries and territories include Mainland China, EU, the United States, Japan and Vietnam. The import value of apparel amounted to US\$595 billion, a YoY by 8.6% from 2021. The major import countries and territories of apparel included EU, the United States, Mainland China, Japan and the other territories in Asia.

#### (III) Overview of technology and R&D:

1. Listing of research and development expenditures from the current year until the date of publication of the annual report

Unit: NT\$ Thousand

Year Item	2023
Research expenditure	74,671

#### 2. Technologies or products developed successfully

- (1) ETS system
- (2) IE working hours analysis system
- (3) SSP Mark cloud system
- (4) Establishment of 3D database
- (5) 3D cloud resource sharing
- (6) The 3D simulation system accelerating the approval rate of proofing
- (7) Completion of development and production of functional products

## 3. R&D plans for the coming years

- (1) Sharing and evaluation of improvement and innovation of technology of plant construction at home and abroad.
- (2) Pattern making talent reserve plan, professionalism and technology inheritance.
- (3) Sharing and improvement of 2D+3D technologies for domestic and overseas factories.
- (4) Continue the research on the innovation of automated machines and assistive devices.
- (5) Improve all aspects of technology.
- (6) Assist domestic factories in technology upgrade and provide education and training.
- (7) Creation of multiple simulation environments or dedicated resources with virtualization technology.
- (8) Advanced laser cutting and sublimation technology.

## (IV) Long-term and short-term business development plans

## 1. Long-term plans:

- (1) High-quality, high-technology, high-added value and optimal resource allocation: Improve Design and Development Dept.'s functions; submit proposals actively through the close cooperation with sales units to exert synergies; establish the creditability of the technology R&D department to make it become the global R&D center, including exchange of talents and professional technical team; long-term technical talent training; continuous improvement of process and technology; improve competitiveness; get custom-made information logistic supporting system; perfect the information integration platform; control the transparency of orders completely; reduce vague communication and eliminate unnecessary recurring costs. Continue to train the elite, create the middle management's value and upgrade the senior management's utility through the organizational adjustment, in order to achieve the optimal allocation of the Company's resources and respond to the internal/external environmental changes.
- (2) Improve the strengths of multiple production areas in overseas plants: In response to international situations and internal/external environmental changes, when any abnormal condition arises in any production areas, the other production areas may provide real-time production capacity immediately. Due to the impact posed by the epidemic,

the production capacity was not expanded in 2022. Notwithstanding, the Company adopted automated equipment and continued to import the equipment to improve the efficiency and quality of existing production lines. Meanwhile, the Company built each plant's characteristics and focused on its core value and exercised each plant's strengths and specialized the plant to develop optimal products. In response to the recovery of orders in the 2H of the year, the Company will increase and adjust each production area's production capacity in a timely manner.

- (3) Build the strategic partnership and develop local supply chain: The sales of knitting and sportswear products are growing stably. The medical, military and uniform suit products are imported to expand the horizontal integration in width. The Company may hit the depth of the vertical integration through the strategic alliances with fabric manufacturers. Therefore, it will create the effect of synergy for the front-end design, main and auxiliary materials development and back-end washing operations, so as to provide customers with more diversified and unique product choices and to improve customers' loyalty. Develop the local supply chain and produce and supply the main and auxiliary materials directly and locally to avoid problems, such as lack of cabinets and prolonged shipping schedule and shorten the lead time effectively.
- (4) Integrate the internal and external resources to promote the ESG development: control the market, integrate the cross-border resources of the Company and the other peers to exert the effect of synergy; care for the carbon neutrality issue and invest capital in the relevant education and training and strive to make the apparel industry and supply chain become the low-carbon industry; in terms of the environment protection, social responsibility and corporate governance (Environment, Society and Governance, ESG), exercise the social influence with the enterprise's expertise, and use the best effort to achieve links with resources, change of education, engagement in placemaking, sustainable city and circular economy, etc., with dreams, sustainability and diversity and fulfilled corporate responsibility to upgrade the customer's image and continue to promote sustainable development.

#### 2. Short-term plans:

- (1) Develop new products for customers, new customers, new markets, and new business types for the existing customers: focus on the existing customers with growth momentum, strive for new products for them, and seek the existing high-end brand customers for transformation, and develop the new customer types that may balance the low season and offer high unit prices. Improve the threshold of competition through automated equipment, and continue to introduce automated machine to respond to small-volume and large-variety production orders while improving the mass production efficiency. By taking advantage of the multiple production bases to continue to expand the domestic market, we have achieved remarkable results in the domestic markets of Cambodia, China and Taiwan, and also launched into the fields of medical care, military industry and uniforms. We value and proactively developed the business opportunities in various fields.
- (2) Improve the KPI management, control expenditure and overcome abnormality: Build the effective KPI management system to cut the not-exported rate, rate of loss and fabric inventory and improve the operating performance; adopt the detailed management to save costs and increase gross profit in all respects; set forth various standard operating procedures, control and stop abnormality more stricter and take responsive actions as early as possible if any abnormality is found.
- (3) Data management and information integration: Strengthen the ERP, import the MES, strengthen the inter-system information cascade and regenerate the data and experience accumulated in the past in a new manner. Utilize the system to achieve the information cascade for various procedures and collect and monitor the production data generated in the process of manufacturing voluntarily upon receipt of the order and until production, control over

procedures and completion of products, in order to ensure the production quality.

(4) Investment in technology and digital transformation: Adopt the work from home (WFH) model due to the impact posed by the epidemic, replace the physical patternmaking with 3D patternmaking, save the main and auxiliary materials and also the time cost and achieve the implementation of 3D apparel simulation system; import the RPA to improve the operating efficiency of the order, save time and human resource to optimize other management processes; use the AI image recognition to search the existing data and provide quotation rapidly and combine the working hour section to calculate the working hours rapidly; use the AI visual inspection on the fabric to simulate a real person's right to inspect defects on the surface of cloth and realize AI smart production lines; BI business intelligence system imported to help the management make decision quickly, from the electronic form advanced to digitalization and intellectualization, and use the technology to help operations and management

#### II. Overview of market and production and marketing

#### (I) Market analysis

1. The territory where the main products are sold.

The Company's main product refers to apparel, including trousers, short pants, skirts, dresses and jackets, etc., which are primarily provided for export sales. The USA is a market where the apparel is imported in bulk. The sales value and distribution are stated as follows:

Unit. in Thousand 1 v							
	Domestic sales						
Year	DOMESTIC SALES (Taiwan)	The USA	OTHER COUNTRIES	Total			
2023	44,311	4,919,383	1,544,606	6,508,300			

Unit: In Thousand TWD

#### 2. Market value

Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd. has run its business as a professional apparel manufacturer for six decades. Its ability in manufacturing apparel and research & development technology are well recognized by local and foreign customers, while it has trained countless talents for the apparel industry. The core management trained by it have exercised their influence step by step in the recent years, for assuming important positions in the Company and making their contributions. Meanwhile, it is also very successful in training the management trainees in the business management and technology.

- 3. Demand and supply conditions for the market in the future, and the market's growth potential
  - (1) Demand and supply conditions for the local market in the future

In Taiwan, the upstream and midstream textile dealers play the leading roles dedicated to driving the upstream and midstream business development. Most of the downstream dealers have arranged their global layout as they need plentiful labor forces. In 2022, due to the impact posed by the inflation to the consumption of apparel, and also by the Russia-Ukraine War to the chain channels, the sales speed of popular apparel slowed down and thereby weakened the momentum of order placement. It was apparent that the global distributors were all engaged in the inventory adjustment. According to the statistics gathered by the Department of Statistics, MOEA, the output value of Taiwan's textile industry decreased slightly by 0.9% to NT\$414.2 billion in 2022. Among the other things, based on the observation on the changes in each sub-industry, the output value of the upstream dealer, the chemical fiber industry,

declined by 7.5% to NT\$75.5 billion in 2022, i.e. 18% of the output value of the entire textile industry. The output value of the midstream dealer, the textile industry, grew by 0.3% to NT\$311.5 billion, i.e., 75% of the output value of the entire textile industry. The output value of the downstream dealer, the apparel industry, grew by 4.4% to NT\$27.1 billion, i.e., 7% of the output value of the entire textile industry (Source: Department of Statistics, MOEA, compiled by Taiwan Textile Federation).

#### (2) Global demand and supply conditions in the future

The wearing apparel industry is identified as a consumer-oriented industry. Therefore, the purchase amount and output of apparel are very sensitive to the economic environment. In 2023, due to the factors including changeable international political and economic situations, interruption from the lift rate by the Fed and uncertain economic recovery outlook. Consumer confidence was so low that the purchasing power in the apparel market became weakened, relatively. As a result, the destocking speed slowed down.

According to the "2024 Fashion Survey Report" released by McKinsey and BoF, the retail sales of the fashion industry in 2024 will increase by 2%~4%. Generative AI, sustainable development, and tourism will provide considerable opportunities for growth and innovation in 2024. However, the "uncertainty" in the economic situation, geopolitics and the pressure from the climate crisis is like a thorn in the side of the fashion industry. Besides, basically, as the cost-saving strategies have been exhausted, the apparel industry cannot help but apply new pricing and promotion strategies to stimulate the sales.

#### (3) Market's growth potential

Given this, the Company adopts the following development strategies to promote the future apparel business:

- A. Multi-production bases: disperse the overseas production bases in response to the global conditions and regional integration trend, allocate the overseas production operations pro-actively and transform them in a resilient manner to seek the most efficient allocation of output value and cost control.
- B. Specialize the production to exert the characteristics of each production base and apparel types that they are good at to the extreme, in order to enhance the efficiency and quality; continue to improve the knitwear product partners to develop new product lines, expand the scale of cooperation with the major customers and also provide more customers with diversified needs.
- C. Modularize and automatize the production process and technology, and customize the production tools and import new production systems to improve the production procedure and enhance the Company's ability to accept high value-added orders.
- D. Develop the intelligent textile supply chain, apply the big data and cloud technology to analysis and management in order to practice the lean and high-efficiency production and strengthen the production capacity; think about how to drive the manufacturing industry to upgrade and transform, corporate social responsibility and environmental sustainability to drive the industrial development and improve the competitiveness.

In conclusion, in terms of the demand, the Company will maintain its existing market in the USA and pro-actively develop the markets in Asia and Europe. Also, the Company aims at the business opportunities for online shopping and launches into the online marketing business, in order to complement the market consumption power. With respect to R&D of technology and design, the Company always moves forward ahead of customers and final consumers, as it gains an insight into the market trend and perceives opportunities early, in order to provide customers with the products and services best fitting consumers.

With respect to the supply, in order to satisfy consumers' demand for apparel, the Company uses the best effort

to develop the production momentum in the production base located in Vietnam among the existing production bases located in the mainland China, Indonesia, Cambodia and Taiwan and also introduces the professional knitting and performance sportswear partners, develop the diversified product lines and improve the entire production capacity and scale through development of the cooperation with vendors at the factory premises. The production base specialization strategy has exerted the characteristics of each production base and apparel type which it is good at, in order to improve the efficiency and quality and satisfy the diversified needs from the Company's customers. With respect to the infrastructure construction, the Company strengthens its operating systems, optimizes the order acceptance and production capacity control procedure and utilizes the system and develops various analysis tools to respond to the market more rapidly and better the Company's global supply and marketing network.

#### 4. Competitive niche

#### (1) Abundant business development resources

The Company has engaged in manufacturing apparel for many years, and built fair cooperative relations with the upstream main and auxiliary materials suppliers, vendors and downstream customers. Therefore, when the Company is expanding its business scale, it may receive adequate assistance and support from its partners in respect of production or sale. Given this, the Company aims to build the strategic alliance with suppliers to shorten the R&D process jointly and provide customers with more diversified products to achieve the win-win situation for operating revenue.

#### (2) Globalized production

The Company's development is oriented toward globalization. The Company has already probed into the overseas investment early and successfully established the production and sale locations in the mainland China, Indonesia and Cambodia, expanded the production capacity in the low-cost production bases and expanded its plants in South East Asia. The Company also continues to add the production plans for the production bases in Java, Indonesia and also in Vietnam, hoping to exert the performance of the resource allocation better and more efficiently. At present, the Company has achieved some remarkable results as it proceeded to globalize its business ahead of the other enterprises, which are still expected to be one of the niches driving the growing business performance in the future.

#### (3) Rapid adaptability and good quality

An enterprise's survival and development are used to relying on whether or not it has created its own competitive niches. The Company has trained its core competitiveness and rapid adaptability, as well as good product quality, permanently, so that customers are willing to contract the Company to produce goods on their behalf. This competitive strength will still be one of the favor factors facilitating the Company's business growth in the future.

#### (4) Corporate culture upholding harmonious co-existence

The apparel industry refers to a labor-intensive industry, and is used to hiring more employees than the general enterprises. Therefore, the harmony in the management team and group cohesion among the employees appear to be more important than that in the other enterprises. The Company has run its business diligently and practically for so many years, and believed in friendliness conducive to business success. It adopts the management philosophy emphasizing teamwork efforts and business sustainability. The management team members are each other's partners working with each other for many years, holding the consistent consensus and strong team-building for the corporate long-term development. Meanwhile, the Company values internal communication and exchange of opinions and, therefore, can finally create its existing corporate culture upholding harmonious co-existence successfully. The adoption of such professional ethical code enables all of the Company's staff to fight for the Company's growth consistently, and may serve as a strong backup for the internal reform or external expansion conducted by them in the future to practice the Company's development philosophy and provide the company with more favorable strengths than the others in the same trade.

In conclusion, with the efforts spent by the Company in the past years, the Company has accumulated multiple tangible assets and intangible assets inside and outside the Company, which may serve as the niches for the Company's competition with the others in the same trade, helping the Company continue growing in the apparel industry of Taiwan.

#### 5. Positive and negative factors for future development, and response to the factors

#### (1) Positive factors:

- A. The Company has accumulated plentiful experience for several decades and adopted the resilient resource allocation and constructed the sound vertical and horizontal integrated network.
- B. All of the customers which have worked with the Company permanently are the leading brand owners with strong influence over the market and also well received by consumers. For the forward-looking marketability, the Company will solicit customers engaged in the masstige apparel business to expand the Company's economy of scale. The Company's close trust relationship with customers make the customers willing to place fine-quality orders. In return, the Company also provides fine-quality products. The brand owners and manufacturer complement with each other to achieve the synergistic effect.
- C. Each plant implements the IE standard working-hour operating procedure comprehensively, and successively imports the production system to improve the production efficiency, cut costs and maximize the benefits resulting from expanded production capacity, with the professional technology.
- D. The Head Office, together with various production bases, have implemented the quality control boosting plan comprehensively and raised the proportion of self-inspection and solicited professional main materials suppliers for cooperation with the Company to better the quality and enable customers to place orders without worry.
- E. The production bases establish their own characteristics and competitiveness in response to the international jobdivision trend and strengthen the characteristics and apparel types they are good at to exert the specialization model to the extreme, increase efficiency and quality and satisfy the diversified needs of the Company's customers.
- F. Domestic and overseas production bases construct the complete production network with their contractors to exert the scale of economy for the production sufficiently.
- G. Import and construct the technology sharing and exchange platform to achieve the overall upgrading of technology and create the effect of improvement on an on-going basis in an environment full of common good and healthy competition. Meanwhile, enhance the speed and resilience in duplication of production capacity through modularization of technology.
- H. Institutionalize the production system SOP management, optimize the ERP, import IE digital visualization, and use the big data database as the backbone to carry out the effective cooperation between the system & automated equipment and employees to improve the quality and efficiency.

#### (2) Response to positive and negative factors:

A. The uncertainty in the relationship between Mainland China and USA affects the US-based customers' willingness to place orders with the production bases in Mainland China.

Response:

The Company uses the best effort to transform the production bases in the mainland China and seek alternate markets, such as Japan, Canada and EU and develops the domestic sales market in Mainland China pro-actively. Further, the multiple production bases managed by the Company for many years hold different strengths in the production elements and, therefore, are able to adjust the operations of each customer's orders effectively, control the optimal resource allocation from time to time, produce the most cost-effective products and enhance its competitiveness accordingly.

B. The wages in the production base increasing year by year has resulted in the increase in personnel cost.

#### Response:

Control the 3P lead-time work arrangement earlier to avoid any inefficiencies caused by the production procedure; control the overtime work efficiently; import and utilize rhythmic U-shaped production lines and smart suspension systems to improve the overall efficiency and in response to the automated equipment improvement process to overcome the pressure from the increasing wages.

C. To deal with the low-cost competition from the developing countries Response:

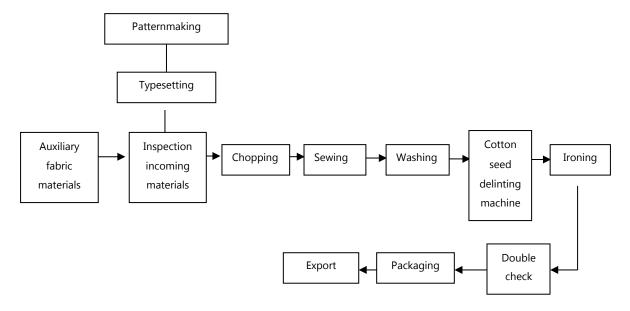
Develop the digitalization of the modularization technology proactively, enhance the technology and process improvement and produce high value-added popular products effectively to satisfy the needs for fair price, good quality, short delivery period and high product complexity, and distinguish the Company itself from the competitive markets in the developing countries effectively.

#### (II) Usage and manufacturing processes for the Company's main products.

#### 1. Usage of the Company's main products:

Food, clothing, housing, and transportation refer to the basic needs in people's livelihood. The Company has engaged in manufacturing apparel for more than five decades, as one of the current top 10 domestic professional apparel manufacturers. Per the customers' different needs, the Company produces various apparel types to meet the customers' requirements for covering their bodies up and keeping them warm and also for using it as the tool to express themselves with its function to communicate with the society.

#### 2. Manufacturing processes for the Company's main products



#### (III) Supply situation for the Company's major raw materials

The main raw materials for apparel are categorized into main materials (clothes, lining and core) and auxiliary materials (buttons, zippers, threads and logos, etc.). Considering that the manufacturing of apparel is characterized in the usage of main and auxiliary materials varying depending on different apparel styles, the main and auxiliary materials must be ordered completely subject to the customers' requirements and the design. Therefore, the Company establishes its own Purchasing Dept. responsible for placing orders with domestic/foreign well-renowned suppliers per customers' needs. The sources of materials include renowned suppliers from various countries, such as WINNITEX, BLACK PEONY,

MIZUDA, MSJC, NIEN HSING TEXTILES, NEW WIDE, YKK and AVERY DENNISON, etc. The Company has maintained fair cooperative relationship with the suppliers permanently and, therefore, the sources of materials are considered stable.

- (IV) List of major customers of purchase and sales in the past two years.
  - 1. Major suppliers in the past two years (the sales which account for more than 10% of the total sales in the past two years): None.

2. Major trade debtors in the past two years (the sales which account for more than 10% of the total sales in the past two years):

Unit: NT\$ Thousand; %

	2022				2023			
Item	Name	Amount	Percen tage in the annual net sales (%)	Relationship with the issuer	Name	Amount	Percent age in the annual net sales (%)	Relationship with the issuer
1	Customer B	\$ 2,151,803	28.6	Non-related party	Customer B	\$ 1,973,321	30.32	Non-related party
2	Customer D	1,203,496	16.0	Non-related party	Customer D	1,138,789	17.50	Non-related party
3	Customer G	814,230	10.8	Non-related party	Customer G	689,527	10.59	Non-related party
4	Customer E	787,503	10.5	Non-related party	Customer E	449,231	6.90	Non-related party
5	Others	2,572,813	34.1	Non-related party	Others	2,257,432	34.69	Non-related party
	Net sales	\$ 7,529,845	100.00		Net sales	\$ 6,508,300	100.00	

Reasons for changes: primarily as a result of the sales varying depending on the customers' brands.

Note 1: Please identify the names of customers sharing 10% or more of the total sales in the past two years and their sales amount and proportion, provided that they may identified by certain ID code, if the contract provides that no customer's name shall be disclosed or if the trading counterpart is an individual and non-related party.

## (V) Production quantity/value in the past two years

Unit Value: Thousand pcs; NT\$ Thousand

Year	Year 2022			Year 2023			
Production Main product	Capacity	Quantity	Amount	Capacity	Quantity	Amount	
(or by Department)/Item							
Garment	25,973	28,359	5,956,566	24,674	19,290	5,315,935	
Brand	(Note)	-	-	(Note)	-	-	
Total	25,973	28,359	5,956,566	24,674	19,290	5,315,935	

(Note) The annual quantity includes that for outsourcing and purchase from external sources.

Unit Value: Thousand pcs; NT\$ Thousand

Year	Year 2022				Year 2023			
Net Sales	Domestic Sales		EXPORT		Domestic Sales		EXPORT	
Main product (or by Department)/Item	Qty	Amount	Qty	Amount	Qty	Amount	Qty	Amount
Garment Production	220	54,915	23,898	7,469,742	164	43,859	19,097	6,460,807
Brand	-	-	ī	-	-	-	-	-
Raw Materials	-	155	-	5,033	-	452	-	3,182
Total	220	55,070	23,898	7,474,775	164	44,311	19,097	6,463,989

III. Number of employees, average year of service, average age and education distribution in the last two years and the current year as of the publication date of the annual report.

Year		2022	2023	The current year up to	
		2022	2023	March 31, 2024	
Number of employees	Management staff	872	632	609	
	General staff	1,345	1,320	1,248	
	Technical staff	4,202	3,988	3,554	
	Operators	7,130	6,768	6,029	
	Total	13,549	12,712	11,440	
Average age		35.22	35.38	35.33	
Average years of service		5.18	5.39	5.29	
Education distribution	Doctoral degree	0.00%	0.00	0.00%	
	Master's degree	0.91%	1.18%	1.19%	
	University and college	15.73%	15.63%	15.33%	
	Below senior high school	83.36%	83.19%	83.48%	

### IV. Information on environmental protection expenditures

For the most recent year and for the current year up to the date of publication of the annual report, the amount of loss due to environmental pollution (including compensation and environmental protection audit results of violations of environmental protection laws and regulations, the penalty date, the penalty number, the provisions of the regulation violated, the content of the regulation violated, and the penalty content should be stated) and the estimated amount of current and potential future losses (including the estimated amount of losses, penalties and compensation that may occur if no countermeasures are taken, and if the amount cannot be reasonably estimated, the fact that it cannot be reasonably estimated shall be stated) and countermeasures (including improvement measures) should be disclosed.

Since 1997, the Company has been paying attention to the compliance of treated wastewater with the standards, and the discharge has now met the new discharge standards. In the future, the Company will focus on the maintenance of pollution prevention equipment and regular inspection, and timely prevention and improvement of environmental pollution-related problems to fulfill its corporate responsibility. The potential expenditures for the above countermeasures are mainly

for regular inspection and equipment maintenance, which will not result in significant capital expenditure. Therefore, as of the date of publication of the annual report, there has been no loss (including compensation) due to environmental pollution.

#### V. Labor relations

#### (I) Employee welfare measures:

The company takes "Truth, Goodness, and Beauty" as its management philosophy, treating people with truth and respecting human character; doing things with goodness and promoting total quality control; and establishing a world brand with products of beauty. In order to provide better services to our employees and to achieve work-life balance and protection, so that they are happy to work and integrate into the team, the Company specially provides or sponsors relevant welfare programs, and the employee welfare committee is established by the Company's employees to be responsible for the planning and implementation of employee welfare, and the current welfare measures are as follows:

- 1. The Company establishes the Employee Benefit Committee according to the Employee Welfare Fund Act, in order to promote the sound employee benefit committee system and provide the subsidies for three major festivals, birthday, childbirth, weddings, funerals, celebration ceremony, and regular employee tours.
- 2. The Company will enroll new employees to the labor insurance and national health insurance programs. The benefits for childbirth, injury & sickness, disability, old-age and death are handled and claimed by the Company in accordance with the Labor Insurance Act and Enforcement Rules of Labor Insurance Act promulgated by the government.
- 3. The Company's employees apply for group insurance subject to their rank ranks or positions. The insurance covers term life insurance and accidental insurance, and medical insurance in the case of overseas colleagues.
- 4. The Company's employees who taking business travel may apply for overseas travel insurance.
- 5. The Company publishes Tainan Enterprise journals periodically and internal e-news, and sets up the employee opinion mailbox to verify the employees' needs and improve the employees' communication platform.
- 6. Senior employees will be awarded a service commemorative medal per five years after their seniority attains one decade or more.
- 7. Provide employees with the preferential treatment for purchase of the apparel.
- 8. Organize the spring party and lottery each year to reward employees for the efforts spent by them in work.
- 9. Value employees' health and arrange the annual health checkup for employees without charge.

#### (II) Employee continued education and training:

In response to the rapidly transformation of industrial technology, the Company improves the employee's key competence development to achieve the Company's strategic goals and employees' cultivation and training as the Company's HR focus. The Company's training and development policy is based on the principle upholding "TTQS as the benchmark and business strategy as the guide; cultivate multinational and diversified talents and construct a complete training system." Meanwhile, the Company establishes various talent training regulations and related enforcement rules as the bases to be followed, hoping to improve the employees' expertise and provide them with the stage to do what they are good at, improve the enterprise's competitiveness externally and create the overall profit. The Company's cultivation and training system:

#### 1. Cultivation by job rank:

- (1) Cultivation of senior management: Cultivate the senior management's strategic management, partnership and sustainability functions.
- (2) Cultivation of middle management: Cultivate the middle management's functions in leadership, motivation,

- accountability, cross-departmental collaboration and formation of high efficient teams.
- (3) Cultivation of reserve cadre: Cultivate the group supervisors' functions in teaching ability, management ability, ability to solve problems and team unity.

#### 2. Key functional cultivation:

- (1) Special business training: Sales representatives' professional training, including cultivation of the functions in textile industry expertise and business skills.
- (2) Production management cultivation at factory premises: Each overseas factory's facility training, including the cultivation of the functions in ESG, production process and quality.

#### 3. Cultivation of reserve cadre

- (1) GMA cultivation: A two-year cross-departmental rotation cultivation program to develop personal IDP and cultivate them to become the factory management reserve cadre.
- (2) SMA cultivation: A two-year cross-departmental rotation cultivation program to develop personal IDP and cultivate them to become the business management reserve cadre.
- 4. Cultivation of newcomers: In line with the Company's recruitment priority, the Company arranges newcomer training courses to improve the newcomers' entire understanding of the Company and products, and improve their recognition and sense of belonging to the Company. The courses include:
  - (1) Information course Introduction to DNA ERP
  - (2) Financial procedure
  - (3) Introduction to byproduct
  - (4) Washing courses
  - (5) Customs clearance procedure
  - (6) Overall planning course
  - (7) Basic introduction to textile products (woven and knitted)
  - (8) Main materials quality inspection
  - (9) Sewing machine

#### (III) Retirement system and implementation.

In accordance with the "Labor Standards Act" of the R.O.C., the Company has established a defined benefit retirement plan that applies to the years of service of all regular employees prior to the implementation of the "Labor Pension Act" of the R.O.C. on July 1, 2005, and to the years of service of employees who choose to continue to be subject to the Labor Standards Act after the implementation of the "Labor Pension Act". For employees who meet the retirement criteria, pension payments are based on the years of service and the average salary for the six months prior to retirement, with two bases for each year of service up to 15 years (inclusive) and one base for each year of service in excess of 15 years, subject to a maximum accumulation of 45 bases. The Company appropriates 7.5% of the total monthly salary for the pension fund, which is deposited in the name of the Supervisory Committee of Labor Retirement Reserve to a dedicated account at the Bank of Taiwan. Before the end of each year, the Company estimates the balance of the aforementioned pension fund in the dedicated account. If the balance is not sufficient to pay the amount of pension benefits to eligible employees in the following year, the Company will make a lump-sum catch-up appropriation for the difference by the end of March of the following year.

Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution retirement plan in accordance with the "Labor Pension Act" of the R.O.C., which is applicable to employees of the R.O.C. nationality. The Company and its domestic subsidiaries make monthly contributions of 6% of salaries to employees' personal

accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance for employees who choose to be subject to the labor pension scheme under the Labor Pension Act of the R.O.C. Employees' pensions are paid in the form of monthly pensions or lump-sum pensions, depending on the amount of the employees' individual pension accounts and accumulated earnings. The Group's overseas subsidiaries make monthly provisions of 7% to 16% of local employees' salaries to the pension reserve and endowment insurance system on a voluntary basis in accordance with local government regulations. Each employee's pension is administered and arranged by the government.

(IV) For the most recent year and for the current year up to the date of publication of the annual report, the amount of loss due to labor disputes (including labor inspection results of violations of the labor pension act, the penalty date, the penalty number, the provisions of the regulation violated, the content of the regulation violated, and the penalty content should be stated) and the estimated amount of current and potential future losses and countermeasures should be disclosed.

The Company has always regarded its employees as its most valuable assets and attaches great importance to their future development. As a result, labor relations have remained harmonious and the Company holds regular labor-management negotiation meetings. Overall, the Company has not incurred any losses resulting from labor disputes.

#### VI. Information Disclosure of Cyber Security Management:

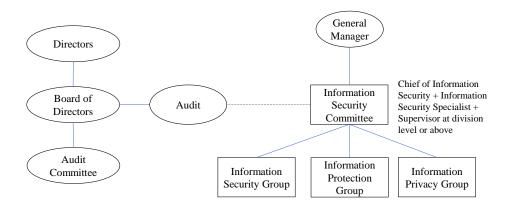
(I) Information on the strategy and framework of cyber security management:

The company takes "Truth, Goodness, and Beauty" as its management philosophy, treating people with truth and respecting human character; doing things with goodness and promoting total quality control; and establishing a world brand with products of beauty. In order to provide better services to our employees and to achieve work-life balance and protection, so that they are happy to work and integrate into the team, the Company specially provides or sponsors relevant welfare programs, and the employee welfare committee is established by the Company's employees to be responsible for the planning and implementation of employee welfare, and the current welfare measures are as follows:

1. Corporate Information Security Governance Organization

In 2022, Tainan Enterprises established the "Information Security Committee" to coordinate information security and protection related policy formulation, implementation, risk management and audit on the compliance. The top leader of the enterprise information security organization reports to the Audit Committee every six months on the effectiveness of information security management and information security-related issues and directions. Tainan Enterprises' Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the governance of corporate information security, and committee members with backgrounds in information security will oversee the evaluation of Tainan Enterprises' corporate information and network security management mechanism and direction.

In order to implement the information security strategy set by the corporate information security organization, and to ensure internal compliance with the information security-related standards, procedures and regulations, Tainan Enterprises has established the "Tainan Enterprises Exclusive Information Protection Committee," which will be chaired by the Senior Manager of Information Technology and Material and Risk Management, with the Chief Finance Officer, Assistant Manager of Human Resources, Senior Manager of Research and Development and Senior Manager of Operations as committee members, and with the top leader of corporate information security organization as executive secretary and the top leader of internal audit as observer. The committee holds quarterly meetings to review and decide on information security and information protection policies, and to implement the effectiveness of information security management measures.



## 2. Cyber Security Policy

(1) Strategy and framework of corporate information security management:

In order to effectively implement information security management, the Audit Division holds monthly meetings through the "Information Protection Promotion Team" that covers all units in the Taiwan plant and overseas subsidiaries to review the applicability of information security policies and protection measures based on the management cycle of Plan-Do-Check-Act (PDCA), and reports regularly to the Exclusive Information Protection Committee on the effectiveness of implementation.

In the "Plan stage", we focus on information security risk management, establish a complete Information Security Management System (ISMS), and promote each plant to continuously pass international information security management system certification (ISO/IEC 27001, ISO/IEC 15408) to reduce corporate information security threats from the system, technical, and procedural aspects to establish the highest standard of confidential information protection services that meet customer needs. In the "Do phase", we will build multi-layer information security protection, continue to introduce innovative technologies for information security defense, and integrate information security control mechanisms into the daily operating processes of software and hardware maintenance and supplier information security management to systematically monitor information security and maintain the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of important assets of Tainan enterprises. In the "Check stage", we actively monitor the effectiveness of information security management, measure and quantify information security indicators based on audit results, and evaluate the maturity of information security through regular simulation of information security attacks. In the "Act stage", we implement supervision and audit based on review and continuous improvement to ensure the continued effectiveness of information security regulations; when employees violate relevant regulations and procedures, they will be dealt with in accordance with the information security violation handling process, and they will be penalized depending on the violation (including the employee's performance appraisal for the current year or taking necessary legal actions). In addition, based on the performance indicators and maturity evaluation results, we also regularly review and implement improvement actions including information security measures, education, training and promotion to ensure that important confidential information of Tainan enterprises is not

(2) Enterprise information security risk management and continuous improvement framework:

A. Plan:

- a. Enterprise Information Security Risk Assessment
- b. Information Security Risk Management and Countermeasure Formulation
- c. Compliance with international standards (ISO/IEC 27001, ISO/IEC 15408, S)CF, NIST, SAFE)
- d. Customer information security protection mechanism

## B. Do

- a. Personnel and Physical Security
- b. Cloud Security
- c. Account and Privilege Management
- d. Information Security Monitoring and Maintenance
- e. Data Security Protection Technology Enhancement
- f. Network Security
- g. Device Security
- h. Application Security
- i. Supply Chain Information Security
- j. Data Security

## C. Check

- a. Information Security Continuous Monitoring
- b. Quantitative Evaluation of Information Security Indicators
- c. Information Security Attack Pattern Exercise
- d. Confidential Information Protection Compliance Check
- e. Information Security Maturity Assessment
- f. Passing International Audit Certification for Information Security

## D. Act

- a. Information Security Measures Review and Improvement
- b. Mastery of Information Security Threat Level Technology
- c. Information Security Breach Level Disposal
- d. Information Protection Questionnaire Survey
- e. Information Security Training and Promotion

## (3) Specific Management Plan

- A. Multi-Level Information Security Protection
  - a. Network Security
    - i. Use advanced firewalls to provide protection against malware, exploitation of vulnerability, and malicious websites defend against and detect known and unknown attacks
    - ii. Cloud gateway protection, where mail is scanned by TMES before it reaches the corporate internal mail server

## b. Device Security

- i. Endpoint protection provide protection against malware, exploitation of vulnerability, and malicious websites
- ii. Anti-Virus outsourced expert hosting services Health checkup record form
- c. Application Security
  - i. Continuously replace/update/upgrade old equipment and obsolete applications/software
  - ii. Continuously strengthen the application security control mechanism and integrate the development process and platform

- d. Supply Chain Information Security
  - i. Externally, open only necessary connection PORT and fixed IP access in firewall control
  - ii. Regularly communicate the latest information security regulations and precautions of the Company
- e. Data Security Protection Technology Enhancement
  - i. Implement advanced information protection tools to enhance confidential document classification and data protection through data tagging
  - ii. Encryption control and effective tracking of documents and data
- B. Review and Continuous Improvement: Education, Training and Promotion
  - a. Information Security Promotion and Enhancement of Employee Information Security Concept
  - b. Regular external training and certification for information security specialists to enhance information security concepts and skills
- C. Effectiveness monitoring: Execute information security maturity assessment and appoint external experts to execute company network security assessment regularly.

## (II) Major information security incidents

According to Item 2, Sub-paragraph 6, Article 18 of the Regulations Governing Information to be Published in Annual Reports of Public Companies of Financial Supervisory Commission: List any losses suffered by the Company in the most recent year and up to the date of publication of the annual report due to significant cyber security incidents, and potential effects to be caused and responsive measures to be taken. If the amount cannot be reasonably estimated, describe why:

No major cyber security incident has occurred so far this year.

## (III) Information security risks and countermeasures:

Tainan enterprises continues to invest resources in information security every year, including strengthening information security defense equipment, improving information security management system and education and training, etc., from management to technical aspects of the overall implementation to improve information security capabilities. For the prevention of incidents, in addition to the annual information-level corporate continuous operation drills in the Taipei and Tainan redundant server rooms, daily and weekly off-site backup, storage and testing of important system data, as well as the annual outsourced vulnerability scanning, are included in the information security routine operations.

In terms of raising information security awareness, we conduct quarterly training and education for employees on information security incidents that occur outside the Company, and conduct random sampling of employees. In addition, we regularly arrange for system management personnel in the Information System to receive training and certification in information security-related courses.

Improvements continued in 2023:

- 1. Establish NDR, MDR and SIEM  $\,$
- 2. Continue to update the UTM authority for firewalls
- 3. Improve internal employees' education, training and promotion
- 4. Social engineering drills
- 5. Update the security bugs in operating systems and APPs
- 6. Replace old operating systems and APPs
- 7. Information security specialist external training and certificate/license

## VII. Important contracts

List the parties to the purchases and sales contracts, technical cooperation contracts, construction contracts, long-term loan contracts and other contracts of material importance to shareholders' equity that were in effect as of the publication date of the annual report and that expired in the most recent year, the parties to the contract, their principal contents, restrictive clauses and dates of commencement and expiration of the contracts: **None.** 

# **Six. Overview of Financial Status**

- I. Condensed balance sheets and statements of comprehensive income for the past 5 fiscal years
  - (I.I) Consolidated Brief Balance Sheets IFRSs

Unit: NT\$ Thousand

Ye	ear		Fina	ncial information	on for the late	st 5 years
Items		2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
		(Note 1)	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	(Note 1)
Current assets		3,130,380	2,926,757	3,282,834	3,264,890	
Property, plant	and					
equipment		1,176,287	1,098,836	1,040,175	1,053,270	1,000,279
Intangible asse	ts	20,968	20,364	15,893	13,054	10,033
Other assets		1,503,205	992,917	874,342	845,676	1,075,747
Total assets		5,830,840	5,038,874	5,213,244	5,176,890	5,434,361
Current	Before distribution	1,787,406	1,517,467	1,947,770	1,442,293	1,537,325
liabilities	After distribution	1,860,483	1,546,698	1,962,385	1,588,447	Not yet been approved by a shareholders' meeting
Non-current lia	bilities	227,041	241,408	211,720	196,527	198,167
T	Before distribution	2,014,447	1,758,875	2,159,490	1,638,820	1,735,492
Total liabilities	After distribution	2,087,524	1,788,106	2,174,105	1,784,974	Not yet been approved by a shareholders' meeting
Equity attributa		3,820,094	3,279,999	3,053,754	3,538,070	3,698,869
Capital s		1,471,535	1,471,535	1,471,535	1,471,535	1,461,535
Capital	Before	1,471,333	1,471,333	1,471,333	1,471,333	1,401,333
surplus	distribution	880,971	874,643	845,412	830,797	824,531
	After distribution	880,971	845,412	830,797	830,797	Not yet been approved by a shareholders' meeting
Retained	Before distribution	1,553,531	1,119,289	971,561	1,283,342	1,441,544
Earing	After distribution	1,480,454	1,119,289	971,561	1,137,188	Not yet been approved by a shareholders' meeting
Other equity		(63,280)	(162,805)	(212,091)	(24,941)	(28,741)
Treasury stoc	k	(22,663)	(22,663)	(22,663)	(22,663)	
Non-controlling	g equity	(3,701)	-	-	-	
Total Equity	Before distribution	3,816,393	3,279,999	3,053,754	3,538,070	3,698,869
	After distribution	3,743,316	3,250,768	3,039,139	3,391,916	Not yet been approved by a shareholders' meeting
	1					

Note 1: The financial information for each year has been audited and certified by the CPAs.

Unit: NT\$ Thousand

	Year		Financial info	ormation for the la	test 5 years (Note 1)	)
Item		2019(Note1)	2020(Note1)	2021(Note1)	2022 (Note 1)	2023 (Note 1)
Current asset	ts	2,214,802	2,013,306	2,296,973	2,088,964	2,045,103
Property, pla equipment	nt and	392,239	390,816	385,909	377,210	380,520
Intangible as	sets	18,317	19,761	15,731	13,017	10,033
Other assets		2,817,185	2,385,289	2,104,959	2,432,193	2,761,643
Total assets		5,442,543	4,809,172	4,803,572	4,911,384	5,197,299
Current	Before distribution	1,549,438	1,472,891	1,700,672	1,333,241	1,458,488
liabilities	After distribution	1,622,515	1,502,122	1,715,287	1,479,395	Not yet been approved by a shareholders' meeting
Non-current	liabilities	73,011	56,282	49,146	40,073	39,942
Total	Before distribution	1,622,449	1,529,173	1,749,818	1,373,314	1,498,430
liabilities	After distribution	1,695,526	1,558,404	1,764,433	1,519,468	Not yet been approved by a shareholders' meeting
Equity attribute to owners of		3,820,094	3,279,999	3,053,754	3,538,070	3,698,869
Capital stock		1,471,535	1,471,535	1,471,535	1,471,535	1,461,535
Capital	Before distribution	880,971	874,643	845,412	830,797	824,531
surplus	After distribution	880,971	845,412	830,797	830,797	Not yet been approved by a shareholders' meeting
Retained	Before distribution	1,553,531	1,119,289	971,561	1,283,342	1,441,544
earnings	After distribution	1,480,454	1,119,289	971,561	1,137,188	Not yet been approved by a shareholders' meeting
Other equity		(63,280)	(162,805)	(212,091)	(24,941)	(28,741)
Treasury stoo		(22,663)	(22,663)	(22,663)	(22,663)	-
Non-controll	ling equity	-	-	-	-	-
	Before distribution	3,820,094	3,279,999	3,053,754	3,538,070	3,698,869
Total equity	After distribution	3,747,017	3,250,768	3,039,139	3,391,916	Not yet been approved by a shareholders' meeting

Note 1: Said financial information has been audited and certified by the CPAs.

Year					
	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
	(Note 1)				
Item	(14010 1)	(14010 1)	(Note 1)	(14010 1)	(Note 1)
Operating revenue	7,660,848	5,970,540	5,761,476	7,529,845	6,508,300
Gross operating profit	1,065,892	670,952	776,208	1,219,265	1,162,899
Operating income	74,490	(327,993)	(156,630)	235,726	286,357
Non-operating revenue	(7.016)	(52.752)	20.072	111 574	72.061
and expenses	(7,916)	(52,752)	29,972	111,574	73,861
Net profit (loss) before	66 574	(200.745)	(126.659)	247 200	260 219
tax	66,574	(380,745)	(126,658)	347,300	360,218
Continuing operations	80,788	(355,198)	(135,104)	301,032	311,469
Current net profit	00,700	(333,136)	(133,104)	301,032	311,409
Loss from discontinued					
operations	-	-	-	_	_
Current net profit (loss)	80,788	(355,198)	(135,104)	301,032	311,469
Current other					
comprehensive income	(61,791)	(102,131)	(61,910)	197,899	(4,516)
(net after tax)					
Current total	18,997	(457,329)	(197,014)	498,931	306,953
comprehensive income	10,997	(437,323)	(137,014)	430,331	300,933
Net profit attributable					
to	80,481	(358,606)	(135,104)	301,032	311,469
owners of the parent					
Net profit attributable	307	3,408		_	_
to non-controlling equity	307	3,400			
Total comprehensive					
income attributable to	18,859	(460,690)	(197,014)	498,931	306,953
owners of the parent					
Total comprehensive					
income attributable to	138	3,361	-	-	-
non-controlling equity					
EPS	0.55	(2.45)	(0.92)	2.06	2.13

Note 1: The financial information for each year mentioned above has been audited and certified by the CPAs.

Unit: NT\$ Thousand

Year					
	2019 (Note 1)	2020 (Note 1)	2021 (Note 1)	2022 (Note 1)	2023(Note 1)
Item					
Operating revenue	7,644,511	5,907,901	5,599,470	7,321,873	6,285,222
Gross operating profit	548,477	393,429	499,110	516,873	454,269
Operating income	73,836	(163,358)	31,097	33,959	8,785
Non-operating revenue and	(10.755)	(221.762)	(160.270)	277.045	226 916
expenses	(19,755)	(221,763)	(169,378)	277,845	326,816
Net profit (loss) before tax	54,081	(385,121)	(138,281)	311,804	335,601
Continuing operations	90.491	(259 606)	(125 104)	201 022	211 460
Current net profit	80,481	(358,606)	(135,104)	301,032	311,469
Loss from discontinued					
operations	-	-	-	-	-
Current net profit (loss)	80,481	(358,606)	(135,104)	301,032	311,469
Current other comprehensive					
income	(61,622)	(102,084)	(61,910)	197,899	(4,516)
(net after tax)					
Current total comprehensive	18,859	(460,690)	(197,014)	498,931	306,953
income	18,839	(400,090)	(197,014)	490,931	300,333
Net profit attributable to	80,481	(358,606)	(135,104)	301,032	311,469
owners of the parent	60,461	(338,000)	(133,104)	301,032	311,409
Net profit attributable to non-	_	_			
controlling equity					
Total comprehensive income					
attributable to owners of the	18,859	(460,690)	(197,014)	498,931	306,953
parent					
Total comprehensive income					
attributable to non-controlling	-	-	-	-	-
equity					
EPS	0.55	(2.45)	(0.92)	2.06	2.13

Note 1: The financial information for each year has been audited and certified by the CPAs.

## (III) Names and audit opinions of the external auditors for the latest five years

Year	Name of the external auditor	Audit opinions
2019	Liu Tze-Meng/Lin Tze-Shu	Unqualified opinion
2020	Tien Chung-Yu/Lin Tze-Shu	Unqualified opinion
2021	Tien Chung-Yu/Lin Tze-Shu	Unqualified opinion
2022	Lin Tze-Shu / Tien Chung-Yu	Unqualified opinion
2023	Tien Chung-Yu /Hsu Hui-Yu	Unqualified opinion

Note:

The Company's financial statements present fairly, in all material aspects, the consolidated financial positions of Tainan Enterprise Co., Ltd. as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the consolidated financial performance and cash flow for the periods from January 1 to December 31, 2023 and 2022, in conformity with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Report by Securities Issuers," as well as the International Financial Reporting Standards (hereinafter referred to as IFRSs), International Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as IAS), IFRIC Interpretations and SIC Interpretations endorsed by the R.O.C. Financial Supervisory Commission (hereinafter referred to as "FSC").

## II. Financial analyses for the past 5 fiscal years

## (II.I) Consolidated Financial Analysis - IFRSs

	Year (Note 1)		Financial	analysis for the	e latest 5 years	
Analysis Ite	ems (Note 3)	2019 (Note 1)	2020 (Note 1)	2021 (Note 1)	2022 (Note 1)	2023 (Note 1)
	Liability to asset ratio	34.54	34.90	41.42	31.65	31.93
Financial structure %	Long-term fund to property, plant and equipment	343.74	320.46	313.93	354.57	389.59
	Current ratio	175.13	192.87	168.54	226.36	217.80
Solvency %	Quick ratio	106.34	133.60	99.51	146.34	134.32
	Interest coverage ratio	2.47	(14.08)	(9.33)	18.00	22.62
	Receivables turnover (counts)	6.09	5.16	5.00	6.43	5.45
	Average cash collection days	59.93	70.73	73.00	56.76	66.97
	Inventory turnover (counts)	6.68	5.82	4.99	5.51	4.69
Operating	Payables turnover (counts)	20.59	16.65	14.34	21.55	16.55
ability	Average days for sale of goods	54.64	62.71	73.14	66.24	77.82
	Property, plant and equipment turnover (counts)	6.52	5.24	5.38	7.19	6.33
	Total assets turnover (counts)	1.28	1.09	1.12	1.44	1.22
	ROA (%)	1.91	(6.24)	(2.44)	6.11	6.11
	ROE (%)	2.09	(10.10)	(4.26)	9.13	8.60
Profitability	Income before tax to paid- in capital ratio (%)	4.52	(25.87)	(8.60)	23.60	24.64
	Net profit margin (%)	1.05	(6.00)	(2.34)	3.99	4.78
	EPS (NT\$)	0.55	(2.45)	(0.92)	2.06	2.13
	Cash flow ratio (%)	21.55	11.13	(26.32)	40.71	34.13
Cash flow	Cash flow adequacy ratio (%)	129.20	134.67	41.41	48.07	84.23
	Cash reinvestment ratio (%)	6.40	2.21	Note 2	12.42	7.67
1	Operating leverage	19.94	(2.92)	(6.30)	6.75	5.24
Leverage	Financial leverage	2.31	0.93	0.92	1.09	1.06

Please specify the reasons for changes in each financial ratio during the most recent two year, if any. (Not required, in the case of changes by less than 20%.)

- 1. Increase in interest coverage ratio: This was due to an increase in net income before income tax and interest expenses.
- 2. Decrease in accounts payable turnover rate (times): Increase in the average payable balance of each period.
- 3. Increase in cash flow adequacy ratio: Mainly due to the increase in net cash flow from operating activities in the last five years.
- 4. Decrease in cash reinvestment ratio: Decrease in net cash flow from operating activities
- 5. Decrease in operating leverage: Due to the increase in 2022 net operating revenue.

Note 1: The financial information for each year mentioned above has been audited and certified by the CPAs.

Note 2: The balance of the net cash flow from the operating activities minus cash dividends is negative, so no calculation is made.

Note 3: The end of this statement in the annual report shall list the following formula:

- 1. Financial structure
  - (1) Liabilities to assets ratio=total liabilities/total assets.
  - (2) Long-term capital to fixed assets ratio, plant to equipment ratio= (total equity +non-current liabilities) /net value of real estate, plant and equipment

## 2. Solvency

- (1) Current ratio = current assets /current liabilities.
- (2) Quick ratio = (Current assets-inventory-prepaid expenses)/current liabilities. (including inventory and construction work in progress).
- (3) Interest protection multiples = net profit before income tax and interest expense / interest expense in the current period

## 3. Operation capability

- (1) Receivable (including accounts receivable and bills receivable arising from business operation) turnover rate=Net sales of goods/Average receivables for different periods (including balance of accounts receivable and bills receivable arising from business operation).
- (2) Average number of days of cash receipt=365/Receivables turnover rate.
- (3) Inventory turnover rate=goods sale costs/average inventory (including inventory and construction work in progress).
- (4) Payable (including accounts payable and notes payable due to business) turnover rate = cost of sales / average balance payable on each period (including accounts payable and notes payable due to business)
- (5) Days sales outstanding = 365 / inventory turnover rate
- (6) Property, plant and equipment turnover rate = net sales/net average property, plant and equipment value
- (7) Total asset turnover rate = net sales / average total assets

## 4. Profitability

- (1) Return on assets = [after tax profit and loss + interest expense  $\times$  (1 tax rate)] / average total assets
- (2) Return on equity = after tax profit and loss / average equity
- (3) Net profit margin = after tax profit and loss / net sales
- (4) Earnings per share = (profit or loss attributable to parent company owner special dividend) / weighted average number of issued shares (Note 6)

## 5. Cash flows

- (1) Cash flow ratio = net cash flow from operating activities / current liabilities.
- (2) Cash flow adequacy ratio = net cash flow from operating activities in the last five years / (capital expenditure + inventory increase + cash dividends) in the last five years
- (3) Cash reinvestment ratio = (net cash flow from operating activities cash dividends) / (gross property, plant and equipment + long term investment + other non-current assets + working capital) (Note 7)

## 6. Leverage

- (1) Operating leverage = (net operating income changing operating costs and expenses) / operating profit (Note 8).
- (2) Financial leverage = operating profit / (operating profit interest expense)

Note 4: When measuring the aforesaid formula of earnings per share, the following shall be noted:

- 1. The basis shall be the weighted average of common shares, but not the issued shares at the year end.
- 2. For any capital increase in cash or treasury share transaction, the outstanding period shall be considered when calculating the weighted average shares
- 3. Any earnings or capital surplus to capital increase, the retrospective adjustment shall be applied when calculating the earnings per share of the

- previous years or for six months, the issuance period of such capital increase needs not be considered.
- 4. If the preference shares are non-convertible accumulated preference shares, the dividends of the given year (whether distributed or not) shall be deducted from the net profit after tax, or added to the net loss after tax. If the preference shares are not accumulated, when there is net profit after tax, the dividends of the preferred shares shall be deducted from the net profit after tax, but no adjustment is needed for losses.

Note 5: Attention shall be paid to the following when measuring the cash flow analysis:

- 1. The net cash flow from operating activities refers to the net cash flow from operating activities in the Cash Flow Statement.
- 2. Capital expenditure refers to the cash outflow of the capital investment every year.
- 3. The addition of inventory is only calculated when the balance at the end of term greater than the balance at the beginning of the term. If the inventory decreased at the end of the year, it is counted as zero
- 4. Cash dividends include the cash dividends for common shares and preference shares.
- 5. Gross property, plant and equipment refers to the total amount of property, plant and equipment before accumulated depreciation.
- Note 6: Issuers shall categorize each operating cost and operating expense based on the nature as fixed or variable. If estimation or subjective judgement is involved, the reasonability and consistency shall be paid attention to.
- Note 7: In case the shares have no face value or the face value is not NT\$10, the abovementioned percentage in the paid-up capital shall be replaced by the equity attributable to the owners of the parent company in the balance sheet.

(II.I) Parent Company Only Financial Analysis - IFRSs

	Year (Note 1)		Financial a	nalysis for the la	test 5 years	
		2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Analysis Ite	ems (Note <b>4</b> )	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	(Note 1)
Financial	Liability to asset ratio	29.81	31.79	36.42	27.96	28.83
structure %	Long-term fund to property, plant and equipment	992.53	853.67	804.04	948.58	982.55
	Current ratio	142.94	136.69	135.06	156.68	140.22
Solvency %	Quick ratio	106.92	105.70	84.11	108.42	90.99
	Interest coverage ratio	2.57	(21.21)	(22.06)	24.02	32.50
	Receivables turnover (counts)	6.26	5.20	5.05	6.46	5.40
	Average cash collection days	58.30	70.19	72.27	56.50	67.59
	Inventory turnover (counts)	14.83	11.23	8.59	9.99	8.85
Operating	Payables turnover (counts)	18.21	13.54	13.05	19.42	14.46
ability	Average days for sale of goods	24.61	32.50	42.49	36.53	41.24
	Property, plant and equipment turnover (counts)	19.39	15.08	14.41	19.18	16.58
	Total assets turnover (counts)	1.36	1.15	1.16	1.50	1.24
	ROA (%)	1.88	(6.74)	(2.70)	6.42	6.32
	ROE (%)	2.09	(10.10)	(4.26)	9.13	8.60
Profitability	Income before tax to paid-in	3.67	(26.17)	(9.39)	21.18	22.96
	Net profit margin (%)	1.05	(6.06)	(2.41)	4.11	4.95
	EPS (NT\$)	0.55	(2.45)	(0.92)	2.06	2.13
	Cash flow ratio (%)	6.60	8.61	(32.22)	27.63	10.53
Cash flow	Cash flow adequacy ratio (%)	77.32	94.62	Note 4	Note 4	23.98
	Cash reinvestment ratio (%)	0.75	1.63	Note 3	10.38	0.20
	Operating leverage	15.21	4.90	27.12	31.00	104.00
Leverage	Financial leverage	1.75	1.10	1.24	1.67	(4.99)

Please specify the reasons for changes in each financial ratio during the most recent two year, if any. (Not required, in the case of changes by less than 20%.)

- 1. Increase in interest coverage ratio: This is due to an increase in net income before income tax and interest expenses in the current period.
- 2. Increase in net profit margin: Primarily a result of the increase in net income.
- 3. Decrease in cash flow ratio: Mainly due to the decrease in net cash flow from operating activities.
- 4. Decrease in cash reinvestment ratio: Mainly due to the decrease in net cash flow from operating activities in the

last five years.

- 5. Increase in operating leverage: Due to the decrease in net operating income from 2022.
- 6. Decrease in financial leverage: Due to the decrease in net operating income from 2022.

•

- Note 1: The financial information for each year mentioned above has been audited and certified by the CPAs.
- Note 2: The balance of the net cash flow from the operating activities minus cash dividends is negative, so no calculation is made.
- Note 3: The balance of the net cash flow from the operating activities in the past five years is negative, so no calculation is made.

Note 4: The end of this statement in the annual report shall list the following formula:

## 1. Financial structure

- (1) Liabilities to assets ratio=total liabilities/total assets.
- (2) Long-term capital to real estate ratio, plant to equipment ratio= (total equity + non-current liabilities)/net value of real estate, plant and equipment.

## 2. Solvency

- (1) Current ratio=current assets /current liabilities.
- (2) Quick ratio -(Current assets-inventory-prepaid expenses)/current liabilities. (including inventory and construction work in progress).
- (3) Interest protection multiples = net profit before income tax and interest expense / interest expense in the current period

## 3. Operation capability

- (1) Receivable (including accounts receivable and bills receivable arising from business operation) turnover rate=Net sales of goods/Average receivables for different periods (including balance of accounts receivable and bills receivable arising from business operation).
- (2) Average number of days of cash receipt=365/Receivables turnover rate.
- (3) Inventory turnover rate=goods sale costs/average inventory (including inventory and construction work in progress).
- (4) Payable (including accounts payable and notes payable due to business) turnover rate = cost of sales / average balance payable on each period (including accounts payable and notes payable due to business)
- (5) Days sales outstanding = 365 / inventory turnover rate
- (6) Property, plant and equipment turnover rate = net sales/net average property, plant and equipment value
- (7) Total asset turnover rate = net sales / average total assets

## Profitability

- (1) Return on assets = [after tax profit and loss + interest expense  $\times$  (1 tax rate)] / average total assets
- (2) Return on equity = after tax profit and loss / average equity
- (3) Net profit margin = after tax profit and loss / net sales
- (4) Earnings per share = (profit or loss attributable to parent company owner special dividend) / weighted average number of issued shares (Note 4)

## 5. Cash flows

- (1) Cash flow ratio = net cash flow from operating activities / current liabilities.
- (2) Cash flow adequacy ratio = net cash flow from operating activities in the last five years / (capital expenditure + inventory increase + cash dividends) in the last five years
- (3) Cash reinvestment ratio = (net cash flow from operating activities cash dividends) / (gross property, plant and equipment + long term investment + other non-current assets + working capital) (Note 5)

## 6. Leverage

- (1) Operating leverage = (net operating income changing operating costs and expenses) / operating profit (Note 6).
- (2) Financial leverage = operating profit / (operating profit interest expense)

Note 5: When measuring the aforesaid formula of earnings per share, the following shall be noted:

- 1. The basis shall be the weighted average of common shares, but not the issued shares at the year end.
- 2. For any capital increase in cash or treasury share transaction, the outstanding period shall be considered when calculating the weighted average shares
- 3. Any earnings or capital surplus to capital increase, the retrospective adjustment shall be applied when calculating the earnings per share of the previous years or for six months, the issuance period of such capital increase needs not be considered.
- 4. If the preference shares are non-convertible accumulated preference shares, the dividends of the given year (whether distributed or not) shall be deducted from the net profit after tax, or added to the net loss after tax. If the preference shares are not accumulated, when there is net profit after tax, the dividends of the preferred shares shall be deducted from the net profit after tax, but no adjustment is needed for losses.

Note 6: Attention shall be paid to the following when measuring the cash flow analysis:

- 1. The net cash flow from operating activities refers to the net cash flow from operating activities in the Cash Flow Statement.
- 2. Capital expenditure refers to the cash outflow of the capital investment every year.
- 3. The addition of inventory is only calculated when the balance at the end of term greater than the balance at the beginning of the term. If the inventory decreased at the end of the year, it is counted as zero
- 4. Cash dividends include the cash dividends for common shares and preference shares.
- 5. Gross property, plant and equipment refers to the total amount of property, plant and equipment before accumulated depreciation.

Note 7:Issuers shall categorize each operating cost and operating expense based on the nature as fixed or variable. If estimation or subjective judgement is involved, the reasonability and consistency shall be paid attention to.

Note 8:In case the shares have no face value or the face value is not NT\$10, the abovementioned percentage in the paid-up capital shall be replaced by the equity attributable to the owners of the parent company in the balance sheet.

III. Audit Committee's Audit Report on the Most Recent Financial Statements

Audit Committee's Audit Report

The Board of Directors prepared the Company's 2023 annual business report, parent company only and consolidated financial statements and earnings appropriation proposal. Among them, the parent company only and consolidated financial statements have been checked by PwC Taiwan and an audit report with unqualified opinion has been issued. Said business report, parent

company only and consolidated financial statements and earnings appropriation proposal have been reviewed by the Audit

Committee and found to have no inconsistencies. This report is issued in accordance with Article 14-4 of the Securities and

Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company Act. Please review it accordingly.

Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.

Convener of Audit Committee: Sher Jih-Hsin (signed)

March 7, 2024

- IV. Most recent financial statements: Please refer to Pages 161~360 for details.
- V. Most recent parent company only financial statements audited and certified by CPAs: Please refer to Pages 263~360 for details.
- VI. If the Company and its affiliates have encountered any financial turnover problems for the most recent fiscal year and until the date of publication of the annual report: None.

# Seven. Review and Analysis on Financial Position and Performance and Risk Management Issues

## I. Financial position

Unit: NT\$ Thousand

Year	2023	2022	Varianc	е
Item			Amount	%
Current assets	3,348,302	3,264,890	83,412	2.55
Financial assets carried at amortized	494,292	320,144	174,148	54.40
cost - non-current				
Property, plant and equipment	1,000,279	1,053,270	(52,991)	(5.03)
Intangible assets	10,033	13,054	(3,021)	(23.14)
Other assets	581,455	525,532	55,923	10.64
Total assets	5,434,361	5,176,890	257,471	4.97
Current liabilities	1,537,325	1,442,293	95,032	6.59
Other non-current liabilities	198,167	196,527	1,640	0.83
Total liabilities	1,735,492	1,638,820	96,672	5.90
Equity attributable to owners of the	3,698,869	3,538,070	160,799	4.54
parent				
Capital stock	1,461,535	1,471,535	(10,000)	(0.68)
Capital surplus	824,531	830,797	(6,266)	(0.75)
Retained earnings	1,441,544	1,283,342	158,202	12.33
Other equity	(28,741)	(24,941)	(3,800)	15.24
Treasury stock	-	(22,663)	22,663	(100.00)
Total equity	3,698,869	3,538,070	160,799	4.54

Explanation and analysis on the causes of the changes in amounts by more than 20% in the most recent two years, if any:

- 1. Increase in financial assets at amortized cost non-current: Due to the increase in bonds from 2022...
- 2. Decrease in intangible assets: Due to the decrease in computer software.
- 3. Decrease in treasury stock: Due to the cancellation of treasury stock in the current period.

## II. Financial Performance

(I) Comparison and analysis of operating results

Unit: NT\$ Thousand

Year	2023	2022	Varian	ce
Item	2023	2022	Amount	%
Operating revenue, net	6,508,300	7,529,845	(1,021,545)	(13.57)
Operating costs	5,345,401	6,310,580	(965,179)	(15.29)
Gross operating profit	1,162,899	1,219,265	(56,366)	(4.62)
Operating expenses	876,542	983,539	(106,997)	(10.88)
Operating income	286,357	235,726	50,631	21.48
Non-operating revenue and expense	73,861	111,574	(37,713)	(33.80)
Net profit before tax	360,218	347,300	12,918	3.72
Income tax expenses	48,749	46,268	2,481	5.36
Current net profit (loss)	311,469	301,032	10,437	3.47

Explanation and analysis on the causes of the changes in amounts by more than 20% in the most recent two years, if any:

- (II) Expected sale volume and basis thereof: the Company follows its business plan, considers the industrial planning and relies on the past business performance, in order to set the annual sales target.
- (III) The Company's profit appear to grow positively this year. Notwithstanding, in order to deal with the contingent impact, the Company will research and develop new technologies and new products and also develop new customers more proactively and also expand its production capacity effectively to improve its efficiency, in order to increase the Company's earnings. Therefore, the Company's business and financial position are expected to grow positively.

## III. Cash flow

(I) Analysis on changes in the cash flow in the most recent year

Unit: NT\$ Thousand

Year	2023	2022	Vari	ance
Item	2023	2022	Amount	%
Operating activities	524,707	587,511	(62,804)	10.69
Investing activities	(314,522)	(52,029)	(262,493)	504.51
Financing activities	(269,843)	(483,659)	213,816	(44.21)

Explanation and analysis on the causes of the changes in amounts by more than 20% in the most recent two years, if any:

- 1.Net cash outflow from investing activities increased: mainly because the interest rate of time deposit is low, this year the financial assets measured at amortized costs with high interest rates, stable interest were purchased, along with the purchase of lands for the new factory in Indonesia, the outflow amount increased
- 2 .Net cash outflow from financing activities decreased: Due to the payment in borrowing from 2022.more than in 2023

<sup>1.</sup> Decrease in non-operating revenue and expenses: Due to the decrease in gain from foreign currency exchange.

## (II) Analysis on liquidity for the coming year

Unit: NT\$ Thousand

Balance of cash,	Projected net cash flow from operating activities	Projected cash	Projected cash	Projected corrective insufficient of	re measures against cash position
beginning	for the year	outflow for the year	balance (deficit)	Investment plan	Wealth
	,				management plan
735,368	2,300,605	(2,242,293)	793,680	_	_

Changes in the cash flow this year (2024):

- (1) Operating activities: the net cash inflow from operating activities resulted from the earnings for the current year.
- (2) Investing activities: Replacement of old production line equipment for new ones and investment in new plants in Indonesia are expected to generate net cash outflow.
- (3) Repayment of short-term loan, distribution of cash dividends and principal for the lease is expected to generate net cash outflow.
- IV. Effect of major capital expenditures on finance and business matters in the most recent year: None
- V. Investment policy for the most recent year, the main reasons for profit or loss, improvement plan and investment plan for the coming year:
  - (I) Most countries around the world have resumed back to the normal lifestyle before the pandemic, and orders are stable. The revenue of the current period has indicated growth from last period to reach the level before the pandemic. Nevertheless, due to the impacts of the inflation, excessive inventories in the U.S., Russo-Ukrainian War, trade conflict between the U.S. and China and supply chain shift, the revenue has not reached new highs. With the customer strategy adjustment, brand production site relocation, profit has increased, such that both the gross profit and operating income also increased.
  - (II) Investment plan for the coming year:
    - Looking into the year of 2024, the Company will continue to promote the customer structural adjustments based on the foundation established over the past years, and will also focus on high-profit products. In addition, the Company will develop new products, new customers, new business models to diversify risks, increase the proportion of the Canadian and Japanese markets and actively develop domestic market orders in Europe and China, Indonesia, Cambodia, Taiwan, etc.; invest in technology, through automation, intelligence, AI-assisted production and through information, data, BI to assist in decision-making with an estimated investment of NT\$140,000,000
- VI. Analysis and assessment of risks: assess the following risks for the most recent year or during the current year up to the date of publication of the annual report:
  - (I) The impact of the changes in interest rate and exchange rate, and inflation on the Company's profitability and future corresponding measures:
    - 1. Interest rate
      - (1) The Group's interest rate risk arises mainly from bank borrowing at floating interest rates, which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk, partially offset by cash and cash equivalents held at floating interest rates. For the years of 2023 and 2022, the Group's borrowings at floating interest rates were mainly denominated in NTD and USD.

(2) If borrowing interest rates had increased or decreased by 1%, with all other factors held constant, net profit would have decreased or increased by \$107 and \$134 for 2023 and 2022 respectively, primarily due to changes in interest expense as a result of floating rate borrowings.

## 2. Exchange rate

- (1) The Group operates on a multinational basis and is exposed to exchange rate risk arising from transactions with different functional currencies from those of the Company and its subsidiaries, mainly the USD and RMB The related exchange rate risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognized assets and liabilities.
- (2) The management of the Group has established policies that require each company within the Group to manage its exchange rate risk relative to its functional currency. Each company is expected to hedge its overall exchange rate risk through the Group's Finance Department. Exchange rate risk is measured through anticipated transactions with a high probability of incurring USD and RMB expenditures, using forward foreign exchange contracts to reduce the impact of the exchange rate fluctuations on the expected cost of purchased inventories.
- (3) The Group uses forward exchange rate transactions to hedge exchange rate risk, but does not apply hedge accounting to account for financial assets or liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss, as described in Note 6, (2) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss.
- (4) The Group's risk management policy is to hedge the expected future cash flows of major currencies, mainly USD denominated inventory purchases, in order to reduce the risk exposure of major currencies.
- (5) The Group holds certain investments in foreign operations whose net assets are subject to foreign currency translation risk. The exchange rate risk arising from the net assets of the Group's foreign operations is managed mainly through liabilities denominated in the relevant foreign currencies.

(6) The Group engages in business involving certain non-functional currencies (the functional currency of the Group and some subsidiaries is the NTD and the functional currencies of some subsidiaries are the USD and RMB) and is therefore subject to exchange rate fluctuations. Information on foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities with significant exchange rate fluctuations are as follows:

	С	December 31, 2023	1
	Foreign currency		
(Foreign currency: Functional currency)	(in thousands)	Exchange rate	Carrying amount
<u>Financial assets</u>			_
Monetary items			
USD: NTD	\$ 44,014	30.71	\$ 1,351,669
RMB: NTD	7,862	4.327	34,018
IDR: USD	3,995,064	0.000065	7,949
NTD: USD	15,880	0.03	15,880
VND: USD	3,177,496	0.000041	4,031
KHR: USD	1,015,769	0.000244	7,606
<u>Financial liabilities</u>			
Monetary items			
USD: NTD	22,932	30.71	704,230
RMB: NTD	25,381	4.327	109,823
IDR: USD	67,573,410	0.000065	134,411
VND: USD	17,014,555	0.000041	21,587
	С	December 31, 2022	!
	Foreign currency	December 31, 2022	
(Foreign currency: Functional currency)		December 31, 2022 Exchange rate	Carrying amount
(Foreign currency: Functional currency) <u>Financial assets</u>	Foreign currency		
	Foreign currency		
<u>Financial assets</u>	Foreign currency		
Financial assets  Monetary items	Foreign currency (in thousands)	Exchange rate	Carrying amount
Financial assets  Monetary items  USD: NTD	Foreign currency (in thousands)	Exchange rate 30.71	Carrying amount \$ 1,455,524
Financial assets  Monetary items  USD: NTD  RMB: NTD	Foreign currency (in thousands) \$ 47,396 9,394	Exchange rate  30.71 4.408	Carrying amount \$ 1,455,524 41,407
Financial assets  Monetary items  USD: NTD  RMB: NTD  IDR: USD	Foreign currency (in thousands) \$ 47,396 9,394 16,513,374	30.71 4.408 0.000064	\$ 1,455,524 41,407 32,236
Financial assets  Monetary items  USD: NTD  RMB: NTD  IDR: USD  VND: USD	Foreign currency (in thousands) \$ 47,396 9,394 16,513,374 8,775	30.71 4.408 0.000064 1.00	\$ 1,455,524 41,407 32,236 8,775
Financial assets  Monetary items  USD: NTD  RMB: NTD  IDR: USD  VND: USD  Investments accounted for using the equity method	Foreign currency (in thousands) \$ 47,396 9,394 16,513,374 8,775	30.71 4.408 0.000064 1.00	\$ 1,455,524 41,407 32,236 8,775
Financial assets  Monetary items  USD: NTD  RMB: NTD  IDR: USD  VND: USD  Investments accounted for using the equity method  USD: NTD	Foreign currency (in thousands) \$ 47,396 9,394 16,513,374 8,775	30.71 4.408 0.000064 1.00	\$ 1,455,524 41,407 32,236 8,775
Financial assets  Monetary items  USD: NTD  RMB: NTD  IDR: USD  VND: USD  Investments accounted for using the equity method  USD: NTD  Financial liabilities	Foreign currency (in thousands) \$ 47,396 9,394 16,513,374 8,775	30.71 4.408 0.000064 1.00	\$ 1,455,524 41,407 32,236 8,775
Financial assets  Monetary items  USD: NTD  RMB: NTD  IDR: USD  VND: USD  Investments accounted for using the equity method  USD: NTD  Financial liabilities  Monetary items	Foreign currency (in thousands) \$ 47,396 9,394 16,513,374 8,775 2,566,696	30.71 4.408 0.000064 1.00 0.000041	\$ 1,455,524 41,407 32,236 8,775 3,269
Financial assets  Monetary items  USD: NTD  RMB: NTD  IDR: USD  VND: USD  Investments accounted for using the equity method  USD: NTD  Financial liabilities  Monetary items  USD: NTD	Foreign currency (in thousands)  \$ 47,396 9,394 16,513,374 8,775 2,566,696	30.71 4.408 0.000064 1.00 0.000041	\$ 1,455,524 41,407 32,236 8,775 3,269

Sensitivity analysis of foreign currency exchange rate risk is calculated for monetary items denominated in foreign currencies at the end of the financial reporting period. If NTD had strengthened or weakened by 1%

against each foreign currency, with all other factors held constant, the Group's pre-tax profit would have increased or decreased by \$4,511 and \$6,706 in 2023 and 2022 respectively.

(7) The aggregate amount of all exchange gains (losses) (both realized and unrealized) recognized for the years of 2023 and 2022 was \$23,182 and \$126,675, respectively, due to the significant impact of exchange rate fluctuations on the Group's monetary items.

## 3. Inflation rate

The inflation rate in 2023 was different from that in 2022, but still had no impact on the Company's normal operations and profitability.

## 4. Credit risk

- (1) The Group's credit risk is caused by the failure of customers or trading partners of financial instruments to meet their contractual obligations. The Group's exposure to financial losses arises primarily from the inability of trading partners to settle accounts receivable on collection terms and pay contractual cash flows from investments classified as debt instruments measured at amortized cost.
- (2) The Group establishes the management of credit risk from a group perspective. For banks and financial institutions, only those with a rating of at least "A" by an independent credit rating agency can be accepted as trading partners. According to the internal credit policy, each operating entity within the Group is required to conduct management and credit risk analysis for new customers before setting the terms and conditions of payment and delivery. Internal risk control is used to assess the credit quality of customers by considering their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are established by the Board Meeting based on internal or external ratings and the use of credit limits is monitored regularly.
- (3) In accordance with credit risk management, the Group considers the credit risk of financial assets to have increased significantly when contractual payments are more than 30 days overdue in accordance with the contractual payment terms.
- (4) The Group uses IFRS 9 to provide the premise that a default is deemed to have occurred when contractual payments are more than 90 days overdue in accordance with the contractual payment terms.
- (5) The Group classified the notes and accounts receivable from customers according to their ratings and the characteristics of the types of customers, and used a simplified method to estimate the allowance for losses on accounts receivable by adjusting the estimated credit losses based on historical and current information for a specific period for prospective consideration. The Group's loss rate method at December 31, 2023 and 2022 is stated as following:

	Expected loss rate	Total book value	Allowance for losses
December 31, 2023			
Group A	0.09%\$	1,187,894	\$ 1,230
Individual A	100%\$	7,374	\$ 7,374
Total	\$		\$
TOTAL	1,1	195,268	8,604
	Expected loss rate	Total book value	Allowance for losses
December 31, 2022			<del>,</del>
Group A	0.2%	\$ 1,190,457	5 \$ 6,748

(6) The changes in the allowance for losses on accounts receivable under the Group's simplified method were as follows:

		2023		2022
January 1	\$	6,748	\$	4,310
Expected credit impairment loss		2,052		5,380
Write-off of uncollectible amounts	(	196)	(	2,942)
December 31	\$	8,604	\$	6,748
Written-off amount collected in the	-			
current period				
(listed as "Other revenue")	\$		(\$	21,074)

- (7) The Group included the adjustment made for prospective consideration to estimate the opportunity of default of the investment in debt instruments on December 31, 2023 and 2022, based on historical and current information, and also took into consideration the collaterals held by it or other credit enhancements to estimate the expected credit loss.
- (8) The changes in loss allowance for the investment in debt instruments at amortized cost stated by the Group are specified as following:

	2023			2022				
		Subject to t	he duratio	n	Subject to the duration			
	Credit risk has			Cred	it risk has	Credit	impaired	
	increased			increased				
	sig	nificantly.	Credi	t impaired	sigr	nificantly.		
January 1	\$	-44,079	\$	7,752	\$		\$	6,987
	(	44,725)		44,725				
Types of impairment loss				-		42,788		
Effects of foreign exchange rate		646		(646)		1,291		765
December 31	\$	-	\$	51,831	\$	44,079	\$	7,752

- (II) Policies on high-risk, high-leverage investments, lending funds to others, endorsement and guarantee and derivative transactions, main reasons for profits or losses and future countermeasures:
  - 1. The Company did not engage in high-risk and high-leverage investments in the most recent year.
  - 2. The Company's endorsement and lending of funds to others are handled in accordance with the "Procedures for Endorsement and Guarantee" and "Procedures for Lending of Funds to Others" established by the Company.
  - 3. The Group's daily operations are subject to a number of financial risks, including market risk (including exchange rate risk, price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. In order to reduce the adverse effect of uncertainty on the Group's financial performance, the Group enters into forward exchange rate contracts and exchange rate option contracts to hedge the exchange rate risk. The derivatives entered into by the Group are for hedging purposes and are not for trading or speculative purposes.
  - 4. Risk management is performed by the Group's Finance Department in accordance with the policies approved by the Board Meeting. The Group's Finance Department is responsible for the identification, assessment and hedging of financial risks by working closely with the Group's operating units. The Board Meeting has written principles for overall risk management and also provides written policies for specific areas and issues, such as exchange rate risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative and non-derivative financial instruments and investment of surplus circulating capital.
- (III) Future R&D plans and anticipated investments in R&D expenses
  - 1. Listing of research and development expenditures from the current year until the date of publication of the annual report

Unit: NT\$ Thousand

Year Item	2023
Research expenditure	74,671

- 2. Technologies or products developed successfully
  - (1) ETS system
  - (2) IE working hours analysis system
  - (3) SSP Mark cloud system
  - (4) Establishment of 3D database
  - (5) 3D cloud resource sharing
  - (6) The 3D simulation system accelerating the approval rate of proofing
  - (7) Completion of development and production of functional products
- 3. R&D plans and anticipated investments in R&D expenses
  - (1) Anticipated investment in R&D expenses by NT\$100 million.
  - (2) Optimization of process and details, improvement of production process, and rapid proofing
  - (3) Addition of 3D system equipment
  - (4) Upgrading of the 3D simulation system to discover production analysis in advance, pre-warning, quality assurance, and shorten the production time.

- (5) Maximization of the utility of machinery and equipment (remodeling and innovation), R&D of new technologies and automated equipment.
- (6) Improvement of seamless garment technology (bonding machine/gluing machine/hemming machine, etc.)
- (7) Optimization of the ratio of marks, and upgrading of the utilization rate of marks to reduce losses
- (8) Analysis on difference in consumption of cloth
- (9) Precise estimation of working hours for IE sport disc
- (10) Optimization and innovation of the garment production process, and application of the intelligent technology to develop assistive devices and optimize the garment process.

## 4. Future R&D plans

- (1). Establish technical improvement, innovation, sharing and evaluation in factories at home and abroad.
- (2). Preparation of the pattern-making team lean plan, talent reservation plan, and profession and technology inheritance.
- (3).2D+3D technology sharing and upgrading in factories at home and abroad.
- (4). Innovation of automated machine and assistive devices innovation for sustainable use
- (5). Comprehensive improvement of the technical fields
- (6). Assistance in upgrading technology and training in factories at home and abroad
- (7). Virtualization technology to construct multiple simulation environments or dedicated resources.
- (8).Improvement of laser cutting and sublimation technology
- (III) Financial impacts to the Company and the Company's response measures due to change of local and foreign important policies and laws in recent years: None.
- (IV) Financial impacts to the Company and the Company's response measures due to changes in technologies (including cybersecurity risk):

Apply the IT technology in each production cycle to integrate the production workmanship and management procedures, and produce smart products through smart manufacturing to form the smart factory. Combine the new IT technologies, such as connectivity, cloud computing and big data, with automation technology, to practice the vertical systematic integration of the production processes; connect the whole factory internally through the cooperation between equipment, and also workers and equipment, so as to form a cyber physical system delivering mutual cooperation and response, launching personalized production, adjusting the production rate, and utilization rate of resources, to help the Company engage in the production in the most energy-conservation manner and also improve the resilience of production and utilization rate of resources, thus increasing the commercial value of industrial production.

## 1. ERP

Combined with MES, namely the "Manufacturing Execution System" or can also be called the "Factory Operation Control System," to help enterprises collect and monitor the production data generated in the process of manufacturing voluntarily, staring from acceptance of orders, production, flow control until completion of the production, in order to ensure the application software for production quality. Link with the head office's ERP system to transfer the orders automatically, to control the reports and batch costing timely, and feed the MES data back to the head office to help control the status of main and auxiliary materials and production progress in a timely manner.

## 2. Smart suspension system

The suspension system may reflect the data about each apparel item, including target output and production progress, to each management department timely, in order to achieve the visual management and improve the capacity utilization.

## 3. Smart launder operating model

to the society.

The U-Shape mobile rhythmic production operating model may assist the management to manage employees effectively under a full-automatic mode, help all the whole employee groups engage in the production consistently based on the defined steps, make it easier to regulate and standardize the employees' gestures and movements to help them form good working habits and improve the output and production efficiency steadily. The clear procedures may help expose any problems timely and improve the efficiency rapidly.

4. Intelligent warehousing and autonomous mobile system

The use of the AGV system may help reduce the manpower significantly, concentrate the manpower on the value-added process, optimize the direct/indirect labor ratio, and increase the Unit Per Person Per Hour (UPPH). By virtue of the intelligent warehousing, it may gather the inventory statistics and positioning rapidly, assist supervisors to respond quickly and manage the inventory effectively, and reduce man-made errors, such as demand exceeding supply or short supply.

Then, the Company may shorten the lead time and mitigate potential air freight risk.

- (V) Impacts to crisis management and response measures due to change of the corporate identity:

  Since the Company established the Tainan Enterprises Culture and Art Foundation officially in November 2001, it has successively worked with multiple external culture and art organizations and groups to help promote various events. Meanwhile, it is also involved in the charity activities including community care, ecological conservation and talent training proactively to fulfill its corporate social responsibility to purify the society. Accordingly, the Company has received good recognition as a result of the efforts it spent in upgrading its corporate identity and feeding back
- (VI) Expected benefits and possible risks of merger and acquisition as well as the response measures: The Company didn't engage in any acquisition or merger of another company, or was merged or acquired by another company, recently.
- (VII) Expected benefits and possible risks of factory expansions as well as the response measures:

The Company will expand its production capacity step by step in response to the increasing orders placed by customers. Considering that it is necessary to deal with the workers' pre-mature skills which might result in poor efficiency upon completion of the preliminary production lines, the Company takes the response measures requiring experienced workers to train new employees in turn, with the smart operating system to assist the new employees at the same time, in order to improve the efficiency of each production cycle. Given the problems, such as the rise in and the increasing costs of raw materials and supplies, in the production areas in Indonesia, the Company strictly controls the overtime work and also accepts orders in accordance with the production line plan, speeds up the industrial upgrading of the factory in Jakarta, serves high-profit customer brands with diversified, high-skill level and high-popularity products, invests capital in the specialized automated production equipment, increases the production capacity in the production areas in Central Java at the same time, and also transfer the production capacity of the relevant products in Jakarta to the production areas in Central Java. In response to the high and increasing complicated changeability in the color washing orders, the factory in Indonesia allied with Green Fashion

color washing factory strategically to improve the washing equipment and technology, strengthen the development of color washing operations and increase the added value of color washing. Cambodia Washing Factory premises uses the best effort to insist on its environmental protection philosophy, improves the core competitiveness, obtains the patent for innovative production process, reuses and recycles 100% of sewage, plans green energy, environmental protection and non-toxic production and, therefore, is upgraded as an eco-friendly washing factory. Vietnam Factory establishes the washing laboratory which adopts the advanced equipment to reduce pollutant emission, overcome the production management and time-sensitive problems, and save cost and time effectively.

(VIII) Risks of concentrated procurement or sales as well as the response measures:

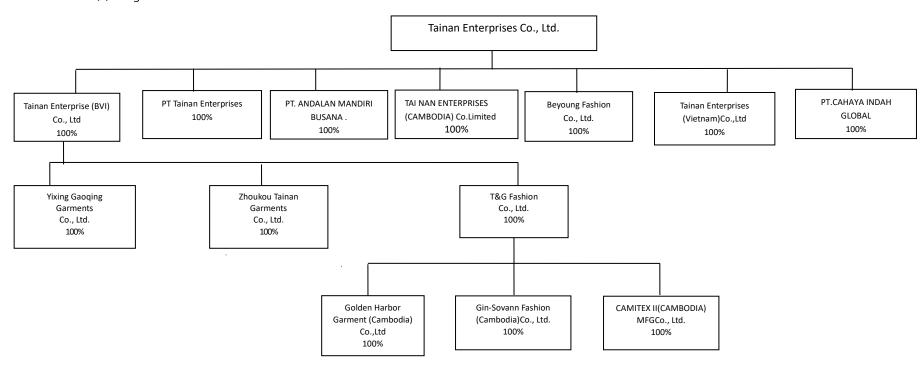
For the time being, the Company adopts the dispersed allocation of trade debtors and avoids concentrated procurement. It also plans to procure materials from different suppliers dispersed locally and overseas.

- (IX) Impacts, risks and response measures following a major transfer or change of equity by directors, supervisors or shareholders with more than 10% ownership interest: No major transfer or change of equity by directors, supervisors, or shareholders with more than 10% ownership interest arose in 2023.
- Impacts, risks and response measures associated with a change of management:
   No change of management occurred, since no major transfer or change of equity by directors, supervisors or shareholders with more than 10% ownership interest arose.
- (XI) In the case of major litigations, non-contentious cases or administrative litigations involving the Company or any director, supervisor, General Manager, person-in-charge or major shareholder with more than 10% ownership interest of the Company, whether concluded or pending judgment, that are likely to pose significant impact to shareholders' equity or security prices of the company, please disclose the nature of dispute, the amount involved, the date the litigation first started, the key parties involved and progress as of the publication date of this annual report: None.
- (XII) Other significant risks and response measures:
  - The Company's Finance Dept. supervises the forecast about the Company's need for working fund, in order to
    ensure that the Company's has sufficient fund to cover any business needs, and maintains sufficient unused line
    of credit commitments at any time, so as to prevent the Company from breaching any related line of credit
    commitments or clauses.
  - The Company's Finance Dept. is in charge of the overall planning about investment in demand deposit, time
    deposit and securities with interest with residual capital. The instruments chosen by it provide appropriate
    maturity dates or sufficient liquidity to address said forecast and provide sufficient fund allocation levels.

VII. Other important matters: None

# **Eight. Special Notes**

- I. Information about affiliated companies:
  - (I) Consolidated business reports of affiliates
    - 1. Overview of affiliates
      - (1) Organization Chart of Affiliates



Note 1: The Company and its affiliates do not hold each other's shares.

Note 2: The Organizational Chart only indicates the subsidiaries included into the consolidated financial statements.

- (2) The Company and another company are presumed to have controlling and subordinate relation under Article 369-3 of the Company Act, and the Company has no the controlling/subordinate company referred to in Paragraph 1 of Article 369-2 of the Company Act; therefore, that company is not included into the consolidated financial statements of affiliates. The information about shareholders and directors of that company: None.
- (3) A subordinate company in which the Company has a direct or indirect control over the management of the personnel, financial or business operation according to Paragraph 2 of article 369-2 of the Company Act: None.

## 2. Affiliates' profile

Name of Corporation	Date of Incorporation	Place of Registration	Outstanding Capital	Major Business or Production Items /Major Business or Production Items
Tainan Enterprise (BVI) Co., Ltd.	January 9, 1995	Road Town, Tortala, British Virgin	USD17,000	Professional
		Islands.	thousand	investment business.
PT. Tainan Enterprises Indonesia	January 14, 1994	Jakarta Utara-14140, Indonesia	USD2,400 thousand	Processing, manufacturing and trading of various garments
Tainan Enterprise (Cambodia) Co., Ltd.	November 2010	Angk Snuol District, Kandal Province, Cambodia.	USD1,000 thousand	Processing, manufacturing and trading of various garments
PT. ANDALAN MANDIRI BUSANA	March 2013	JL SOLO KARANGANYAR KM 9.9, DESA JATEN. KECAMATAN JATEN, KABUPATEN KARANGANYAR	USD6,000 thousand	Processing, manufacturing and trading of various garments
PT CAHAYA INDAH GLOBAL	February 2023	Tegal , provinsi Jawa Tengah,Indonesia	USD1,900 thousand	Processing, manufacturing and trading of various garments
Beyoung Fashion Co., Ltd.	April 2015	Zhongzheng Dist., Taipei City	NTD50,500 thousand	Processing, manufacturing and trading of various garments
Tainan Enterprises. (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	January 2016	Jianxiang City, Long An Province, Vietnam	USD10,000 thousand	Processing, manufacturing and trading of various garments
Yixing Gaoqing Garments Co., Ltd.	June 17, 1993	Yixing City, Jiangsu Province	USD4,500 thousand	Processing, manufacturing and trading of various garments
Zhoukou Tainan Garments Co., Ltd.	December 24, 2010	Zhoukou City, Henan Province	USD5,000 thousand	Processing, manufacturing and trading of various garments
T&G Fashion Co., Ltd.	January 6, 2015	Global Gateway8 Rue de la Perle,	USD3,300	Professional

Name of Corporation	Date of Incorporation	Place of Registration	Outstanding Capital	Major Business or Production Items /Major Business or Production Items
		Province, Mahe Seychelles	thousand	investment business.
Golden Harbor Garment (Cambodia) Limited.	January 14, 2015	Phnom Penh, Cambodia	USD100 thousand	Processing, manufacturing and trading of various garments
Gin-Sovann Fashion (Cambodia) Limited.	June 14, 2015	Kampong Speu Province, Cambodia	USD1,000 thousand	Processing, manufacturing and trading of various garments
CAMITEX II (CAMBODIA) MFG CO LTD.	January 4, 2011	Phnom Penh, Cambodia	USD100 thousand	Processing, manufacturing and trading of various garments

Note 1: Information about the shareholder in common of any company presumed to have a relationship of control and subordination: None.

Note 2: The trades covered by the business lines operated by the affiliates: The Company and its affiliates engage in the business including processing, manufacturing and trading of various garments, and investment business.

## 3. Information about directors, supervisors and presidents of affiliates

Unit: Share; %

N	T'		Sharehold	ing
Name of Corporation	Title	Name of Representative	Shares	%
	Chairman	Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd./Representative:	170,000	100.00
Tainan Enterprise (BVI) Co., Ltd.	of the	Yang Ching-Hon		
	Board			
	Chairman	Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd./Representative:	1,000	100.00
Tainan Entarrarisas (Carabadia) CO	of the	Yang Fu-Ching		
Tainan Enterprises (Cambodia) CO., LTD.	Board			
LID.	General	_	_	_
	Manager			
	Chairman	Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd./Representative:	2,400,000	100.00
	of the	Yang Ching-Hon		
PT. Tainan Enterprises Indonesia	Board			
	General	Yang Fu-Ching	_	_
	Manager			
	Chairman	Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd./Representative:	6,000	100.00
PT. ANDALAN MANDIRI BUSANA	of the	Yang Ching-Hon		
	Board			
	General	Yang Fu-Ching	_	_
	Manager			
	Chairman	Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd./Representative:	1,900,000	100.00
PT CAHAYA INDAH GLOBAL	of the	Yang Ching-Hon		
	Board			
	Chairman	Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd./Representative:	5,050,000	100.00
	of the	Yang Shun-Hui		
Beyoung Fashion Co., Ltd.	Board			
	General	Su Chiung-Chung	_	_
	Manager			
	Chairman	Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd./Representative:	_	100.00
	of the	Yang Ching-Hon		
Tainan Enterprises. (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	Board			
	General	Yang Fu-Ching	_	_
	Manager			
	Chairman	Tainan Enterprise (BVI) Co.,	_	100.00
	of the	Ltd./Representative: Yang Ching-Hon		
Yixing Gaoqing Garments Co., Ltd.	Board			
	General	_	_	_
	Manager			

Name of Corporation	Title	Name of Penrocentative	Shareholding		
Name of Corporation	ritie	Name of Representative	Shares	%	
	Chairman	Tainan Enterprise (BVI) Co.,	_	100.00	
	of the	Ltd./Representative: Yang Ching-Hon			
Zhoukou Tainan Garments Co., Ltd.	Board				
	General	_	_	_	
	Manager				
	Chairman	Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd./Representative:	3,300,000	100.00	
T&G Fashion Co., Ltd.	of the	Yang Shun-Hui			
	Board				
	Chairman	T&G Fashion Co., Ltd. /Representative: Wang	-	100.00	
Golden Harbor Garment (Cambodia) Limited.	of the	Po-Ya			
Limited.	Board				
Cin Sayann Fashian (Cambadia)	Chairman	T&G Fashion Co., Ltd. /Representative: Huang	-	100.00	
Gin-Sovann Fashion (Cambodia)	of the	Yu-Sung			
Limited.	Board				
CAMITEV II (CAMPODIA) MEC CO	Chairman	T&G Fashion Co., Ltd. /Representative: Wu Tao-	100	100.00	
CAMITEX II (CAMBODIA) MFG CO	of the	Chang			
LTD.	Board				

## (II) Overview of operations of affiliates

## 1. Financial position and business results of each affiliate

Unit: NT\$ Thousand

Name of Corporation	Outstanding capital	Total assets	Total liabilities	Net worth	Operating revenue	Operating income (loss)	Net income (loss) after tax	Earnings per share after tax (NTD)
Tainan Enterprise (BVI) Co., Ltd.	\$517,058	\$1,482,250	\$180	\$1,482,070	\$0	(\$3,152)	\$104,692	615.83
PT. Tainan Enterprises Indonesia	64,446	722,370	322,006	400,364	1,468,764	47,742	34,009	14.17
Tainan Enterprise (Cambodia) Co.,	29,585	262,659	106,105	156,554	810,518	72,324	73,353	73,352.51
Ltd.								
PT. Andalan Mandiri Busana	182,024	315,553	148,882	166,671	503,800	37,497	23,636	3,939.42
Beyoung Fashion Co., Ltd.	50,500	169,410	139,912	29,498	449,476	6,553	4,198	0.83
Tainan Enterprises. (Vietnam) Co.,	319,090	378,744	200,652	178,092	312,477	56,442	52,735	一(註 2)
Ltd.								
PT CAHAYA IDNDAH GLOBAL	59,469	58,510	0	58,510	0	(1)	163	0.09
Yixing Gaoqing Garments Co.,	138,195	201,830	39,258	162,572	397,583	6,084	5,212	一(註 2)
Ltd.								
Zhoukou Tainan Garments Co.,	153,550	406	0	406	0	0	0	一(註 2)
Ltd.								
T&G Fashion Co.,Ltd	101,343	129,630	0	129,630	0	(49)	58,107	17.61
Golden Harbor Garment	3,071	368	0	368	0	(1)	(1)	一(註 2)
(Cambodia) Limited.								
Jin-Sovann Fashions(Cambodia)	30,710	150,119		93,605	361,084	55,381	57,076	一(註 2)
Limited			56,514					
Camitex II (Cambodia) MFG	3,071	79	0	79	0	0	1	8.24

- (III) Consolidated financial statements of affiliates: please refer to Pages 161~265 for details.
- II. Private placement of securities during the most recent year and up to the date of publication of the annual report: none.
- III. Holding or disposition of the Company's by the Company's subsidiaries during the most recent year and up to the date of publication of the annual report: none.
- IV. Other supplementary disclosures: none.

# Nine. Any matters listed in the sub-paragraph 2, Paragraph 2 of Article 36 of the Securities and Exchange Act, which might materially affect shareholders' equity or the price of the Company's securities, during the most recent year and up to the date of publication of the annual report: none.

Important resolutions made by shareholders' meetings and Board Meeting in the most recent year and until the date of publication of the annual report:

The important resolutions made by shareholders' meetings and Board Meeting of the Company have been entered into the MOPS for information.

1. Important resolutions made by shareholders' meetings, and execution thereof

Date of Meeting	Motion	Resolution and execution
June 21, 2023	Important resolutions made by the annual general meeting 2023: I. Reports 1. Business report 2022 2. Audit Committee's audit report	
	3. Report on 2022 employee and director remuneration distribution plan.	<ol> <li>Pursuant to Article 31 of the Company's         Articles of Incorporation, the Company shall         distribute the profit sharing remuneration to         employees at a rate of not less than 1% of         the Company's profit for the year and the         profit sharing remuneration to directors at a         rate of not more than 5% of the Company's         profit for the year.</li> <li>The Company's 2022 pre-tax income before         the distribution of remuneration to         employees and directors is NT\$322,405         thousand. The proposed cash distribution of         employee remuneration in the amount of         NT\$4,000,000 and director remuneration in</li> </ol>
	4. Report on receipt status of directors' remuneration for 2022.	the amount of NT\$6,600,000 are not different from the estimated employee remuneration of NT\$4,000,000 and director remuneration of NT\$6,600,000 in the accounts.
		(1) The remuneration to directors of the Company shall be in accordance with Article 31 of the Articles of Incorporation. The Company shall distribute remuneration to directors at a rate of not more than 5% of the profits of the current year. Additionally, in

5. Report on the execution of the eighth buyback of the Company's treasury shares.

- accordance with the "Performance Evaluation on the Board of Directors" of the Company, reasonable remuneration shall be paid in reference to the performance evaluation results of each director and shall be reviewed by the Salary Compensation Committee and approved by the Board of Directors.
- (2) The Company's independent directors receive fixed remuneration but do not participate in the distribution of earnings. The fixed remuneration is based on each independent director's participation in the Company's operations and the value of his or her contribution. Also, the remuneration paid by peer companies and listed companies in related industries is also be taken into consideration.
- (1) Original purpose of repurchase of shares: to transfer shares to employees
- (2) Actual repurchase period: March 30, 2018~May 22, 2018
- (3) Actual number of shares repurchased: 1,000,000 shares
- (4) As a percentage of issued shares: 0.68%
- (5) Average repurchase cost per share: \$22.66
- (6) Transferable period: May 22, 2018~May 22, 2023
- (7) Actual implementation:
  - 1. In accordance with the regulations of the competent authority and the Company's "Regulations on the Transfer of Repurchased Company Shares to Employees," the Company shall transfer treasury shares to employees within five years from the date of repurchase; if the shares are not transferred after that date, the shares shall be written off.
  - 2. On November 18, 2022, the Board of Directors resolved to write off all 1,000,000 shares of treasury shares on the base date of write-off, May 22, 2023.

## II. Ratifications

1. Ratify the Company's 2022 business report and financial statements. (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

## Ratified as proposed.

The Company's 2022 financial statements, including parent company only and consolidated balance sheets, statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flow, have been audited by Lin

2. Ratify the Company's earnings distribution proposal for 2022 (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Tzu-Shu, CPA and Tien Chung-Yu, CPA from PwC Taiwan.

Ratified as proposed.

Regarding the earnings distribution proposal for 2022, the resolution adopted by the Board Meeting on March 21, 2023 is stated as follows:

- (1) In this earnings distribution, cash dividends of NT\$1 per share are intended to be distributed, totaling NT\$146,153,534. If the number of outstanding shares is subsequently affected by the retirement of shares or the issuance of new shares due to the repurchase of the Company's shares or the exercise of employee stock options, please authorize the Chairperson to adjust the distribution rate based on the actual number of outstanding shares of the Company on the base date of dividends distribution in accordance with the total amount of earnings proposed to be distributed from the common stock resolved at the shareholders' meeting.
- (2) The cash dividends were calculated and rounded off to the nearest NT\$ at the distribution ratio. The fractional amount less than NT\$1 was summed up and recognized by the Company as other revenue of the Company.
- (3) The cash dividends distribution referred to in the preceding paragraph is proposed to be approved by the shareholders at the 2023 annual general meeting of the Company and then to have the Chairman determine the dividends record date for the cash dividends distribution and date of payment.
- (4) This proposal has been reviewed and approved by the Audit Committee and also resolved by the Board of Directors. It is now submitted to the annual general meeting for discussion.

Passed as proposed.

1. Amendment to the Company's "Procedures for

the Acquisition or Disposal of Assets." (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

IV. Elections

III. Discussions:

1. Election of the Company's all directors

(1) The term of office of the current directors of the Company expires on June 14, 2023, and the re-election of directors shall be held at the 2023 annual general meeting in accordance with the law.

ccordance with Article 18 of the Company's
ticles of Incorporation, the number of
ectors shall be seven to eleven. The number
independent directors shall not be less than
ee and shall not be less than one-fifth of
number of directors. The Company adopts
e candidates' nomination system for the
ection of the entire directors, shareholders
ect directors from the nominees' list.
nis annual general meeting, 11 directors
cluding 3 independent directors) will be
ected for a term of three years from June 21,
23 to June 20, 2026 in accordance with the
rocedures for the Election of Directors" of
e Company and the original directors will be
scharged upon completion of the elections
this annual general meeting.
n Results:
original directors were re-elected for the
d term, and Mr. TuanMu-Cheng, Mr. She Ri-
nd Ms. Li Li-Ying were elected as
ndent directors.
as proposed.

## 2. Important resolutions made by the Board Meeting

Date of Meeting	Motion	Resolution and execution
March 21,	1. Report on the Company's 2022 Declaration for	Passed as proposed.
2023	Statement of Internal Control.	<ol> <li>The Company performed the internal control self-assessment 2022 in accordance with its regulations governing internal control self-assessment. The Company adopted various internal control system criteria to assess the effectiveness of its internal control system design and execution.</li> <li>Upon discussion on various units' self-assessment results and the internal audit unit's audit report, the Company hereby prepares the Declaration for Statement of Internal Control 2022.</li> </ol>
		(3) The Declaration for Statement of Internal Control has been disclosed on the website designated by the FSC within 3 months at the end of the fiscal year as required, upon
		passing the latest Board of Directors meeting.
		(4) The proposal has been reviewed and passed

Date of Meeting	Motion	Resolution and execution
		by the Audit Committee, and was submitted to the Board of Directors for resolution pursuant to the laws.
	2. The 2022 remuneration to employees and	parsuant to the land.
	directors is hereby submitted for your discussion.	Passed as proposed.
		<ol> <li>Pursuant to Article 31 of the Company's         Articles of Incorporation, the Company shall         distribute the profit sharing remuneration to         employees at a rate of not less than 1% of the         Company's profit for the year and the profit         sharing remuneration to directors at a rate of         not more than 5% of the Company's profit for         the year.</li> <li>The Company's 2022 pre-tax income before         the distribution of remuneration to employees         and directors is NT\$322,405 thousand. The         proposed cash distribution of employee         remuneration in the amount of NT\$4,000,000         and director remuneration in the amount of         NT\$6,600,000 are not different from the         estimated employee remuneration of         NT\$4,000,000 and director remuneration of         NT\$6,600,000 in the accounts.</li> <li>The distributed amount referred to in the         preceding paragraph has been reviewed by         the Salary Compensation Committee of the         Company, which will be submitted to the         annual general meeting for resolution upon</li> </ol>
	2.71	approval by the Board Meeting.
	3. The Company's 2022 business report, parent	Danad as proposed
	company only financial statements and consolidated financial statements are hereby submitted for your review.	Passed as proposed.  (1) The Company has prepared the 2022 business report, parent company only financial statements and consolidated financial statements. Said financial statements together with an Audit Report with unqualified opinion issued by Lin Tzu-Shu, CPA and Tien Chung-Yu, CPA of PwC Taiwan, respectively.  (2) The motion has been reviewed by the Audit Committee of the Company, which will be submitted to the annual general meeting for
	4. The Company's 2022 earnings distribution	resolution upon approval by the Board Meeting.
	proposal is hereby submitted for your discussion.	Passed as proposed.
		(1) Cash dividends of NT\$1 per share are intended to be distributed, totaling NT\$146,153,534. If the number of outstanding shares is subsequently affected by the

Date of Meeting	Motion	Resolution and execution
		retirement of shares or the issuance of new shares due to the repurchase of the Company's shares or the exercise of employee stock options, please authorize the Chairperson to adjust the distribution rate based on the actual number of outstanding shares of the Company on the base date of dividends distribution in accordance with the total amount of earnings proposed to be distributed from the common stock resolved at the shareholders' meeting.  (2) The cash dividends were calculated and rounded off to the nearest NT\$ at the distribution ratio. The fractional amount less than NT\$1 was summed up and recognized by the Company as other revenue of the Company.  (3) The cash dividends distribution referred to in the preceding paragraph is proposed to be approved by the shareholders at the 2023 annual general meeting of the Company and then to have the Chairman determine the dividends record date for the cash dividends distribution and date of payment.  (4) The motion has been reviewed by the Audit Committee of the Company, which will be submitted to the annual general meeting for resolution upon approval by the Board Meeting.
	5. The Company's 2023 business plan.	Passed as proposed. The Company's business plan 2023 has been discussed based on the various departments' business goals as well as the estimated income statement for the year.
	6. The appointment of the Company's General Manager.	Resolution: Except Director Hsieh Yiu-Chin, who recused herself for conflict of interest pursuant to laws, the motion was approved by the other present directors as proposed.  (1) General Manager Yang Shun-Hui retired due to personal health problem on March 31, 2023. The Company plans to appoint Ms. Hsieh Yiu-Chin to serve as the General Manager from April 1, 2023.  (2) The new General Manager has worked in the wearing apparel industry for more than three

Date of Meeting	Motion	Resolution and execution
		decades and held the position as the General Manager of MFG, Taiwan Branch for 8 years until it closed. She also worked as the management in trading companies, agencies and USA-based companies, and also the senior management at apparel factories and production locations. She is familiar with the Company's customers, such as Macy's.
	7. Proposal for election of the Company's all	
	directors.	Passed as proposed.  (1) The term of office of the current directors of the Company expires on June 14, 2023, and the re-election of directors shall be held at the 2023 annual general meeting in accordance with the law.  (2) In accordance with Article 18 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the number of directors shall be seven to eleven. The number of independent directors shall not be less than three and shall not be less than one-fifth of the number of directors. The Company adopts the candidates' nomination system for the election of the entire directors, shareholders elect directors from the nominees' list.  (3) At this annual general meeting, 11 directors (including 3 independent directors) will be elected for a term of three years from June 21, 2023 to June 20, 2026 in accordance with the "Procedures for the Election of Directors" of the Company and the original directors will be discharged upon completion of the elections at this annual general meeting.  (4) The motion will be submitted to the 2023
		annual general meeting for discussion upon
	8. Proposal to release new directors and their	approval of the Board of Directors.
	representatives from the non-competition restrictions.	Passed as proposed.  (1) According to Article 209 of the Company Act, a director who does anything for himself or on behalf of another person that is within the scope of the Company's business, shall explain to the meeting of shareholders the essential contents of such an act and secure its approval.  (2) If it is necessary for the Company's newly elected directors and their representatives to

Date of Meeting	Motion	Resolution and execution
		act for themselves or others in the Company's scope of business, relaxation of prohibition of competition imposed on such directors or their representatives shall be proposed to the shareholders' meeting for approval, provided that it is not detrimental to the interests of the Company.  (3) The motion will be submitted to the shareholders' meeting for resolution upon approval of the Board of Directors.
	9. The proposal for increase in the limit of loans to	
	others.	Passed as proposed.  (1) In response to the subsidiaries' need for working capital, the Company increased the limit of fund loaned to its subsidiary, Tainan Enterprises (Vietnam) Co., Ltd. by USD4 million in accordance with the Company's "Operating Procedure for Loaning of Funds to Others."
		(2) The proposal has been reviewed and passed by the Audit Committee, and was submitted to the Board of Directors for resolution.
	<ul><li>10. Report on the Company's GHG accounting and verification status.</li><li>11. Land lease of Factory SOLO1 in Indonesia.</li></ul>	Passed as proposed.  (1) The Company should complete the GHG accounting and verification schedule planning of the parent company and the Group (including subsidiaries) and submit the same to the Board of Directors in accordance with the "Sustainable Development Roadmap for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" released by FSC and control it on a quarterly basis.  (2) As a company with the paid-in capital less than NT\$5 billion, the Company will continue controlling the GHG accounting and verification disclosure schedule status in accordance with the reference guidance and requirements issued by the competent authority.
	12. Report on the Company's 2022 Board of Directors performance appraisal result.	Passed as proposed. The land lease for SOLO1 in Indonesia is about to expire. The Company plans to renew the lease.  Passed as proposed. In order to practice the corporate governance, improve the Board of Directors' function and set the performance goals to strengthen the Board of Directors' operating efficiency, the Company

Date of Meeting	Motion	Resolution and execution
Meeting		established its Regulations Governing Performance Appraisal on the Board of Directors in accordance with Article 37 of the Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx-Listed Companies and perform the appraisal in accordance with the Regulations. The appraisal has been completed in 2022.
	13. Amendments to the Company's "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles."	Passed as proposed. In order to implement the enhancement of related party transaction management, encouragement of shareholders' participation in corporate governance and directors' continuing education planning under Corporate Governance 3.0-Sustainable Development Roadmap, the Company amended its "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles" in accordance with the letters under Tai-Zheng-Zhi-Li-Zi No. 1090002299 and 1110024366.
	14. Amendments to the Company's "Operating Regulations Governing Transactions with Related Parties, Specific Companies and Group Enterprises."	Passed as proposed. In order to implement the enhancement of related party transaction management of Corporate Governance 3.0 -Sustainable Development Roadmap, the Company amended the "Operating Regulations Governing Transactions with Related Parties, Specific Companies and Group Enterprises" according to the letter under Tai-Zheng-Zhi-Li-Zi-No. 1110024366.
	15. Amendment to the Company's "Procedures for the Acquisition or Disposal of Assets."	Passed as proposed. In order to implement the enhancement of related party transaction management of Corporate Governance 3.0 -Sustainable Development Roadmap, the Company amended the "Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets" according to the letter under Tai-Zheng-Zhi-Li-Zi-No. 1110024366. This case will be submitted to the shareholders' meeting for discussion after the approval of this Board meeting.
	16. Amendments to the Company's "Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles."	Passed as proposed. In order to encourage enterprises to support art and cultural activities and promote the cultural sustainable development, the Company amended its "Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles" according to the letter under Tai-Zheng-Zhi-Li-Zi NO. 1110024366.

Date of Meeting	Motion	Resolution and execution
Meeting	17. Proposal for date, venue, manner and causes of convening of the 2023 annual general meeting.	Passed as proposed. Proposal for date, venue, manner and causes of convening of the 2023 annual general meeting:  (1) Date: 9:00AM, June 21, 2023  (2) Venue: No. 320, Sec. 3, Zhongshan Rd., Guiren Dist., Tainan City (the conference room at the Head Office)  (3) Method: The annual general meeting will be convened in a physical manner.  (4) Causes:  A. Reports:  a. Business report 2022 b. Audit Committee's audit report c. Report on 2022 employee and director remuneration distribution plan. d. Report on receipt status of directors' remuneration for 2022. e. Report on execution of the eighth buyback of the Company's treasury shares.  B. Ratifications: a. Ratify the Company's 2022 business report and financial statements. b. Ratify the Company's 2022 earnings distribution plan.  C. Discussion: Amendment to the Company's "Procedures for the Acquisition or Disposal of Assets."  D. Election: Re-election of all the Company's directors.  E. Other motions: Proposal to release new directors and their representatives from the non-competition restrictions. F. Extempore Motions
	18. The shareholders' proposals for the 2023 annual	(5) Period of suspension of stock transfer: From April 23, 2023 to June 21, 2023.
	general meeting are hereby submitted for your discussion.	Passed as proposed.  (1) In accordance with Article 172-1 of the Company Act, shareholders holding at least one percent of the Company's outstanding shares may submit a written proposal to the Company for a regular shareholders' meeting. However, it is limited to one proposal in no more than 300 words. The Company will accept proposals from shareholders for the regular shareholders' meeting from April 14, 2023 to April 24, 2023, from 9:00 a.m. to 5:00

Date of Meeting	Motion	Resolution and execution
Date of Meeting	Motion	p.m. daily [by post within the acceptance period and please mark the envelope with the words "Proposal for Shareholders' Meeting" on the envelope and send it by registered mail with the contact person and contact information]. If there is any proposal from the shareholders during the above period, it will be submitted to the Board Meeting for discussion. The Company will notify the proposing shareholders of the results of the handling of the proposal before the date of the notice of the shareholders' meeting and will include the proposal that meets the requirements of Article 172-1 of the Company Act in the notice of the meeting.  (2) The Company's review criteria for accepting shareholders' proposals:  The Board Meeting shall classify a shareholder's proposal as a motion, except for one of the following circumstances:  A. The motion is not supposed to be resolved at the shareholders' meeting.  B. If the proposing shareholder holds less than one percent of the shares at the time of the suspension of stock transfer.  C. The proposal is made outside the acceptance period as announced.
	19. The proposal for inclusion of the shareholders'	<ul> <li>D. The motion exceeds 300 words or there is more than one proposal.</li> <li>The Board Meeting may still include the aforementioned shareholder's proposal in the motion if its purpose is to urge the Company to promote the public interest or fulfill its social responsibility.</li> <li>(3) Method and place of receiving shareholders' proposals: Please specify the "Proposal for Shareholders' Meeting" on the envelope and send the same to the Company's Finance Department via registered mail. <ul> <li>(Address: 18th Floor, No. 15-1, Section 1, Hangzhou South Road, Zhongzheng Dist., Taipei City Tel: 02-23916421)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	proposals for the 2023 annual general meeting into the roster of candidates is hereby submitted for your discussion.	Passed as proposed. The operating procedure for inclusion of accepted shareholders' nomination into the roster of candidates is specified as follows:  (1) According to Article 192-1 of the Company Act, any shareholder holding 1% or more of

	Motion	Resolution and execution
Date of Meeting	Motion	the total number of outstanding shares issued by the company may submit to the company in writing a roster of director/independent director candidates, provided that the total number of director/independent director candidates so nominated shall not exceed the quota of the directors/independent directors to be elected.  (2) The annual general meeting shall elect 11 directors (including 3 independent directors). If any shareholder wishes to propose the roster of director/independent director candidates at the annual general meeting, the Company schedules to accept the roster of director/independent director candidates as proposed from April 14, 2023 to April 24, 2023, from 9:00AM to 5:00PM [by post within the acceptance period, and please mark the envelope with the words "Proposal for nomination of director/independent director candidates" on the envelope and send it by registered mail with the contact person and contact information, send the same via registered mail, and specify the name and Tel. No. of the contact person]. The proposing shareholders shall specify the nominees' names, educational background and work experience. Notwithstanding, the independent director candidates shall submit the documents and other certificates pursuant to Paragraph 1 of Article 2, Article 3 and Articles
		·
		the roster of director/independent director candidates.  A. The list of nominated independent director candidates is submitted by the nominating shareholder outside the announced period for accepting nomination of independent director candidates.  B. If the proposing shareholder holds less than one percent of the shares at the

Date of Meeting	Motion	Resolution and execution
Meeting		<ul> <li>C. The number of candidates exceeds the quota.</li> <li>D. The proposing shareholder fails to specify the nominees' name, educational background and work experience.</li> <li>E. The nominee does not satisfy the statutory qualifications. (Juristic person without shareholdings and the independent directors, fail to submit the related documents identified in said "Information to be attached."</li> <li>(4) At the end of the time limit for acceptance of shareholders' nomination, the Company will ask the Board of Directors to review the candidates pursuant to the laws and separately.</li> <li>(5) Place of receiving shareholders' nomination of director/independent director candidates: the Company's Finance Division (Address: 18th Floor, No. 15-1, Section 1, Hangzhou South Road, Zhongzheng Dist., Taipei City Tel: 02-23916421)</li> </ul>
April 24, 2023	Nomination of the candidates for the Company's directors.  2. Proposal to release new directors and their	Passed as proposed.  (1) The term of office of the current directors of the Company expires on June 14, 2023, and the re-election of directors shall be held at the 2023 annual general meeting in accordance with the law.  (2) According to Article 18 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the Company adopts the candidates' nomination system for the election of the entire directors, shareholders elect directors from nominees list. The nomination method and other related matters shall be handled in accordance with the Company Act and relevant regulations.  (3) The Board of Directors plans to nominate a total of 11 directors (including 3 independent directors) of the Company.
	representatives from the prohibition of competition.	Passed as proposed. (1) According to Article 209 of the Company Act, a director who does anything for himself or

Date of Meeting	Motion	Resolution and execution
		on behalf of another person that is within the scope of the Company's business, shall explain to the meeting of shareholders the essential contents of such an act and secure its approval.  (2) If it is necessary for the Company's newly elected directors and their representatives to act for themselves or others in the Company's scope of business, relaxation of prohibition of competition imposed on such directors or their representatives shall be proposed to the shareholders' meeting for approval, provided that it is not detrimental to the interests of the Company.
May 8, 2023	The Company's 2023 Q1 consolidated financial statements are submitted for review.	Passed as proposed. (1) The Company's 2023 Q1 consolidated financial statements have been prepared. (2) Said financial statements together with an Audit Report issued by Tien Chung-Yu, CPA and Yeh Fang-Ting, CPA of PwC Taiwan, respectively. (3) The proposal has been reviewed and passed by the Audit Committee, and was submitted to the Board of Directors for resolution.
	Report on the Company's GHG accounting and verification status.	Passed as proposed.  (1) The Company should complete the GHG accounting and verification schedule planning of the "parent company" and submit it to the Board of Directors in accordance with the "Sustainable Development Roadmap" released by FSC in March 2022, by the end of Q2 of 2022, and also the GHG accounting and verification schedule planning of the "Group (including its subsidiaries) by Q1 of 2023 and control the same on a quarterly basis."  (2) As a company with the paid-in capital less than NT\$5 billion, the Company shall complete the GHG accounting in 2026 and the verification in 2028. Meanwhile, the Company will continue controlling the GHG accounting and verification disclosure schedule status in accordance with the reference guidance and requirements issued
July 3, 2023	1. Election of the Company's Chairman .	by the competent authority.  Resolution: Mr. Yang Ching-Hon was unanimously elected as the Company's Chairman by all

Date of Meeting	Motion	Resolution and execution
	2. Appointment of the 5th "Salary Compensation Committee" members.	directors present at the meeting.  (1) According to Article 203 of the Company Act and Article 20 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the first Board meeting after the election of directors is convened to elect a chairman to facilitate the Company's business, who shall serve as the chairperson of shareholders' meeting and the Board meetings internally and act on behalf of the Company externally.  (2) Term of office: July 3, 2023~June 20, 2026  Passed as proposed.  (1) Eleven new directors were elected at the annual general meeting on June 21, 2023 to hold the term of office of three years.  (2) According to the Company's Articles of Association for the Salary Compensation Committee, the term of office to be held by the Salary Compensation Committee members shall end at the same time as that of the Board of Directors, which appointed the Salary Compensation Committee.  (3) Proposed to appoint three independent directors, namely, Ms. Li Li-Ying, Mr. She Jih-Hsin and Mr. TuanMu-Cheng as the members of the 5th "Salary Compensation Committee" for the term of office from July 3, 2023 to June 20, 2026.
August 8, 2023	1.Discussion on 2022 director remuneration distribution plan  2. Replacement of CPAs	Resolution: In accordance with Article 16 of the Company's "Rules of Procedure for Board of Directors Meetings," the motion was approved unanimously by the present directors, excluding the directors who should recuse themselves from the discussion about the remuneration to them or the juristic persons represented by them.  (1) The Company's 2022 distribution of remuneration to directors, NT\$6,600,000, was reported to the annual general meeting on June 21, 2023. The distribution of individual directors' remuneration has been reviewed and approved by the Company's Salary Compensation Committee and Audit Committee and submitted to the Board of Directors for resolution pursuant to laws.
		Passed as proposed. (1) The Company initially appointed Tien Chung-

Date of	Motion	Resolution and execution
Meeting	3. The Company's 2023 Q2 consolidated financial statements are submitted for review.  4. Discussion on the external auditor's professional fees 2023.	Yu, CPA and Yeh Fang-Ting, CPA of PwC Taiwan to audit the financial statements. Notwithstanding, due to the internal organizational adjustment of PwC Taiwan, the financial statements were scheduled to be audited by Tien Chung-Yu, CPA and Hsu Hui- Yu, CPA instead since 2023 Q2.  (2) The proposal has been reviewed and passed by the Audit Committee, and was submitted to the Board of Directors for resolution.  Passed as proposed.  (1) The Company's 2023 Q2consolidated financial statements have been prepared.  (2) Said financial statements together with an Audit Report issued by Tien Chung-Yu, CPA and Hsu Hui-Yu, CPA of PwC Taiwan, respectively.  (3) The proposal has been reviewed and passed by the Audit Committee, and was submitted to the Board of Directors for resolution.  Passed as proposed.  (1) The professional fees charged by PwC Taiwan, the external auditor retained by the Company, for the audit on the Company's financial statements and profit-seeking enterprise income tax return 2023 were NT\$7,975,000.  (2) The proposal has been reviewed and passed by the Audit Committee, and was submitted
	5. Establishment of the "Cyber Security Control Policy."	Passed as proposed. In accordance with the "Cyber Security Controls Guidelines for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" promulgated by the competent authority on December 23, 2021, the Company has established its "Cyber Security Control Policy."
November 8, 2023	1.The Company's 2023 Q3 consolidated financial statements are submitted for review.	Passed as proposed.  (1) The Company's 2023 Q3 consolidated financial statements have been prepared.  (2) Said financial statements together with an Audit Report issued by Tien Chung-Yu, CPA and Hsu Hui-Yu, CPA of PwC Taiwan, respectively.  (3) The proposal has been reviewed and passed

Date of Meeting	Motion	Resolution and execution				
meemig		by the Audit Committee, and was submitted to the Board of Directors for resolution.				
	2. The proposal for assessment on independence of the CPA 2023 is submitted for discussion.	Passed as proposed.  (1) According to Article 29 of the Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx-listed Companies, a TWSE/TPEx- listed company shall periodically (at least once per year) assess the independence and competence of the CPA retained by it in reference to the AQIs.  (2) The Company's financial statements and profit-seeking enterprise income tax return were audited by PwC Taiwan retained by the Company.  (3) The external auditors retained by the Company, namely Tien Chung-Yu, CPA and				
		Hsu Hui-Yu, CPA, have undergone the Company's assessment on independence and competence of the CPA as identified in the "External Auditor's Review Form."				
	3. The proposal for internal audit plan 2024.	Desced as proposed				
		Passed as proposed.  (1) According to the Regulations Governing Establishment of Internal Control Systems by Public Companies, the Company sets forth its internal audit plan 2024. •  (2) The proposal has been reviewed and passed by the Audit Committee, and was submitted to the Board of Directors for resolution.				
	4. The Company's 2024 business plan and future	Pasalutian				
	business strategy.	<ol> <li>Resolution:         <ol> <li>The 2024 business plan, estimated income statement, and factory integration plan in the business strategies were unanimously approved by all present directors.</li> <li>The costs for the new plant in Indonesia under the business strategy should be reevaluated and reconsidered by the management team.</li> </ol> </li> <li>The Company's business strategies for next three years and 2024 estimated income statement have been discussed based on the various departments' business goals.</li> </ol>				
İ	5. Proposal for appointment of the Company's cyber	-				
	security team members.	Passed as proposed. (1) According to the FSC Letter Jin-Guan-Zheng-Shen-Zi No. 11003656544 issued on December 28, 2021, the Company is a listed				

Date of	Motion	Resolution and execution
Meeting		company classified into the information security level 2 and should appoint a dedicated information security officer and at least one dedicated information security staff by the end of 2023.  (2) Proposed to appoint the Chief Financial Officer, Mr. Wu Chien-Der, to serve as the dedicated information security officer and to appoint one dedicated information security staff proposed to be served by Mr. Kuo Lung-Hsiang from the Information Department .
December 12, 2023	The costs for the Company's new plant in Indonesia .  -	Resolutions: Upon the chairperson's inquiry with all present directors for their opinions, the Chairman, Director Wu Tao-Chang and Director Hsieh Yiu-Chin were authorized to address the matter with full power. Meanwhile, the budget for the new plant in Indonesia shall be no more than US\$17 million.  The cost for the new plant in Indonesia has been reevaluated by the management team.
March 7, 2024	Report on the Company's 2023 Declaration for Statement of Internal Control.  2.The 2023 remuneration to employees and	Passed as proposed.  (1) The Company performed the internal control self-assessment 2023 in accordance with its regulations governing internal control self-assessment. The Company adopted various internal control system criteria to assess the effectiveness of its internal control system design and execution.  (2) Upon discussion on various units' self-assessment results and the internal audit unit's audit report, the Company hereby prepares the Declaration for Statement of Internal Control 2023.  (3) The Declaration for Statement of Internal Controlhas been disclosed on the website designated by the FSC within 3 months at the end of the fiscal year as required, upon passing the latest Board of Directors meeting.  (4) The proposal has been reviewed and passed by the Audit Committee, and was submitted to the Board of Directors for resolution pursuant to the laws.
	2.The 2023 remuneration to employees and directors is hereby submitted for your discussion.	Passed as proposed.

Date of Meeting	Motion	Resolution and execution				
		<ul> <li>(4) Pursuant to Article 31 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the Company shall distribute the profit sharing remuneration to employees at a rate of not less than 1% of the Company's profit for the year and the profit sharing remuneration to directors at a rate of not more than 5% of the Company's profit for the year.</li> <li>(5) The Company's 2023 pre-tax income before the distribution of remuneration to employees and directors is NT\$346,200 thousand. The proposed cash distribution of employee remuneration in the amount of NT\$4,000,000 and director remuneration in the amount of NT\$6,600,000 is not indifferent from the estimated employee remuneration of NT\$4,000,000 and director remuneration of NT\$6,600,000 in the accounts.</li> <li>(6) The distributed amount referred to in the preceding paragraph has been reviewed by the Salary Compensation Committee of the Company, which will be submitted to the annual general meeting for resolution upon approval by the Board Meeting.</li> </ul>				
	3. The Company's 2023 business report, parent company only financial statements and consolidated financial statements are hereby submitted for your review.	Passed as proposed.  (1) The Company has prepared the 2023 business report, parent company only financial statements and consolidated financial statements. Said financial statements together with an Audit Report with unqualified opinion issued by Tien Chung-Yu, CPA and Hsu Hui-Yu, CPA of PwC Taiwan, respectively.  (2) The motion has been reviewed by the Audit Committee of the Company, which will be submitted to the annual general meeting for resolution upon approval by the Board				
	4.The Company's 2023 earnings distribution proposal is hereby submitted for your discussion.	Passed as proposed.  (1) Cash dividends of NT\$1.2 per share are intended to be distributed, totaling NT\$175,384,241. If the number of outstanding shares is subsequently affected by the retirement of shares or the issuance of new shares due to the repurchase of the Company's shares or the exercise of				

Date of Meeting	Motion	Resolution and execution				
	5.Proposal for date, venue, manner and causes of convening of the 2024 annual general meeting.	employee stock options, please authorize the Chairperson to adjust the distribution rate based on the actual number of outstanding shares of the Company on the base date of dividends distribution in accordance with the total amount of earnings proposed to be distributed from the common stock resolved at the shareholders' meeting.  (2) The cash dividends were calculated and rounded off to the nearest NT\$ at the distribution ratio. The fractional amount less than NT\$1 was summed up and recognized by the Company as other revenue of the Company.  (3) The cash dividend distribution referred to in the preceding paragraph is proposed to be approved by the shareholders at the 2024 annual general meeting of the Company and then to have the Chairman determine the dividends record date for the cash dividends distribution and date of payment.  (4) The motion has been reviewed by the Audit Committee of the Company, which will be submitted to the annual general meeting for resolution upon approval by the Board Meeting.  Passed as proposed.  Proposal for date, venue, manner and causes of convening of the 2024 annual general meeting:  (6) Date: 9:00AM, May 24, 2024  (7) Venue: No. 320, Sec. 3, Zhongshan Rd., Guiren Dist., Tainan City (the conference room at the Head Office)  (8) Method: The annual general meeting will be convened in a physical manner.				
		(9) Causes: G. Reports: f. Business report 2023 g. Audit Committee's audit report h. Report on 2023 employee and director				
		remuneration distribution plan.  i. Report on receipt status of directors' remuneration for 2023.  H. Ratifications:  c. Ratify the Company's 2023 business				
		report and financial statements. d. Ratify the Company's 2023 earnings distribution plan.				

Date of Meeting	Motion	Resolution and execution
<u> </u>		I. Discussions: none. J. Election: none. K. Other proposals: none L. Extempore motions: none. Period of suspension of stock transfer: From March 26, 2024 to May 24, 2024.
	6.The acceptance of shareholders' proposals for the 2024 annual general meeting is hereby submitted for your discussion.	Passed as proposed.  (4) In accordance with Article 172-1 of the Company Act, shareholders holding at least one percent of the Company's outstanding shares may submit a written proposal to the Company for a regular shareholders' meeting. However, it is limited to one proposal in no more than 300 words. The Company will accept proposals from shareholders for the regular shareholders' meeting from March 16, 2024 to March 26, 2024, from 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. daily [by post within the acceptance period, and please mark the envelope with the words "Proposal for Shareholders' Meeting" on the envelope and send it by registered mail with the contact person and contact information]. If there is any proposal from shareholders during the above period, it will be submitted to the Board Meeting for discussion. The Company will notify the proposing shareholders of the results of the handling of the proposal before the date of the notice of the shareholders' meeting and will include the proposal that meets the requirements of Article 172-1 of the Company Act in the notice of the meeting.  (5) The Company's review criteria for accepting shareholders' proposals:  The Board Meeting shall classify a shareholder's proposal as a motion, except for one of the following circumstances:  E. The motion is not supposed to be resolved at the shareholders' meeting.  F. If the proposing shareholder holds less than one percent of the shares at the time of the suspension of stock transfer.  G. The proposal is made outside the acceptance period as announced.  H. The motion exceeds 300 words or there is more than one proposal.
		The Board Meeting may still include the aforementioned shareholder's proposal in the

Date of Meeting	Motion	Resolution and execution
		motion if its purpose is to urge the Company to promote the public interest or fulfill its social responsibility.  (6) Method and place of receiving shareholders' proposals: Please specify the "Proposal for Shareholders' Meeting" on the envelope and send the same to the Company's Finance Department via registered mail.  (Address: 18th Floor, No. 15-1, Section 1, Hangzhou South Road, Zhongzheng Dist., Taipei City Tel: 02-23916421)

3. Important resolutions made by the special Board Meeting

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.

## **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of other auditors (refer to *Other matter* section), the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

## Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these

requirements. Based on our audits and the reports of other auditors, we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the Group's 2023 consolidated financial statements. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Group's 2023 consolidated financial statements are stated as follows:

## **Cut-off of operating revenue from export sales**

## Description

Refer to Note 4(29) for accounting policies on operating revenue and Notes 6(21) and 14(6) for details of revenue. Exports sales comprise a significant portion of the Group's revenues, which are recognized based on the terms and conditions of the transaction agreed with the customer. As the revenue recognition process involves manual process and judgements, there exists a risk of material misstatement that may arise from improper timing in revenue recognition for transactions that occur near the balance sheet date. Thus, we considered the cut-off of operating revenue from export sales a key audit matter.

### How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures in respect of the above key audit matter:

- 1. Obtained an understanding and assessed the accounting policies on revenue recognition.
- 2. Confirmed the completeness of the sales revenue transaction details of the export sales for a certain period before or after the balance sheet date and performed cut-off tests on a sampling basis to inspect the supporting documents (including confirming transaction

conditions, checking orders, shipping documents, export declarations and bills of lading, etc.) to ascertain whether sales revenue was recognized in the proper period.

## Other matter – Reports of other auditors

We did not audit the financial statements of certain investments accounted for under the equity method which were audited by other auditors. Therefore, our opinion expressed herein, insofar as it relates to the amounts included in respect of these associates, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. The balance of these investments accounted for under the equity method amounted to NT\$86,619 thousand and NT\$73,644 thousand, constituting 2% and 1% of the consolidated total assets as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and the comprehensive income recognized from associates and joint ventures accounted for under the equity method amounted to NT\$19,481 thousand and NT\$19,180 thousand, constituting 6% and 4% of the consolidated total comprehensive income for the years then ended, respectively.

## Other matter - Parent company only financial reports

We have audited and expressed an unqualified opinion with an *Other matter* section on the parent company only financial statements of Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd. as at and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

## Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement,

whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

## Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to

provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any

significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Tien, Chung-Yu

**Independent Accountants** 

Hsu, Huei-Yu

PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan Republic of China

March 7, 2024

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The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

# TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

				December 31, 2023			December 31, 2022		
	Assets	Notes		AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%	
	Current assets								
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	735,368	14	\$	798,957	15	
1110	Financial assets at fair value through	6(2)							
	profit or loss - current			256	-		32	-	
1136	Financial assets at amortized cost -	6(3)							
	current			86,314	2		65,745	1	
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(4)		-	-		891	-	
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(4)		1,186,664	22		1,183,709	23	
1200	Other receivables			56,368	1		61,152	1	
1220	Current income tax assets	6(28)		71	-		232	-	
130X	Inventories	6(5)		1,203,643	22		1,071,255	21	
1410	Prepayments	6(8)		79,618	1		82,917	2	
11XX	<b>Total current assets</b>			3,348,302	62		3,264,890	63	
	Non-current assets								
1510	Financial assets at fair value through	5(2) and 6(2)							
	profit or loss - non-current			86,825	2		86,954	2	
1517	Financial assets at fair value through	6(6)							
	other comprehensive income - non-								
	current			545	-		609	-	
1535	Financial assets at amortised cost -	6(3)							
	non-current			494,292	9		320,144	6	
1550	Investments accounted for under	6(7)							
	equity method			86,619	2		73,644	2	
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(8)		1,000,279	18		1,053,270	21	
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(9)		114,728	2		110,252	2	
1760	Investment property, net	6(11)		136,934	3		137,443	3	
1780	Intangible assets	6(12)(13)		10,033	-		13,054	-	
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(28)		66,808	1		68,773	1	
1915	Prepayments for equipment	6(8)(11)(12)		55,270	1		13,440	-	
1920	Guarantee deposits paid			14,482	-		15,075	-	
1975	Net defined benefit asset - non-	6(16)							
	current			3,156	-		3,158	-	
1990	Other non-current assets		_	16,088			16,184		
15XX	<b>Total non-current assets</b>			2,086,059	38		1,912,000	37	
	Total assets		Φ.	5,434,361	100	\$	5,176,890	100	

(Continued)

# TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Liabilities and Equity	Notes		December 31, 2023 AMOUNT	%		December 31, 2022 AMOUNT	%
_	Current liabilities	110005		INIOCIVI	70		HWOON	
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(14)	\$	609,000	11	\$	700,809	14
2130	Contract liabilities - current	6(21)		4,891	_		5,028	_
2150	Notes payable	. ,		6,951	_		7,516	_
2170	Accounts payable			413,529	8		217,697	4
2200	Other payables	6(15)		439,167	8		454,982	9
2230	Current income tax liabilities	6(28)		33,781	1		27,322	-
2280	Lease liabilities - current			30,000	-		28,555	1
2310	Advance receipts			6	-		384	-
21XX	Total current liabilities			1,537,325	28		1,442,293	28
	Non-current liabilities							
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(28)		49,267	1		39,742	1
2580	Lease liabilities - non-current			17,358	-		45,091	1
2640	Net defined benefit liabilities - non-	6(16)						
	current			128,887	3		108,684	2
2645	Guarantee deposits received			2,655	_		3,010	
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			198,167	4		196,527	4
2XXX	Total liabilities			1,735,492	32		1,638,820	32
	Equity attributable to owners of							
	parent							
	Share capital							
3110	Common stock	6(17)(19)		1,461,535	27		1,471,535	28
3200	Capital surplus	6(17)(18)		824,531	15		830,797	15
	Retained earnings	6(17)(19)						
3310	Legal reserve			798,013	15		766,835	15
3320	Special reserve			24,941	1		204,724	4
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings			618,590	11		311,783	6
3400	Other equity interest	6(6)(7)(20)	(	28,741) (	1)	(	24,941)	-
3500	Treasury stocks	6(17)		<u> </u>		(	22,663)	
3XXX	Total equity			3,698,869	68		3,538,070	68
	Contingent Liabilities and	9						
	Commitments							
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	5,434,361	100	\$	5,176,890	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings per share data)

			Year ended December 31						
	-			2023			2022		
1000	Items	Notes	Φ.	AMOUNT	%	ф	AMOUNT	<u>%</u>	
4000 5000	Operating revenue Operating costs	6(21) and 7 6(5)(9)(16)(26)(27)	\$	6,508,300	100	\$	7,529,845	100	
3000	Operating costs	and 7	(	5,345,401) (	82)	(	6,310,580) (	84)	
5900	Net operating margin	,	\	1,162,899	18	\	1,219,265	16	
	Operating expenses	6(9)(12)(16)(26)(27), 7 and 12							
6100	Selling expenses		(	216,665) (	3)		287,016) (	4)	
6200	General and administrative expenses		(	583,154) (	9)		615,162) (	8)	
6300 6450	Research and development expenses		(	74,671) (	1)	(	75,981) (	1)	
6000	Expected credit losses Total operating expenses		<del></del>	2,052) 876,542) (	13)		5,380) 983,539) (	13)	
6900	Operating profit			286,357		(	235,726	3	
0700	Non-operating income and expenses			200,331			233,720		
7100	Interest income	6(3)(22)		41,332	1		25,217	-	
7010	Other income	6(10)(11)(23) and 7		15,740	-		32,269	1	
7020	Other gains and losses	6(2)(3)(9)(11)(24)(26							
7050	T'	) and 12	,	18,951	-	,	61,858	1	
7050 7060	Finance costs Share of profit of associates and joint	6(9)(25)	(	16,538)	-	(	20,689)	-	
7000	ventures accounted for under equity method	6(7)		14 276			12.010		
7000	Total non-operating income and			14,376			12,919		
7000	expenses			73,861	1		111,574	2	
7900	Profit before income tax			360,218	6		347,300	5	
7950	Income tax expense	6(28)	(	48,749) (	<u>1</u> )	(	46,268) (	1)	
8200	Profit for the year		\$	311,469	5	\$	301,032	4	
	Other comprehensive income (loss) Components of other comprehensive								
	income (loss) that will not be reclassified								
0211	to profit or loss	((16)							
8311	Actuarial (losses) gains on defined	6(16)	/ ft	027)		ф	12 202		
8316	benefit plans Unrealized losses on valuation of	6(6)(20)	(\$	927)	-	\$	13,392	-	
0310	investments in equity instruments	0(0)(20)							
	measured at fair value through other								
	comprehensive income		(	64)	-	(	30)	-	
8320	Share of other comprehensive income of	6(7)(20)							
	associates and joint ventures accounted								
	for under equity method - will not be			5 047			( 105		
8349	reclassified to profit or loss Income tax related to components of	6(28)		5,247	-		6,105	-	
0547	other comprehensive income (loss) that	0(20)							
	will not be reclassified to profit or loss			166	-	(	2,769)	-	
	Components of other comprehensive					•			
	income (loss) that will be reclassified to								
0261	profit or loss	((20)							
8361	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	6(20)	(	8,796)			180,425	3	
8370	Share of other comprehensive (loss)	6(7)(20)	(	0,790)	-		100,423	3	
0570	income of associates and joint ventures	0(1)(20)							
	accounted for under equity method - will								
	be reclassified to profit or loss		(	142)			776		
8300	Total other comprehensive (loss) income								
	for the year		( \$	4,516)		\$	197,899	3	
8500	Total comprehensive income for the year		\$	306,953	5	\$	498,931	7	
0.610	Income attributable to:		ф	211 460	_	ф	201 022	4	
8610	Owners of the parent		\$	311,469	5	\$	301,032	4	
8710	Comprehensive income attributable to: Owners of the parent		•	206 052	5	¢	498,931	7	
0/10	Owners of the parent		φ	306,953		φ	470,731		
	Earnings per share (in dollars)	6(29)							
9750	Basic	- ( <del>-</del> -/)	\$		2.13	\$		2.06	
9850	Diluted		\$		2.13	\$		2.06	
			<del></del>						

# TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

ıl equity
)53,754
301,032
197,899
198,931
20,202
_
14,615)
538,070
538,070
311,469
4,516)
306,953
-
-
46,154)
-
598,869
0 3 1 4 5 3

## $\frac{\text{TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES}}{\text{CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS}}$

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			Year ended December 31			
	Notes	_	2023		2022	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Profit before tax		\$	360,218	\$	347,300	
Adjustments		Φ	300,210	Ф	347,300	
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)						
Foreign currency exchange losses			779		4,006	
Gain on financial assets and liabilities at fair value	6(24)		117		1,000	
through profit or loss	o(= ·)	(	224 )	(	32)	
Impairment loss on financial assets at amortized cost -	6(3)(24)	`	221)	(	32 )	
current	0(5)(2.)		_		42,788	
Loss on disposal of investments			115		-	
Expected credit losses	12		2,052		5,380	
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures	6(7)		_, ===		2,200	
accounted for under equity method	- (-)	(	14,376)	(	12,919)	
Reclassification of exchange loss arising from	6(20)(24)	`	- : ,- : - ,		,,	
disposal of investments	,,,,		_		4,658	
Depreciation	6(8)(9)(11)(26)		133,367		137,083	
(Gain) loss on disposal of property, plant and	6(24)		,		,	
equipment	, ,	(	1,210)		27	
Gain from lease modification	6(9)(24)	(	53)		-	
Loss on disposal of investment property	6(24)		-		3	
Amortisation	6(12)(26)		9,235		8,483	
Prepayment for equipment transferred to expense			17		-	
Interest income	6(22)	(	41,332)	(	25,217)	
Dividend income	6(23)		-	(	12)	
Interest expense	6(25)		16,538		20,689	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities						
Changes in operating assets						
Notes receivable			891	(	511 )	
Accounts receivable		(	5,007)	(	43,918)	
Other receivables		(	927)		7,237	
Inventories		(	132,388)		145,610	
Prepayments			3,089		44,710	
Changes in operating liabilities						
Contract liabilities - current		(	137)	(	3,748)	
Notes payable		(	565 )	(	5,638)	
Accounts payable			195,832	(	129,698)	
Other payables		(	17,487)		27,553	
Advance receipts		(	378)	(	197)	
Net defined benefit liabilities - non-current			17,771		15,588	
Cash inflow generated from operations			525,820		589,225	
Interest received			39,594		25,576	
Dividends received			6,506		7,384	
Income tax received		,	8,210	,	20 400 1	
Interest paid		(	16,649)	(	20,438)	
Income tax paid		(	38,774)	(	14,236)	
Net cash flows from operating activities			524,707		587,511	

(Continued)

## $\frac{\text{TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES}}{\text{CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS}}$

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			Year ended December 31			
	Notes		2023		2022	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
(Increase) decrease in financial assets at amortised cost		(\$	198,144)	\$	2,115	
Decrease in other receivables			7,533		9,369	
Decrease in financial assets at fair value through profit or						
loss - non-current			14		-	
Proceeds from liquidation of investments accounted for	6(7)					
using equity method			-		10,019	
Cash paid for acquisition of property plant and equipment	6(30)	(	39,158)	(	49,300)	
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			3,575		1,386	
Acquisition of right-of-use asset		(	36,113)	(	5,209)	
Cash paid for acquisition of investment property	6(30)	(	1,254)	(	3,973)	
Cash paid for acquisition of intangible assets	6(30)	(	5,208)	(	4,081)	
Increase in prepayments for equipment		(	48,679)	(	13,439)	
Decrease (increase) in guarantee deposits paid			593	(	2,298)	
Decrease in other non-current assets		-	2,319		3,382	
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(	314,522)	(	52,029)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Increase in short-term borrowings	6(31)		595,963		683,382	
Repayments of short-term borrowings	6(31)	(	688,805)	(	968,927)	
Decrease in short-term notes and bills payable	6(31)		-	(	150,000)	
Payments of lease liabilities	6(31)	(	30,492)	(	28,806)	
Decrease in guarantee deposit received	6(31)	(	355)	(	4,693)	
Cash distribution from capital surplus	6(18)		-	(	14,615)	
Payment of cash dividends	6(19)	(	146,154)			
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(	269,843)	(	483,659)	
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash		(	3,931)		66,039	
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(	63,589)		117,862	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	6(1)		798,957		681,095	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	6(1)	\$	735,368	\$	798,957	

# TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

## 1. HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION

- (1) Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Act of the Republic of China (R.O.C.) and other relevant laws and regulations in August 1961. The Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") are primarily engaged in manufacturing, retail and export of various kinds of apparels (including woven and knitted garments).
- (2) As of December 31, 2023, the Group has 12,708 employees.
- (3) The common shares of the Company had been listed on the Taipei Exchange since April 1999, and has been transferred to be listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange since September 2000.

# 2. <u>THE DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORIZATION</u>

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on March 7, 2024.

## 3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS®") Accounting Standards that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC and became effective from 2023 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board ("IASB")
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, 'Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities	January 1, 2023
arising from a single transaction'	
Amendments to IAS 12, 'International tax reform - pillar two model	May 23, 2023
rules'	

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

# (2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC and will become effective from 2024 are as follows:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective date by IASB		
Amendments to IFRS 16, 'Lease liability in a sale and leaseback'	January 1, 2024		
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-	January 1, 2024		
current'			
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Non-current liabilities with covenants'	January 1, 2024		
Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7, 'Supplier finance arrangements'	January 1, 2024		

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

## (3) IFRS Accounting Standards issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective date by IASB		
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets	To be determined by		
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	IASB		
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023		
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023		
Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 –	January 1, 2023		
comparative information'			
Amendments to IAS 21, 'Lack of exchangeability'	January 1, 2025		

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

## 4. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

### (1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers", International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC<sup>®</sup> Interpretations, and SIC<sup>®</sup> Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs").

## (2) Basis of preparation

A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:

- (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
- (b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- (c) Defined benefit assets (liabilities) recognized based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5, 'Critical accounting judgements, estimates and key sources of assumption uncertainty'.

## (3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
  - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
  - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
  - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
  - (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e., transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity.
  - (e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or

losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

## B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

Name of	Name of	Main business	Ownersh		
investor	subsidiaries	activities	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	Note
Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Tainan Enterprise (BVI) Co., Limited	Professional investments	100.00	100.00	_
Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.	P.T.Tainan Enterprises Indonesia	Garment processing, production and selling	100.00	100.00	_
Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.	PT. Andalan Mandiri Busana	Garment processing, production and selling	100.00	100.00	_
Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Tainan Enterprises (Cambodia) Co., Ltd.	Garment processing, production and selling	100.00	100.00	_
Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Tainan Enterprises (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	Garment processing, production and selling	100.00	100.00	_
Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Beyoung Fashion Co., Ltd.	Garment processing, production and selling	100.00	100.00	_
Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.	PT CAHAYA INDAH GLOBAL	Garment processing, production and selling	100.00	_	(Note 1)
Tainan Enterprise (BVI) Co., Limited	Yixing Gaoqing Garments Co., Ltd.	Garment processing, production and selling	100.00	100.00	_

Name of	Name of	Main business	Ownership (%)	Ownership (%)	
investor	subsidiary	activities	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	Note
Tainan	Zhoukou Tainan	Garment	100.00	100.00	(Note 2)
Enterprise	Garment Co.,	processing,			
(BVI) Co.,	Ltd.	production			
Limited		and selling			
Tainan	T&G	Professional	100.00	100.00	_
Enterprise	Fashion	investments			
(BVI) Co.,	Co., Ltd.				
Limited					
T&G	Gin-Sovann	Garment	100.00	100.00	_
Fashion	Fashion	processing,			
Co., Ltd.	(Cambodia)	production			
	Limited.	and selling			
T&G	Camitex II	Garment	100.00	100.00	(Note 2)
Fashion	(Cambodia)	processing,			
Co., Ltd.	MFG Co.,	production			
	Ltd.	and selling			
T&G	Golden Harbor	Garment	100.00	100.00	(Note 2)
Fashion	Garment	processing,			
Co., Ltd.	(Cambodia)	production			
	Limited.	and selling			

(Note 1) A new company established in the first quarter of 2023.

(Note 2) The subsidiary has ceased its business operations and is in the process of liquidation.

- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Subsidiaries with non-controlling interests that are material to the Group: None.

#### (4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

#### A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss.

- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
- (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within "Other gains and losses".

# B. Translation of foreign operations

- (a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
  - i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
  - ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
  - iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.
- (b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operation. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.

#### (5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
  - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
  - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
  - (c) Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
  - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than 12 months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
  - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
  - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;

- (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
- (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than 12 months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

#### (6) Cash equivalents

- A. Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.
- B. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

## (7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognizes the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value, and recognizes the gain or loss in profit or loss.
- D. The Group recognizes the dividend income when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

#### (8) Financial assets at amortized cost

- A. Financial assets at amortized cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
  - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
  - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortized cost are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized or impaired.

#### (9) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (10) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale. If the cost exceeds net realizable value, valuation loss is accrued and recognized in operating costs. If the net realizable value reserves, valuation is eliminated within credit balance and is recognized as deduction of operating costs.

## (11) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognize changes in fair value in other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value:

The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognized as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

#### (12) Impairment of financial assets

For financial assets at amortized cost, at each reporting date, the Group recognizes the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognizes the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognizes the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

#### (13) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

#### (14) Leasing arrangements (lessor)—operating leases

Lease income from an operating lease (net of any incentives given to the lessee) is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### (15) Investments accounted for under equity method - associates

- A. Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 percent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognized at cost.
- B. The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognized in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognized in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognize further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.
- C. When changes in an associate's equity do not arise from profit or loss or other comprehensive income of the associate and such changes do not affect the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, the Group recognizes the Group's share of change in equity of the associate in 'capital surplus' in proportion to its ownership.
- D. Unrealized gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- E. In the case that an associate issues new shares and the Group does not subscribe or acquire new shares proportionately, which results in a change in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate but maintains significant influence on the associate, then "Capital surplus" and "Investments accounted for under the equity method" shall be adjusted for the increase or decrease of its share of equity interest. If the above condition causes a decrease in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, in addition to the above adjustment, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.
- F. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate, are reclassified to profit or loss, on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately in accordance with the aforementioned approach.

#### (16) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalized.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Except for land, other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Assets	<u>Useful lives</u>
Buildings (including accessory equipment)	5 ~ 55 years
Machinery equipment	2 ~ 10 years
Utilities equipment	2 ~ 15 years
Transportation equipment	3 ~ 10 years
Office equipment	$2 \sim 5 \text{ years}$
Leasehold assets	5 ~ 9 years
Other equipment	5 years

#### (17) Leasing arrangements (lessee)—right-of-use assets / lease liabilities

- A. Leases are recognized as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate or the interest rate of government bonds of the country to which each subsidiary belongs. Lease payments are fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable. The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortized cost using the interest method and recognizes interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognized as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments

and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:
  - (a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
  - (b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date; and
  - (c) Any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognized as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset and remeasure the lease liability to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognize the difference in profit or loss.

#### (18) <u>Investment property</u>

An investment property is stated initially at its cost and measured subsequently using the cost model. Except for land, investment property is depreciated on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of  $18 \sim 55$  years.

#### (19) Intangible assets

#### A. Computer software

Computer software is stated at cost and amortized on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of  $2 \sim 5$  years.

#### B. Goodwill

Goodwill arises in a business combination accounted for by applying the acquisition method.

#### (20) Impairment of non-financial assets

- A. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortized historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognized.
- B. The recoverable amounts of goodwill are evaluated periodically. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment loss of goodwill previously recognized in profit or loss shall not be reversed in the following years.
- C. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that is/are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination.

#### (21) Borrowings

Borrowings comprise short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

#### (22) Notes and accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (23) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation specified in the contract is either discharged or cancelled or expires.

# (24) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and reported in the net amount in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### (25) Employee benefits

#### A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognized as expense in that period when the employees render service.

#### B. Pensions

#### (a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognized as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

# (b) Defined benefit plans

- i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognized in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The Group uses interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date).
- ii. Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plans are recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.

C. Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration are recognized as expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employee compensation is paid by shares, the Group calculates the number of shares based on the closing price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.

#### (26) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or items recognized directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subdiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings of the Company and its domestic subsidiaries and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognized, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realized or the deferred tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. At each balance sheet date, unrecognized and recognized deferred tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### (27) Share capital

- A. Ordinary shares are classified as equity.
- B. Where the Company repurchases the Company's equity share capital that has been issued, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is deducted from equity attributable to the Company's equity holders. Where such shares are subsequently reissued, the difference between their book value and any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the Company's equity holders.

# (28) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are resolved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities; stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

#### (29) Revenue recognition

#### A. Sale of goods

- (a) Sales are recognized when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the client, the client has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the client's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the client, and either the client has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- (b) A receivable is recognized when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

#### B. Service revenue

The Group provides processing and business consulting services. Revenue from delivering services is recognized under the percentage-of-completion method when the outcome of services provided can be estimated reliably. If the outcome of a service contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue should be recognized only to the extent that contract costs incurred are likely to be recoverable.

#### (30) Government grants

Government grants are recognized at their fair value only when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with any conditions attached to the grants and the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognized in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognizes expenses for the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

#### (31) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The Group's chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

# 5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS</u>, <u>ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY</u>

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

# (1) <u>Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies</u> None.

#### (2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

# A. Financial assets – fair value measurement of unlisted stocks without active market

The fair value of unlisted stocks held by the Group that are not traded in an active market is determined considering those companies' financial information, operational planning or prediction of future application. Any changes in these judgements and estimates will impact the fair value measurement of these unlisted stocks. Please refer to Note 12(3) for the financial instruments fair value information.

B. As of December 31, 2023, the carrying amount of unlisted stocks without active market was \$86,825.

## 6. DETAILS OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTS

#### (1) Cash and cash equivalents

	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
Cash:				
Cash on hand	\$	2,082	\$	1, 760
Checking accounts and demand deposits		456, 109		490, 404
		458, 191		492, 164
Cash equivalents:				
Time deposits		277, 177		306, 793
	\$	735, 368	\$	798, 957

- A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. The Group has no cash and cash equivalents pledged to others as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

# (2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Items	Decem	ber 31, 2023	Decer	mber 31, 2022
Current items:				
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value				
through profit or loss				
Derivative – forward exchange contracts	\$	256	\$	32
Non-current items:				
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value				
through profit or loss				
Unlisted stocks	\$	86, 825	\$	86, 954

A. Amounts recognized in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are listed below:

	For the years ended December 31,				
		2023		2022	
Financial assets mandatorily					
measured at fair value through profit or loss	\$	539	\$	44	

B. The Group entered into contracts relating to derivative financial assets which were not accounted for under hedge accounting. The information is listed below:

	December 31, 2023				
	Contract amount				
	(notional	principal			
Derivative instruments	in thousands) Contract pe				
Forward foreign exchange contracts	USD	1,000 Dec., $2023 \sim \text{Jan.}$ , $2023 \sim \text{Jan.}$	24		
	December 31, 2022				
	Contrac	et amount			
	(notional principal				
Derivative instruments	in thou	usands) Contract period			
Forward foreign exchange contracts	USD	900 Dec., $2022 \sim \text{Feb.}$ , $20$	)23		

The Group entered into forward foreign exchange contracts to hedge exchange rate risk from operating activities. However, these forward foreign exchange contracts are not accounted for under hedge accounting.

C. The Group has no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss pledged to others as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

#### (3) Financial assets at amortized cost

	Decer	mber 31, 2023	2023 December 31,	
Current items:				
Bonds	\$	138, 145	\$	117, 576
Less: Accumulated impairment	(	51,831)	(	51, 831)
	\$	86, 314	\$	65, 745
Non-current items:				
Bonds	\$	494, 292	\$	320, 144

A. Amounts recognized in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at amortized cost are listed below:

	Fo	For the years ended December 31,				
		2023		2022		
Interest income	\$	18, 319	\$	16, 402		
Impairment loss (Note)			(	42, 788)		
	\$	18, 319	( <u>\$</u>	26, 386)		

- (Note) Due to the outbreak of armed conflict between Russia and Ukraine on February 24, 2022, several countries imposed economic sanctions on Russia. It is assessed that the restrictions imposed by such economic sanctions on the Russia's fluctuation of currency exchange rates and financial regulations would result in a significant increase in the credit risk of the investments in bonds issued by Russia which are held by the Group. Therefore, the impairment loss of \$42,788 was fully recognized on certain bonds held by the Group for the year ended December 31, 2022.
- B. As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at amortized cost held by the Group was approximately equal to its carrying amounts.
- C. The Group has no financial assets at amortized cost pledged to others as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.
- D. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at amortized cost is provided in Note 12(2), 'Financial instruments'.

#### (4) Notes and accounts receivable

	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
Notes receivable	<u>\$</u>		\$	891
Accounts receivable	\$	1, 195, 268	\$	1, 190, 457
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(	8, 604)	(	6, 748)
	\$	1, 186, 664	\$	1, 183, 709

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable and notes receivable that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

	I	December 31, 2023			December 31, 2022			
	No	tes	Accounts	No	Notes		Accounts	
	recei	receivable receivab		receivable		receivable		
Not past due	\$	-	\$ 1, 174, 588	\$	891	\$	1, 189, 506	
Up to 30 days		_	13, 187		_		76	
31 to 90 days		_	7, 493		_		58	
Over 91 days							817	
	\$		<u>\$ 1, 195, 268</u>	\$	891	\$	1, 190, 457	

The above aging analysis was based on past due date.

- B. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, notes and receivable accounts were all from contracts with customers. As of January 1, 2022, the balance of receivables from contracts with customers amounted to \$1,149,861.
- C. The Group has no notes and accounts receivable pledged to other as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.
- D. As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's notes and accounts receivable were approximately equal to its carrying amounts.
- E. Information relating to credit risk of notes and accounts receivable is provided in Note 12(2), 'Financial instruments'.

#### (5) <u>Inventories</u>

			December 3	31, 2023		
	Allowance for					
		Cost	valuation	loss		Book value
Raw materials	\$	499, 199	\$	_	\$	499, 199
Work in progress		700, 833		_		700, 833
Finished goods		3, 611				3, 611
	\$	1, 203, 643	\$		\$	1, 203, 643
			December 3	31, 2022		
			Allowand	ce for		
		Cost	valuation	loss		Book value
Raw materials	\$	289, 583	\$	_	\$	289, 583
Work in progress		734, 760		_		734, 760
Finished goods		46, 912		_		46, 912
	<u>\$</u>	1, 071, 255	\$		\$	1, 071, 255

The cost of inventories recognized as expense:

	]	For the years ended December 31,				
		2023	2022			
Cost of goods sold	\$	5, 367, 997 \$	6, 337, 641			
Income from sale of scraps	(	22, 596) (	27, 061)			
	\$	5, 345, 401 \$	6, 310, 580			

#### (6) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current

Items	Decem	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
Equity instruments					
Listed stocks	\$	1,452	\$	1, 452	
Valuation adjustment	(	907)	(	843)	
	\$	545	\$	609	

- A. The Group has elected to classify investments that are considered to be strategic investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair value of such investments amounted to \$545 and \$609 as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.
- B. Amounts recognized in profit or loss and other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are listed below:

	For the years ended December 31,			
	20	)23	2022	
es	( <u>\$</u>	64) (\$	30)	

- C. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income held by the Group was equal to its book value.
- D. The Group has no financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income pledged to others as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.
- E. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is provided in Note 12(2), 'Financial instruments'.

# (7) Investments accounted for using equity method

#### A. Movements of investments accounted for under equity method:

	2
At January 1 \$ 73, 644 \$	71, 235
Share of profit of associates and joint	
ventures accounted for under equity method 14, 376	12, 919
Proceeds from liquidation of investments	
accounted for under equity method – (	10,019)
Earnings distribution of investments accounted	
for under equity method (6, 506) (	7, 372)
Changes in other equity items - unrealized gains	
on financial assets at fair value through other	
comprehensive income 5, 202	5, 979
Changes in other equity items - changes in	
actuarial benefits of defined benefit plans 45	126
Changes in other equity items - exchange	
differences on translation of foreign financial	==0
statements (142)	776
At December 31 <u>\$ 86, 619</u> <u>\$</u>	73, 644

# B. Details of investments accounted for under equity method are as follows:

	Dece	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
Associates	\$	86, 619	\$	73, 644	

#### C. Joint venture

The Group's joint venture, New Premium Enterprise Co., Ltd., was liquidated and dissolved during the third quarter of 2022. Consequently, the remaining capital amounting to \$10,019 was returned to the Company after the completion of the liquidation procedures.

## D. Associates

(a) The basic information of the associate that is material to the Group is as follows:

		Shareholding ratio			
	Principal place	December	December	Nature of	Method of
Company name	of business	31, 2023	31, 2022	relationship	measurement
Tainan Enterprise	Taiwan (Note)	13.39%	13.39%	Strategic	Equity method
(Cayman) Co., Limited.				investment	

(Note) The country of registration is Cayman Islands.

(b) The summarised financial information of the associate that is material to the Group is as follows:

#### Balance sheet

	Tainan Enterprise (Cayman) Co., Limited and subsidiaries					
	D	ecember 31, 2023	December 31, 2022			
Current assets	\$	898, 552	1, 004, 515			
Non-current assets		954, 028	547, 523			
Current liabilities	(	785, 556) (	800, 341)			
Non-current liabilities	(	334, 345) (	117, 804)			
Non-controlling interest	(	85, 999) (	83, 904)			
Total net assets	\$	646, 680	549, 989			
Share in associate's net assets	\$	86, 619	3 73, 644			
Carrying amount of the associate	\$	86, 619	73, 644			

# Statement of comprehensive income

	Tainan Enterprise (Cayman) Co., Limited and subsidiaries						
	For the years ended December 31,						
		2023	2022				
Revenue	\$	2, 135, 188	\$	1, 938, 902			
Profit after income tax	\$	111, 949	\$	110, 059			
Other comprehensive							
income, net of tax		38, 143		37, 852			
Total comprehensive income	\$	150, 092	\$	147, 911			
Dividends received from associate							
(Note)	\$	7, 806	\$	7, 372			

(Note) Including cash dividends and stock dividends.

- (c) The Group's material associate, Tainan Enterprise (Cayman) Co., Limited, has quoted market price of \$287,650 (\$64.40 (in dollars) per share) and \$131,180 (\$30.25 (in dollars) per share) as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.
- E. The Group has no investments accounted for under equity method pledged to others as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

# (8) Property, plant and equipment

		Buildings and		Utilities	Transportation and	Leasehold		Construction in	
	Land	structures	Machinery	equipment	office equipment	assets	Others	progress	Total
January 1, 2023									
Cost	\$ 312,675	\$1,016,978	\$ 666, 041	\$ 177, 048	\$ 165, 955	\$ 34, 127	\$ 18, 387	\$ -	\$2, 391, 211
Accumulated depreciation		$(\underline{524,773})$	( <u>517, 895</u> )	( <u>121, 368</u> )	(142, 249)	(_15, 439)	$(\underline{16,217})$		(1, 337, 941)
	<u>\$ 312,675</u>	<u>\$ 492, 205</u>	<u>\$ 148, 146</u>	<u>\$ 55, 680</u>	<u>\$ 23, 706</u>	<u>\$ 18, 688</u>	<u>\$ 2,170</u>	\$ -	<u>\$1,053,270</u>
For the year ended December 31, 2023	3								
At January 1	\$ 312,675	\$ 492, 205	\$ 148, 146	\$ 55,680	\$ 23, 706	\$ 18, 688	\$ 2,170	\$ -	\$1,053,270
Additions	φ 01 <b>2</b> , 010	743	24, 094	1, 128	13, 780	φ 10, 000 -	323	1, 094	41, 162
Transferred from prepayment			,	,				,	
for equipment	_	_	-	_	2, 970	-	_	_	2, 970
Transferred from prepayment	_	_	_	_	210	-	-	_	210
Depreciation	_	(31, 107)	(38, 242)	(10,027)	( 11,024)	(4,555)	( 141)	-	(95,096)
Disposals - cost	_	(52)	( 29, 981)	( 614)	(17, 162)	-	$(\qquad 745)$	-	(48,554)
- accumulated depreciation	_	52	28, 752	429	16, 286	-	670	-	46, 189
Net currency exchange differences		33	(17)	130	(	<u>66</u>	(48)	(16)	128
At December 31	<u>\$ 312,675</u>	<u>\$ 461,874</u>	<u>\$ 132, 752</u>	\$ 46,726	\$ 28,746	<u>\$ 14, 199</u>	\$ 2,229	<u>\$ 1,078</u>	<u>\$1,000,279</u>
December 31, 2023									
Cost	\$ 312,675	\$1,015,629	\$ 659,045	\$ 177, 549	\$ 165, 292	\$ 34, 127	\$ 17, 580	\$ 1,078	\$2, 382, 975
Accumulated depreciation		(553, 755)	( 526, 293)	(130, 823)	(136, 546)	(19, 928)	(15, 351)	<u> </u>	( <u>1, 382, 696</u> )
•	<u>\$ 312,675</u>	<u>\$ 461,874</u>	<u>\$ 132, 752</u>	\$ 46,726	<u>\$ 28, 746</u>	<u>\$ 14, 199</u>	\$ 2,229	<u>\$ 1,078</u>	<u>\$1,000,279</u>

		Buildings and		Utilities	Transportation and	Leasehold		Construction in	
	Land	structures	Machinery	equipment	office equipment	assets	Others	progress	Total
January 1, 2022									
Cost	\$ 307, 376	\$ 972, 326	\$ 608, 983	\$ 160, 175	\$ 157, 395	\$ 30, 760	\$ 18, 054	\$ 252	\$2, 255, 321
Accumulated depreciation		$(\underline{492,380})$	$(\underline{468,865})$	(99,694)	128, 353	$(\underline{9,870})$	( <u>15, 984</u> )		(1, 215, 146)
-	\$ 307, 376	\$ 479, 946	\$ 140, 118	\$ 60,481	\$ 29,042	\$ 20, 890	\$ 2,070	\$ 252	\$1,040,175
						·			
For the year ended December 31, 2022									
At January 1	\$ 307, 376	\$ 479, 946	\$ 140, 118	\$ 60,481	\$ 29,042	\$ 20, 890	\$ 2,070	\$ 252	\$1,040,175
Additions	_	4, 213	38, 253	181	5, 648	_	305	_	48, 600
Reclassifications - cost	_	_	252	-	-	_	-	( 252)	_
Depreciation	_	(30, 148)	(43, 271)	( 11, 259)	11,779)	(4,357)	(165)	-	(100,979)
Disposals - cost	_	(22,826)	(38,704)	( 714)	7, 893)	-	(274)	-	(70,411)
- accumulated depreciation	_	22, 822	38, 117	714	7, 146	-	199	-	68, 998
Net currency exchange differences	5, 299	38, 198	13, 381	6, 277	1,542	2, 155	35		66, 887
At December 31	\$ 312,675	<u>\$ 492, 205</u>	<u>\$ 148, 146</u>	\$ 55,680	\$ 23, 706	\$ 18,688	\$ 2,170	\$ -	\$1,053,270
<u>December 31, 2022</u>									
Cost	\$ 312,675	\$1,016,978	\$ 666,041	\$ 177,048	\$ 165, 955	\$ 34, 127	\$ 18, 387	\$ -	\$2, 391, 211
Accumulated depreciation		$(\underline{524,773})$	(_517, 895)	( <u>121, 368</u> )	142, 249)	$(\underline{15,439})$	$(\underline{16,217})$		(1, 337, 941)
	\$ 312,675	<u>\$ 492, 205</u>	<u>\$ 148, 146</u>	\$ 55,680	<u>\$</u> 23, 706	<u>\$ 18, 688</u>	\$ 2,170	\$ -	\$1,053,270

- A. As restricted by the local regulations of Cambodia, the ownership of the Group's land located in Cambodia had been registered under the name of Kao-Chhin Co., Ltd. In addition, the Group used the contract of borrowing other's name for real estate registration to clearly define the rights and obligations of both parties. The Group is the actual owner of the land.
- B. The Group's property, plant and equipment are all occupied by the owner for operating purpose as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.
- C. The Group has not capitalized any interest for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.
- D. The Group has no property, plant and equipment pledged to others as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

#### (9) Leasing arrangements—lessee

- A. The Group's leases various assets including land and buildings. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 50 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.
- B. Short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less comprise partial factories and office. Low-value assets comprise multi-function printer.
- C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	December 31, 2023 Carrying amount	December 31, 2022  Carrying amount			
	Carrying amount	Carrying amount			
Land	\$ 43, 846	\$ 58, 089			
Buildings	70, 882	52, 163			
	<u>\$ 114, 728</u>	<u>\$ 110, 252</u>			
	For the years ended December 31,				
	2023	2023			
	Depreciation charge	Depreciation charge			
Land	\$ 17,063	\$ 15, 208			
Buildings	19,033	18, 885			
	\$ 36,096	\$ 34,093			

D. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the additions to right-of-use assets were \$41,192 and \$14,349, respectively.

E. The information on profit and loss accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,					
	2023			2022		
Items affecting profit or loss						
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	3, 101	\$	3, 887		
Expense on short-term lease contracts		2,609		4, 241		
Gain on lease modification	(	53)		_		

F. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$36,286 and \$42,130, respectively.

## (10) <u>Leasing arrangements – lessor</u>

- A. The Group leases various assets including investment property. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 and 10 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. To protect the lessor's ownership rights on the leased assets, leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes, or a residual value guarantee was required.
- B. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group recognized rent income in the amounts of \$2,559 and \$2,663, respectively, based on the operating lease agreement, which does not include variable lease payments.
- C. The maturity analysis of the lease payments under the operating leases is as follows:

	Decem	December 31, 2023		
Under 1 year	\$	1, 555	\$	2, 228
1 ~ 5 years		5, 765		480
Over 5 years		241		361
·	\$	7, 561	\$	3, 069

# (11) <u>Investment property-net</u>

	 Land	B	Buildings		Total
<u>January 1, 2023</u>					
Cost	\$ 95, 130	\$	72, 528	\$	167, 658
Accumulated depreciation	 _	(	30, 215)	(	30, 215)
	\$ 95, 130	\$	42, 313	\$	137, 443
For the year ended December 31, 2023					
At January 1	\$ 95, 130	\$	42, 313	\$	137, 443
Additions	_		1,666		1,666
Depreciation	 _	(	2, 175)	(	2, 175)
At December 31	\$ 95, 130	\$	41,804	\$	136, 934
<u>December 31, 2023</u>					
Cost	\$ 95, 130	\$	74, 194	\$	169, 324
Accumulated depreciation	 _	(	32, 390)	(	32, 390)
	\$ 95, 130	\$	41, 804	\$	136, 934

	 Land	Buildings		Total	
<u>January 1, 2022</u>					
Cost	\$ 95, 130	\$	69, 628	\$	164, 758
Accumulated depreciation	 	(	30, 125)	(	30, 125)
	\$ 95, 130	\$	39, 503	\$	134, 633
For the year ended December 31, 2022					
At January 1	\$ 95, 130	\$	39, 503	\$	134, 633
Additions	_		4, 227		4, 227
Transferred from					
prepayments for equipment	_		597		597
Depreciation	_	(	2,011)	(	2,011)
Disposals - cost	_	(	1,924)	(	1,924)
- accumulated depreciation	 		1, 921		1, 921
At December 31	\$ 95, 130	\$	42, 313	\$	137, 443
<u>December 31, 2022</u>					
Cost	\$ 95, 130	\$	72, 528	\$	167, 658
Accumulated depreciation	 	(	30, 215)	(	30, 215)
	\$ 95, 130	\$	42, 313	\$	137, 443

A. Rental income from investment property and direct operating expenses arising from investment property are shown below:

	For the years ended December 31,				
		2023		2022	
Rental income from investment property (listed as "Other income")  Direct operating expenses arising from the	\$	2, 487	\$	2, 591	
investment property that generated rental income during the year	<u>\$</u>	2, 175	\$	2, 011	

B. The fair value of the investment property held by the Group as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$472,473 and \$412,147, respectively. Valuations were made based on most recent transaction prices of similar and comparable properties and official price, which

is categorised within Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

- C. The Group has not capitalized any borrowing costs as part of investment property for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.
- D. The Group has no investment property pledged to others as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

# (12) <u>Intangible assets</u>

		Software	Goodwill	Total	
<u>January 1, 2023</u>					
Cost	\$	35, 210 \$	82, 151 \$	117, 361	
Accumulated amortisation	(	22, 156)	- (	22, 156)	
Accumulated impairment		- (	78, 081) (	78, 081)	
Net currency exchange differences		_ (	4,070) (	4,070)	
	\$	13, 054 \$	<u> </u>	13, 054	
For the year ended December 31, 2023					
At January 1	\$	13, 054 \$	- \$	13, 054	
Additions – acquired separately		4, 575	_	4,575	
Transferred from					
prepayments for equipment		1,639		1,639	
Amortisation	(	9, 235)	- (	9, 235)	
Disposals - cost	(	10, 150)	- (	10, 150)	
- accumulated amortisation		10, 150	<u>_</u>	10, 150	
At December 31	\$	10,033 \$	<u> </u>	10, 033	
<u>December 31, 2023</u>					
Cost	\$	31, 274 \$	82, 151 \$	113, 425	
Accumulated amortisation	(	21, 241)	- (	21, 241)	
Accumulated impairment		- (	78, 081) (	78, 081)	
Net currency exchange differences		_ (	4,070) (	4, 070)	
	\$	10, 033 \$	<u> </u>	10, 033	

		Software	Goodwill		Total
<u>January 1, 2022</u>					
Cost	\$	32, 204 \$	82, 151	\$	114, 355
Accumulated amortisation	(	16, 311)	-	(	16, 311)
Accumulated impairment		- (	78, 081)	(	78, 081)
Net currency exchange differences		_ (_	4,070)	(	4,070)
	\$	15, 893	} _	\$	15, 893
For the year ended December 31, 2022		_	<u> </u>		_
At January 1	\$	15, 893 \$	-	\$	15, 893
Additions – acquired separately		4, 714	_		4, 714
Transferred from					
prepayments for equipment		930	_		930
Amortisation	(	8, 483)	_	(	8, 483)
Disposals - cost	(	2,638)	_	(	2,638)
- accumulated amortisation		2, 638	<u> </u>		2, 638
At December 31	\$	13, 054 \$	-	\$	13, 054
<u>December 31, 2022</u>					
Cost	\$	35, 210 \$	82, 151	\$	117, 361
Accumulated amortisation	(	22, 156)	_	(	22, 156)
Accumulated impairment		- (	78, 081)	(	78, 081)
Net currency exchange differences		_ (_	4, 070)	(	4, 070)
	\$	13, 054 \$	-	\$	13, 054

- A. The Group has not capitalized any borrowing costs as part of intangible assets for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.
- B. Details of amortization on intangible assets are as follows:

	F01	For the years ended December 31,				
		2023		2022		
Operating expenses	\$	9, 235	\$	8, 483		

- C. The Group has no intangible assets pledged to others as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.
- D. The details of the Group's accumulated impairment loss on goodwill are provided in Note 6(13), 'Impairment of non-financial assets'.

# (13) <u>Impairment of non-financial assets</u>

- A. No impairment loss was recognized for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.
- B. The accumulated impairment which the Group recognized on goodwill (listed as "Intangible assets") as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$78,081 for both years.

#### (14) Short-term borrowings

Type of borrowings	Decen	nber 31, 2023	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank borrowings				
Unsecured bank borrowings	\$	609, 000	$1.56\% \sim 2.05\%$	None
Type of borrowings	Decer	mber 31, 2022	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank borrowings				
Unsecured bank borrowings	\$	700, 809	1.39%~6.08%	None

Refer to Note 6(25), 'Finance costs' for more information about interest expense recognized by the Group for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

# (15) Other payables

	December 31, 2023		December 31, 202	
Accrued salaries and bonuses	\$	274, 285	\$	277, 137
Accrued processing fee		40, 163		40,698
Accrued pension expense		29, 487		29, 429
Tax payables		23, 785		22, 281
Accrued freight		11, 816		11,656
Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration payable		10, 600		10, 600
Accrued labor insurance and health insurance fee		10,597		10, 264
Import/export (customs) expense payable		8, 862		8, 144
Payables for equipment (including intangible assets)		4, 506		2, 723
Others	-	25, 066		42, 050
	\$	439, 167	\$	454, 982

#### (16) Pensions

A. The Company has a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards

Law, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Law. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company contributes monthly an amount equal to 7.5% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is insufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company will make contributions for the deficit by next March.

The information on the Company and its subsidiaries—P.T. Tainan Enterprise Indonesia and PT. Andalan Mandiri Busana's defined benefit pension plan is as follows:

#### (a) The amounts recognized in the balance sheet are as follows:

	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
Present value of defined benefit obligations	(\$	203, 210)	(\$	180, 944)
Fair value of plan assets		77, 479		75, 418
	( <u>\$</u>	125, 731)	( <u>\$</u>	105, 526)
	De	ecember 31, 2023	D	ecember 31, 2022
Net defined benefit assets, non-current	\$	3, 156	\$	3, 158
Net defined benefit liabilities, non-current	(	128, 887)	(	108, 684)
•	\		`—	

(b) Movements in net defined benefit assets and liabilities are as follows:

	Pres	ent value of				
	def	ined benefit	Fair value of		Net defined	
	0	bligations	plan assets		enefit liability	
At January 1, 2023	(\$	180, 944)	\$ 75, 4	18 (\$	105, 526)	
Current service cost	(	31,063)		- (	31, 063)	
Interest (expense) income	(	8, 519)	9	80 (	7, 539)	
Past service cost		9, 375			9, 375	
	(	211, 151)	76, 3	98 (_	134, 753)	
Remeasurements:						
Return on plan assets		_	3	28	328	
Change in financial assumptions	(	475)		- (	475)	
Experience adjustments	(	<u>780</u> )		(_	<u>780</u> )	
	(	1, 255)	3	<u>28</u> (_	927)	
Pension fund contribution		<u> </u>	10,6	48	10, 648	
Paid pension		10, 703	(9, 8	<u>95</u> )	808	
Exchange difference	(	1, 507)		(_	1, 507)	
At December 31, 2023	( <u>\$</u>	203, 210)	<u>\$ 77, 4</u>	<u>79</u> (§	125, 731	

	Pres	ent value of				
	defi	ned benefit	Fair value of	N	Net defined	
	0	oligations	plan assets	be	nefit liability	
At January 1, 2022	(\$	175,099)	\$ 71,948	(\$	103, 151)	
Current service cost	(	35, 177)	_	(	35, 177)	
Interest (expense) income	(	7, 125)	504	(	6, 621)	
Past service cost		18, 226			18, 226	
	(	199, 17 <u>5</u> )	72, 452	(	126, 723)	
Remeasurements:						
Return on plan assets		_	6, 045		6, 045	
Change in financial assumptions		3, 151	_		3, 151	
Experience adjustments		4, 196			4, 196	
		7, 347	6, 045		13, 392	
Pension fund contribution		_	7, 984		7, 984	
Paid pension		11, 063	(11,063)			
Exchange difference	(	<u>179</u> )		(	<u>179</u> )	
At December 31, 2022	( <u>\$</u>	180, 944)	<u>\$ 75, 418</u>	( <u>\$</u>	105, 526)	

(c) The Bank of Taiwan was commissioned to manage the Fund of the Company's defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Fund's annual investment and utilization plan and the "Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilization of the Labor Retirement Fund" (Article 6: The scope of utilization for the Fund includes deposit in domestic or foreign financial institutions, investment in domestic or foreign listed, over-the-counter, or private placement equity securities, investment in domestic or foreign real estate securitization products, etc.). With regard to the utilization of the Fund, its minimum earnings in the annual distributions on the final financial statements shall be no less than the earnings attainable from the amounts accrued from two-year time deposits with the interest rates offered by local banks. If the earnings is less than aforementioned rates, government shall make payment for the deficit after being authorized by the Regulator. The Company has no right to

participate in managing and operating that fund and hence the Company is unable to disclose the classification of plan assets fair value in accordance with IAS 19 paragraph 142. The composition of fair value of plan assets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 is given in the Annual Labor Retirement Fund Utilization Report announced by the government.

(d) The principal actuarial assumptions used were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,			
	2023	2022		
Discount rate	<u>1.20%∼6.89%</u>	1.30%~7.40%		
Future salary increases	3.00%~8.00%	3.00%~8.00%		

Assumptions regarding future mortality experience are set based on actuarial advice in accordance with published statistics and experience according to Taiwan Life Insurance Industry 6<sup>th</sup> Mortality Table for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Because the main actuarial assumption changed, the present value of defined benefit obligation is affected. The analysis was as follows:

		Discou	nt ra	ite	Future salary increases				
	Increase		Decrease		Increase		Decrease		
	0.2	$0.25\% \sim 1\%$		$0.25\% \sim 1\%$		5%~1%	$0.25\% \sim 1\%$		
<u>December 31, 2023</u>									
Effect on present value of defined benefit obligation	( <u>\$</u>	9, 707)	\$	10, 832	\$	9, 902	( <u>\$</u>	9, 055)	
<u>December 31, 2022</u>									
Effect on present value of defined benefit obligation	( <u>\$</u>	8, 452)	\$	18, 150	<u>\$</u>	16, 920	( <u>\$</u>	7, 496)	

The sensitivity analysis above is based on one assumption which changed while the other conditions remain unchanged. In practice, more than one assumption may change all at once. The method of analysing sensitivity and the method of calculating net pension liability in the balance sheet are the same.

The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the previous period.

- (e) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Group for 2024 amount to \$8,539.
- (f) As of December 31, 2023, the weighted average duration of the retirement plan is 7 years.
- B. Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of

the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment. The subsidiaries in Vietnam, Cambodia, and mainland China set aside pension reserves based on the regulations of the local governments sponsored defined contribution plan. Monthly contributions to an independent fund administered by the government in accordance with the pension regulations in the local governments are based on 7% ~ 16% of employees' monthly salaries and wages. The pension of each employee is managed and arranged by the government; other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations. The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 were \$65,481 and \$62,571, respectively.

#### (17) Share capital

A. Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows:

(Unit: in thousand shares):

	For the years ended December 31,				
	2023	2022			
Beginning and ending balance	146, 154	146, 154			

B. As of December 31, 2023, the Company's authorized capital was \$2,000,000 (including \$100,000 thousand shares reserved for employee stock options) and the paid-in capital was \$1,461,535, consisting of 146,154 thousand shares of ordinary stock with a par value of NT\$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

#### C. Treasury shares

(a) Reason for share reacquisition and movements in the number of the Company's treasury shares are as follows:

	For the year ended December 31, 2023									
	Beginning			Ending						
Reason for reacquisition	balance	Additions	Decrease	balance						
To be reissued to employees	1,000		(1,000)							

	For the year ended December 31, 2022								
	Beginning			Ending					
Reason for reacquisition	balance	Additions	Decrease	balance					
To be reissued to employees	1,000			1,000					

- (b) Pursuant to the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act, the number of shares bought back as treasury share should not exceed 10% of the number of the Company's issued and outstanding shares and the amount bought back should not exceed the sum of retained earnings, paid-in capital in excess of par value and realized capital surplus. The balance of the treasury shares after reacquisition and reissue to employees of the Company as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$- and \$22,663, respectively.
- (c) Pursuant to the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act, treasury shares should not be pledged as collateral and is not entitled to dividends before it is reissued.
- (d) Pursuant to the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act, treasury shares should be reissued to the employees within five years from the reacquisition date and shares not reissued within the five-year period are to be retired.
- D. On November 8, 2022, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to retire treasury shares in the amount of 1,000 thousand shares, and the effective date for the capital reduction was set on May 22, 2023. The registration for the change was completed on June 5, 2023, and the retired treasury shares amounted to \$22,663. When the Company retired treasury shares, the Company debited common stock and capital surplus based on shareholding ratio amounting to \$10,000 and \$6,266, respectively, and the insufficient balance of \$6,397 was written off against retained earnings.

#### (18) Capital surplus

A. Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalized mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year.

Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

B. Movements of the Company's capital surplus for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

		Ι	Difference Change in									
		be	tween the		equity of							
		acc	quisition or		associates an			d				
		dis	posal price	C	Changes in	ı jo	joint ventures		Expired			
For the year		an	d carrying	ownership		ac	accounted for		employee			
ended December	Share	a	amount of		interests in		under the		stock			
31, 2023	premium	su	bsidiaries	SU	ıbsidiaries	eg eg	uity method	<u> 1</u>	options	Others		Total
At January 1	\$ 741, 449	\$	20, 166	\$	46,042	2 \$	12, 809	\$	3 1, 257	\$ 9,074		\$ 830, 797
Retirement of treasury shares	(5, 014)				-		_	(_	1, 252)		. (	6, 266)
At December 31	<u>\$ 736, 435</u>	\$	20, 166	\$	46, 042	2 \$	12, 809	9	5 5	\$ 9,074	ı	\$ 824, 531
Difference Change in												
		between the		equity of								
		acquisition or		8		asso	associates and					
		dispo	osal price	Ch	anges in	join	t ventures	E	Expired			
For the year		and carrying		ownership		accounted for		employee				
ended December	Share	amount of		interests in		under the		stock				
31, 2022	premium	sub	sidiaries	sub	sidiaries	equi	ity method	O	ptions	Others		Total
At January 1	\$ 756,064	\$	20, 166	\$	46, 042	\$	12,809	\$	1, 257	\$ 9,074	\$	845, 412
Cash distribution												
from capital surplus	( <u>14, 615</u> )		_								(_	14, 615)
At December 31	<u>\$ 741, 449</u>	\$	20, 166	\$	46, 042	\$	12,809	\$	1, 257	\$ 9,074	\$	830, 797

- C. Information on the capital surplus written-off due to the retirement of treasury stocks is provided in Note 6(17), 'Share Capital'.
- D. The Company recognized the cash disbursement from capital surplus of \$14,615 (\$0.1 (in dollars) per share) in 2022.

#### (19) Retained earnings

- A. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- B. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses and then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve until the legal reserve equals the paid-in capital. After that, special reserve shall be set aside or reversed in accordance with the related laws or the regulations. The remainder, if any, shall be the current distributable earnings. The current distributable earnings along with the unappropriated earnings in the prior year shall be the accumulated distributable earnings which shall be proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved by the shareholders as dividends to shareholders. The Company's dividend policy shall take into account current and future development plan, investment environment, capital needs, domestic and foreign competition, and capital budget, etc. along with shareholders' interests. Each year, at least 30% of the current distributable earnings shall be appropriated as dividends. The dividends can be distributed in the form of cash or shares and cash dividends shall account for at least 10% of the total dividends distributed.
- C. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.
- D. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company recognized cash dividends distributed to owners amounting to \$146,154, at \$1 (in dollars) per share and \$-, respectively. On March 7, 2024, the Board of Directors proposed for the distribution of cash dividends from 2023 earnings in the amount of \$175,384, at \$1.2 (in dollar) per

share.

E. Information on the retained earnings written-off due to the retirement of treasury stocks is provided in Note 6(17), 'Share Capital'.

## (20) Other equity items

		furrency inslation	ass valı	Financial sets at fair ue through other aprehensive		
For the year ended December 31, 2023	di	fference		income		Total
At January 1	(\$	26, 838)	\$	1,897	(\$	24, 941)
Currency translation differences:						
-The Company	(	8, 796)		_	(	8, 796)
-Associates	(	142)		_	(	142)
Unrealized valuation gains and losses on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income						
-The Company		_	(	64)	(	64)
-Associates				5, 202		5, 202
At December 31	(\$	35, 776)	\$	7, 035	(\$	28, 741)

		Financial	
		assets at fair	
		value through	
	Currency	other	
	translation	comprehensive	
For the year ended December 31, 2022	difference	income	Total
At January 1	(\$ 208, 039)	(\$ 4,052)	(\$ 212,091)
Currency translation differences:			
-The Company	175, 767	_	175, 767
-Associates and joint ventures	776	_	776
Currency translation differences			
reclassified as gains or losses on			
disposals of investments due to the			
completion of liquidation of joint ventures	4,658	_	4,658
Unrealized valuation gains and losses on financial			
assets at fair value through other comprehensive			
income			
-The Company	_	( 30)	(30)
-Associates and joint ventures		5, 979	5, 979
At December 31	( <u>\$ 26,838</u> )	<u>\$ 1,897</u>	( <u>\$ 24, 941</u> )

#### (21) Operating revenue

A. The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services over time and at a point in time in the following major product lines. Revenue is mainly from various garment products and related business consulting. Refer to Note 14, 'SEGMENT INFORMATION'.

			For the years ended December 31,				
			202	3		2022	
Timing of revenue recognition							
At a point in time							
Sales revenue		\$	6,	500, 821	\$	7, 528, 753	
Over time							
Service revenue				7, 479		1, 092	
		\$	6,	508, 300	\$	7, 529, 845	
B. The Group has reco	ognized the following	ıg re	evenue-re	lated contra	act liab	oilities:	
•	December 31, 202	_		er 31, 2022		nuary 1, 2022	
Contract liabilities - current	\$ 4,89	1	\$	5, 028	\$	8, 776	
			For th	ne years end	led De	cember 31,	
		_	20	23		2022	
Revenue recognized that was in contract liability balance at the year - receipts in advance		( :	\$	5, 028	<u>\$</u>	8, 776	
(22) <u>Interest income</u>							
· /			For	the years e	ended I	December 31,	
				2023		2022	
Interest income from bank deport Interest income from financial as			\$	22, 63	0 \$	7, 764	
measured at amortised cost	ssets			18, 31	۵	16, 402	
Others				38		1, 051	
					_	1,001	

## (23) Other income

	For the years ended December 31,				
		2023	2022		
Dividend income	\$	_	\$	12	
Rental income		2, 559		2,663	
Government grants income		2, 296		548	
Collection of write-offs		_		21,074	
Others		10, 885		7, 972	
	\$	15, 740	\$	32, 269	
(24) Other gains and losses					
	Fo	r the years end	ded Dec	ember 31,	
		2023		2022	
Net gain on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	\$	224	\$	32	
Net currency exchange gain		23, 182		126, 675	
Gain on disposal of investment		315		_	
Reclassification of exchange loss					
arising from disposal of investments		_	(	4,658)	
Net gain (loss) on disposals of					
property, plant and equipment		1, 210	(	27)	
Net loss on disposal of investment property		_	(	3)	
Impairment loss		_	(	42,788)	
Gain from lease modifications		53		_	
Other losses	(	6,033)	(	17, 373)	
	\$	18, 951	\$	61, 858	

## (25) Finance costs

	For the years ended December 31,				
	2023			2022	
Interest expense					
Bank borrowings	\$	13, 437	\$	16, 802	
Lease liabilities		3, 101		3, 887	
	\$	16, 538	\$	20, 689	

## (26) Expenses by nature

For the year ended December 31, 2023

	Operating cost		Operating expense		 Total
Employee benefit expenses	\$	1, 396, 166	\$	560, 499	\$ 1, 956, 665
Depreciation charges on					
property, plant and equipment		74,598		20, 498	95, 096
Depreciation charges on					
right-of-use assets		32,769		3, 327	36,096
Depreciation charges on					
investment property (Note)		_		2, 175	2, 175
Amortization charges on					
intangible assets		_		9, 235	 9, 235
	\$	1, 503, 533	\$	595, 734	\$ 2, 099, 267

For the year ended December 31, 2022

	Op	perating cost	Opera	ting expense	-	Total
Employee benefit expenses	\$	1, 537, 942	\$	586, 644	\$	2, 124, 586
Depreciation charges on						
property, plant and equipment		80, 110		20,869		100, 979
Depreciation charges on						
right-of-use assets		30,959		3, 134		34,093
Depreciation charges on						
investment property (Note)		_		2,011		2,011
Amortization charges on						
intangible assets				8, 483		8, 483
	\$	1, 649, 011	\$	621, 141	\$	2, 270, 152

(Note) Listed as "Other gains and losses".

#### (27) Employee benefit expense

For the v	vear	ended	December	31	2023
I OI the	y Car	CHUCU	December	$\mathcal{I}_{\mathbf{I}}$	2023

	1 of the year ended December 31, 2023					723
	Operating cost		Operating expense			Total
Wages and salaries	\$	1, 228, 136	\$	496, 506	\$	1, 724, 642
Labor and health insurance expenses		68, 906		30,497		99,403
Pension costs		74, 422		20, 286		94, 708
Other personnel expenses		24, 702		13, 210	_	37, 912
	\$	1, 396, 166	\$	560, 499	\$	1, 956, 665
		For the y	ear end	ded December 3	31, 20	)22
	_O <sub>1</sub>	perating cost	Oper	ating expense		Total
Wages and salaries	\$	1, 373, 095	\$	520, 147	\$	1, 893, 242
Labor and health insurance expenses		69, 282		30, 898		100, 180
Pension costs		68, 119		18, 024		86, 143
Other personnel expenses		27, 446		17, 575		45, 021
	\$	1, 537, 942	\$	586, 644	\$	2, 124, 586

A. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of current year, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as

employees' compensation and directors' remuneration. The ratio shall not be lower than 1% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 5% for directors' remuneration.

B. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, employees' compensation was accrued at \$4,000 for both years; while directors' remuneration was accrued at \$6,600 for both years. The aforementioned amounts were recognized in salary expenses. The expenses recognized for the year were accrued based on the earnings of current year distributable and the percentage prescribed by the Company's Articles of Incorporation. The employees' compensation and directors' remuneration resolved by the Board of Directors on March 7, 2024 were \$4,000 and \$6,600 for the year ended December 31, 2023, respectively, and the employees' compensation will be distributed in the form of cash. The employees' compensation and directors' remuneration resolved by the Board of Directors on March 21, 2023 were in agreement with those amounts recognized in the 2022 financial statements.

Information about employees' compensation and directors' remuneration of the Company resolved by the Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" on the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

#### (28) Income tax

- A. Income tax (benefit) expense:
  - (a) Components of income tax expense:

	For the years ended December 31,				
		2023	2022		
Current income tax:					
Income tax incurred in current year	\$	23, 755	\$	27, 717	
Tax on undistributed earnings		9, 150		-	
Prior year income tax underestimation		4, 248		11,066	
		37, 153		38, 783	
Deferred income tax:					
Origination and reversal of temporary					
differences		11,659		5, 457	
Impact of change in tax rate		_		_	
Net currency exchange difference	(	63)		2, 028	
		11, 596		7, 485	
Income tax expense	\$	48, 749	\$	46, 268	

(b) The income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income is as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,			ecember 31,
	2023			2022
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations (	(\$	169)	\$	2, 396
Net currency exchange difference		3		373
	(\$	<u>166</u> )	\$	2, 769

## B. Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit:

	For the years ended December 31,				
		2023	2022		
Tax calculated based on profit before tax and statutory tax rate	\$	85, 998 \$	83, 365		
Effect from items adjusted by tax regulation	(	52, 224) (	19, 907)		
Expenses disallowed by tax regulation Effect from tax exempt income by tax		1, 577	2, 555		
regulation		- (	30, 811)		
Tax on undistributed earnings		9, 150	_		
Prior year incom tax underestimation		4, 248	11,066		
Income tax expense	\$	48, 749 \$	46, 268		

# C. Amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities as a result of temporary differences and tax losses are as follows:

	For the year ended December 31, 2023									
			Rec	cognized in		Recognized in other				
	Ja	anuary 1		ofit or loss		income	December 31			
Deferred tax assets			prome or loss							
Temporary differences:										
Unrealized loss on currency	\$	21, 736	(\$	15, 468)	\$	_	\$	6, 268		
Unrealized compensated										
absences		1, 955	(	5)		_		1,950		
Pensions		27, 708		3, 885		169		31,762		
Unrealized loss on										
investment		4,780		_		_		4,780		
Allowance for doubtful				417				417		
accounts		_		417		_		417		
Unrealized lease liabilities		10 504	(	9, 525		_		9, 525		
Tax losses	Φ.	12, 594	(	488)	ф.	100		12, 106		
	\$	68, 773	( <u>\$</u>	2, 134)	\$	169	\$	66, 808		
Deferred tax liabilities										
Temporary differences:										
Incremental tax on land	<b>(</b> Φ	00 150)	Φ.		Φ.		( <b>h</b>	00 150)		
revaluation	(\$	33, 178)	\$	_	\$	_	(\$	33, 178)		
Unrealized gain on investment	(	6 564)					(	G 564)		
Unrealized right-of-use	(	6, 564)		_		_	(	6,564)		
assets		_	(	9, 525)		_	(	9, 525)		
assets	(\$	39, 742)	(\$	9, 525)	\$		(\$	49, 267)		
	\$	29, 031	(\$	11, 659)	\$	169	\$	17, 541		
	Ψ	20,001	(ψ	11,000)	ψ	103	ψ	11, 541		

		For the year ended December 31, 2022									
		Recognized									
			Rec	cognized in							
	Ja	nuary 1	pro	fit or loss		income	December 31				
Deferred tax assets											
Temporary differences:											
Unrealized loss on currency exchange	\$	4, 649	\$	17, 087	\$	_	\$	21, 736			
Unrealized compensated											
absences		1, 954		1		_		1,955			
Pensions		24, 580		5, 524	(	2, 396)		27, 708			
Unrealized loss on											
investment		14,774	(	9,994)		_		4, 780			
Tax losses		30,669	(	18, 075)		_		12, 594			
	\$	76, 626	( <u>\$</u>	5, 457)	( <u>\$</u>	2, 396)	\$	68, 773			
Deferred tax liabilities											
Temporary differences:											
Incremental tax on land											
revaluation	(\$	33, 178)	\$	_	\$	_	(\$	33, 178)			
Unrealized gain on	,	0 504					,	0 504)			
investment	(	6, 564)			_		(	6, 564)			
	( <u>\$</u>	39, 742)	\$		\$		( <u>\$</u>	39, 742)			
	\$	36, 884	( <u>\$</u>	5, 457)	( <u>\$</u>	2, 396)	\$	29, 031			

D. Expiration dates of unused tax losses and amounts of unrecognized deferred tax assets are as follows:

December 31, 2023

	Am	ount filed/					
Year incurred	8	assessed	Unus	Unused amount		ed tax assets	Expiry year
2017	\$	32, 998	\$	23, 182	\$	_	2027
2018		901		901		_	2028
2019		25, 304		23,066		14,376	2024~2029
2020		120, 815		41,095		26, 136	2025~2030
2021		61, 239		61,239		51, 122	2026~2031
2023		2,680		2,680		_	2033

December 31, 2022

	Am	ount filed/			recognized			
Year incurred	8	assessed	Unused amount		deferred tax assets		Expiry year	
2017	\$	32, 998	\$	26, 258	\$	_	2027	
2018		901		901		_	2028	
2019		25, 666		25, 666		16,976	$2024 \sim 2029$	
2020		121,900		42,235		26, 706	$2025 \sim 2030$	
2021		63, 829		63, 829		52, 238	2026~2031	

E. The amounts of deductible temporary differences that were not recognized as deferred tax assets are as follows:

	Decei	mber 31, 2023	December 31, 2022		
Deductible temporary differences					
Unrealized loss on investment Allowance for doubtful accounts that	\$	640, 808	\$	932, 837	
exceeded the allowable tax limit		10, 281		10, 281	
	\$	651, 089	\$	943, 118	

F. The Group's income tax returns through 2021 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority and there were no disputes existing between the Group and the Authority as of March 7, 2024.

## (29) Earnings per share

	For the year ended December 31, 2023						
			Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding	Earr per s	nings share		
	Amo	unt after tax	(shares in thousands)	(in dollars)			
Basic earnings per share							
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$	311, 469	146, 154	\$	2.13		
Diluted earnings per share	'						
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive	\$	311, 469	146, 154				
potential ordinary shares Employees' compensation			178				
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders plus assumed conversion of all dilutive			440.000		2.15		
potential ordinary shares	<u>\$</u>	311, 469	146, 332	\$	2. 13		

	For the year ended December 31, 2022							
				Earnings per share				
	Amou	nt after tax	(in dollars)					
Basic earnings per share								
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$	301, 032	146, 154	\$	2.06			
Diluted earnings per share								
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive	\$	301, 032	146, 154					
potential ordinary shares Employees' compensation Profit attributable to ordinary		<u> </u>	191					
shareholders plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	<u>\$</u>	301, 032	146, 345	\$	2.06			

## (30) Supplemental cash flow information

A. Investing activities with partial cash payments:

	For the years ended December 31,						
		2023		2022			
(a) Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	\$	41, 162	\$	48, 600			
Add: Beginning balance of payables for equipment (listed as "Other payables")		1, 836		2, 536			
Less: Ending balance of payables for equipment (listed as "Other payables")	(	3, 840)	(	1,836)			
Cash paid for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment	\$	39, 158	\$	49, 300			

		For the years ended December 31,				
		2023		2022		
(b) Acquisition of investment property  Add: Beginning balance of payables for equipment (listed as	\$	1, 666	\$	4, 227		
"Other payables ")  Less: Ending balance of payables for equipment (listed as		254		-		
"Other payables ")	(	666)	(	254)		
Cash paid for the acquisition of investment property	\$	1, 254	<u>\$</u>	3, 973		
		For the years end	led Dece	led December 31,		
		2023		2022		
(c) Acquisition of intangible assets Add: Beginning balance of payables	\$	4, 575	\$	4, 714		
for equipment (listed as "Other payables")  Less: Ending balance of payables for equipment (listed as		633		-		
"Other payables")			(	633)		
Cash paid for the acquisition of intangible assets	\$	5, 208	\$	4, 081		
mangiore assets	Ψ	5, 400	Ψ	4, 001		

B. Operating and investing activities with no cash flow effects:

	For the years ended December 31,					
	2023	2022				
(1) Write-off of allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 196	<u>\$</u> <u>\$</u> 2, 942				
(2) Prepayments transferred to property, plant and equipment	\$ 210	) \$ _				
(3) Prepayments for equipment transferred to property, plant	\$ 2,970	) \$ -				
<ul><li>and equipment</li><li>(4) Prepayments for equipment</li><li>transferred to investment property</li></ul>	\$	\$ 597				
(5) Prepayments for equipment transferred to intangible assets	\$ 1,639	930				
(6) Prepayments for equipment transferred to other non-current assets	<u>\$</u> 2, 223	3 \$ -				

### (31) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

				Gı	ıarantee	Tot	tal liabilities	
S	Short-term			de	eposits	froi	from financing	
b	orrowings	Leas	se liabilities	re	received		activities	
\$	700, 809	\$	73, 646	\$	3, 010	\$	777, 465	
(	92,842)	(	30,492)	(	355)	(	123,689)	
	1,033		4, 204		_		5, 237	
<u>\$</u>	609,000	\$	47, 358	\$	2,655	\$	659, 013	
	bo	( 92, 842) 1, 033	borrowings     Learner       \$ 700,809     \$       ( 92,842)     (       1,033	borrowings       Lease liabilities         \$ 700, 809       \$ 73, 646         ( 92, 842)       ( 30, 492)         1, 033       4, 204	Short-term         description           borrowings         Lease liabilities         re           \$ 700, 809         \$ 73, 646         \$           ( 92, 842)         ( 30, 492)         (           1, 033         4, 204         (	borrowings         Lease liabilities         received           \$ 700, 809         \$ 73, 646         \$ 3, 010           ( 92, 842)         ( 30, 492)         ( 355)           1, 033         4, 204         -	Short-term         deposits         from received           \$ 700, 809         \$ 73, 646         \$ 3,010         \$           ( 92, 842)         ( 30, 492)         ( 355)         (           1,033         4,204         -         -	

		hort-term prrowings	not	tes and bills payable	Leas	se liabilities		deposits received	from financing activities	
At January 1, 2022	\$	975, 185	\$	149, 972	\$	84, 998	\$	7, 703	\$ 1, 217, 858	
Changes in cash flow from financing activities Changes in other non-cash	(	285, 545)	(	150,000)	(	28, 806)	(	4, 693)	( 469, 044)	
items		11, 169		28		17, 454		_	28, 651	
At December 31, 2022	\$	700, 809	\$		\$	73, 646	\$	3, 010	\$ 777, 465	
7. <u>RELATED PARTY TI</u>	RAN	SACTIONS	<u>S</u>							
(1) Names of related p	artie	s and relati	onsh	nip						
Names of related parties Relationship with the Group									ne Group	
Tainan Enterprise (	Cayr	nan) Co., L	imite	ed	A	ssociate				
Nelson Sport Co.,	Ltd.				O	ther related	part	ty		
(2) Significant related	part	y transactio	<u>ns</u>							
A. Operating reve	nue									
				F	or the	years ende	ed D	ecember 31	•	
					2023	3		2022		
Sales of goods:										
Other related party				\$		17, 211	\$		<u> </u>	
The collection p	erioc	l for related	par	ties was 60	days	after the en	nd of	f each mon	th, and for	
the third parties	was í	30~90 days	afte	r the end of	each	month. Oth	ner te	erms of sale	es were the	
same as the third	l part	ies.								
B. Purchases										
				Fo	r the y	years ended	Dec	cember 31,		
					2023			2022	<del>-</del>	
Purchases of goods:									<u> </u>	

Short-term

Guarantee

Total liabilities

The terms of purchases and payments (due within 3 months) to related parties were the

Associates

same as the third party suppliers.

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#### C. Other revenue

	Fo	ember 31,			
		2023	2022		
Associates	\$	456	\$	284	
(3) Key management compensation					
	F	or the years end	ded Dec	ember 31,	
		2023		2022	
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$	25,490	\$	25, 422	
Post-employment benefits		2, 591		537	
	\$	28, 081	\$	25, 959	

#### 8. PLEDGED ASSETS

None.

## 9. <u>SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED CONTRACT</u> COMMITMENTS

- A. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the remaining balance due for construction in progress was \$325,514 and \$61,446, respectively.
- B. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the unused letters of credit amounted to \$237,456 and \$173,275, respectively.

#### 10. <u>SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS</u>

None.

#### 11. <u>SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE</u>

None.

#### 12. OTHERS

#### Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

## Financial instruments

## A. Financial instruments by category

	Dece	ember 31, 2023	December 31, 2022		
Financial assets					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss					
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss	\$	86, 825	\$	86, 954	
Financial assets held for trading		256		32	
	\$	87, 081	\$	86, 986	
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income					
Designation of equity instruments	\$	545	\$	609	
Financial assets at amortised cost					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	735, 368	\$	798,957	
Financial assets at amortised cost		580, 606		385, 889	
Notes receivable		_		891	
Accounts receivable		1, 186, 664		1, 183, 709	
Other receivables		56, 368		61, 152	
Guarantee deposits paid		14, 482		15, 075	
	\$	2, 573, 488	\$	2, 445, 673	
Financial liabilities					
Financial liabilities at amortised cost					
Short-term borrowings	\$	609,000	\$	700, 809	
Notes payable		6, 951		7, 516	
Accounts payable		413,529		217, 697	
Other payables		439, 167		454, 982	
Lease liabilities (including current portion)		47,358		73, 646	
Guarantee deposits received		2,655		3, 010	
	\$	1, 518, 660	\$	1, 457, 660	

#### B. Financial risk management policies

- (a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. To minimize any adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group, derivative financial instruments, such as foreign exchange forward contracts and foreign currency option contracts are used to hedge certain exchange rate risk, and interest rate swaps are used to fix variable future cash flows. Derivatives are used exclusively for hedging purposes and not as trading or speculative instruments.
- (b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.
- (c) Information about derivative financial instruments that are used to hedge certain exchange rate risk are provided in Note 6(2), 'Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'.

#### C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

#### (a) Market risk

#### Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries used in various functional currency, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognized assets and liabilities.
- ii. Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group treasury.

- Exchange rate risk is measured through a forecast of highly probable USD and RMB expenditures. Forward foreign exchange contracts are adopted to minimize the volatility of the exchange rate affecting cost of forecast inventory purchases.
- iii. The Group hedges foreign exchange rate by using forward exchange contracts. However, the Group does not adopt hedging accounting. Details of financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are provided in Note 6(2), 'Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'.
- iv. The Group's risk management policy is to take appropriate hedging against the expected future cash flow risk of major currencies (mainly the purchase of inventories denominated in USD), so as to reduce the risk exposure of major currencies.
- v. The Group has certain investments in foreign operations, whose net assets are exposed to foreign currency translation risk. Currency exposure arising from the net assets of the Group's foreign operations is managed primarily through borrowings denominated in the relevant foreign currencies.
- vi. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Group's and certain subsidiaries' functional currency: NTD; other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: USD and RMB). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

	December 31, 2023							
	í	gn currency amount housands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)				
(Foreign currency: functional currency)								
Financial assets								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	\$	44,014	30.71	\$1,351,669				
RMB:NTD		7, 862	4. 327	34, 018				
IDR:USD		3, 995, 064	0.000065	7, 947				
NTD:USD		15, 880	0.03	15, 880				
VND:USD		3, 177, 496	0.000041	4,031				
KHR:USD		1, 015, 769	0.000244	7,606				
Financial liabilities								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD		22, 932	30.71	704, 230				
RMB:NTD		25, 381	4. 327	109, 823				
IDR:USD	6	7, 573, 410	0.000065	134, 411				
VND:USD	1	7, 014, 555	0.000041	21, 587				

	December 31, 2022							
		eign currency amount a thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)				
(Foreign currency: functional				_				
currency)								
Financial assets								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	\$	47, 396	30.71	\$1, 455, 524				
RMB:NTD		9, 394	4. 408	41,407				
IDR:USD		16, 513, 374	0.000064	32,236				
NTD:USD		8, 775	0.03	8, 775				
VND:USD		2, 566, 696	0.000041	3,269				
Financial liabilities								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD		20, 472	30.71	628,707				
RMB:NTD		26, 477	4.408	116, 762				
IDR:USD		57, 457, 792	0.000064	112, 166				
VND:USD		10, 202, 204	0.000041	12, 992				

Sensitivity analysis of foreign exchange risk mainly focuses on the foreign currency monetary items at the end of the financial reporting period. If the exchange rate of NTD to all foreign currencies had appreciated/depreciated by 1% with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit would have increased/decreased by \$ 4,511 and \$6,706 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

vii. The total exchange gain, including realized and unrealized arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group amounted to \$23,182 and \$126,675 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

#### Price risk

i. The Group's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are the held

- financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.
- ii. The Group's investments in equity securities comprise shares issued by the domestic companies. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit would have increased/decreased by \$868 and \$870 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity securities classified as at fair value through profit or loss. Other components of equity would have increased/decreased by \$5 and \$6 respectively, as a result of other comprehensive income classified as equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

#### Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

- i. The Group's main interest rate risk arises from long-term borrowings with variable rates, which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk, partial interest rate risk is offset by cash and cash equivalents held at variable rates. The Group's borrowings issued at floating rates were mainly denominated in New Taiwan Dollars and US Dollars in 2023 and 2022.
- ii. If the borrowing interest rate had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, net of tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 would have decreased/increased by \$ 107 and \$134, respectively. The main factor is that changes in interest expense result from floating rate borrowings.

#### (b) Credit risk

i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms, and the contract cash flows of debt instruments stated at amortized cost.

- ii. The Group manages its credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. For banks and financial institutions, only independently rated parties with a minimum rating of 'A' are accepted. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analyzing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilization of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- iii. The Group adopts management of credit risk, if the contract payments were past due over 30 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.
- iv. The Group adopts the assumptions under IFRS 9, that is, the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 90 days.
- v. The Group classifies customer's accounts receivable in accordance with credit rating of customer, collaterals, credit risk on trade, etc. The Group applies the simplified approach using the provision matrix, loss rate methodology to estimate expected credit loss. The Group uses the forecast ability of conditions to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable. Movements in relation to the Group applying the simplified approach to provide loss allowance for notes receivable, accounts receivable and other receivables are as follows:

	Expected loss rate		Book value		Allowance
At December 31, 2023					
Group A	0.09%	\$	1, 187, 894	\$	1, 230
Individual A	100%		7, 374		7, 374
Total		\$	1, 195, 268	\$	8, 604
	Expected loss rate		Book value		Allowance
At December 31, 2022					
Group A	0.20%	\$	1, 190, 457	\$	6, 748

vi. Movements in relation to the Group applying the modified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable are as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,							
		2023	2022					
At January 1	\$	6, 748 \$	4, 310					
Expected credit losses		2, 052	5, 380					
Write-offs	(	<u>196</u> ) (	2, 942)					
At December 31	\$	8,604	6, 748					
Collection of write-offs (listed as "Other income")	\$	_ (\$	21, 074)					

- vii. The Group used the forecast ability to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of debt instrument on December 31, 2023 and 2022, and used collaterals or other credit enhancement held by the Group to estimate expected credit loss.
- viii. Movements in loss allowance for investments in debt instruments carried at amortized cost are as follows:

		Fo	r the	e years end	led De	ecember 31,		
		2023			2022			
		Lifetime	e			Lifetime	e	
	U	cant increase credit risk		npairment of credit	_	ificant increase n credit risk		pairment f credit
At January 1	\$	44,079	\$	7, 752	\$	_	\$	6, 987
Transfer status		(44, 725)		44, 725		_		_
Provision for impairment		_		_		42, 788		_
Effect of foreign exchange		646	(	646)		1, 291		765
At December 31	\$		\$	51,831	\$	44, 079	\$	7, 752

#### (c) Liquidity risk

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by the Group Finance Department. Group's Finance Department monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that the Group does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on any if its borrowing facilities.
- ii. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above the balance required for working capital management are transferred to the Group's Finance Department. Group's Finance Department invests surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts and time deposits, choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or

sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient headroom as determined by the abovementioned forecasts.

iii. The Group has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

	Dece	mber 31, 2023	December 31, 202		
Floating rate:					
Expiring within one year	\$	3, 934, 596	\$	3, 776, 575	

iv. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and netsettled or gross-settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for nonderivative financial liabilities and to the expected maturity date for derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows:

	Less than		Between 1		Between 3			
December 31, 2023	1 year		an	and 3 years		and 5 years		r 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities:								
Short-term borrowings	\$	610, 982	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Notes payable		6, 951		_		_		_
Accounts payable		413, 529		_		_		_
Other payables		439, 167		_		_		_
Lease liabilities		31,643		18, 032		_		_
Guarantee deposits received		_		2,655		_		_

	Less than		В	Between 1		Between 3		
December 31, 2022	1 year		an	and 3 years		and 5 years		r 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities:								
Short-term borrowings	\$	704, 390	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Notes payable		7, 516		_		_		_
Accounts payable		217, 697		_		_		_
Other payables		454, 982		_		_		_
Lease liabilities		32, 162		42,036		4,500		_
Guarantee deposits received		_		3,010		_		_

v. The Group does not expect the timing of occurrence of the cash flows estimated through the maturity date analysis will be significantly earlier, nor expect the actual cash flow amount will be significantly different.

#### Fair value information

- A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
  - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in listed stocks is included in Level 1.
  - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. The fair value of the Group's investment in forward exchange contract is included in Level 2.
  - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in equity investment without active market and investment property is included in Level 3.
- B. Fair value information of investment property at cost is provided in Note 6(11), 'Investment property-net'.

- C. The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments not measured at fair value including cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at amortized cost, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, guarantee deposits paid, short term borrowings, notes payable, accounts payable, other payables, and guarantee deposits received are approximate to their fair values.
- D. The related information on financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities are as follows:
  - (a) The related information on the nature of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

December 31, 2023	Le	Level 1 Level 2		Level 3	Total	
Financial assets						
Recurring fair value measurements						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss						
Equity securities	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 86,825	\$ 86,825
Forward exchange contracts		_		256	_	256
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income						
Equity securities		545				545
	\$	545	\$	256	\$ 86,825	<u>\$ 87,626</u>

December 31, 2022	Le	vel 1	Level 2		Level 3	Total	
Financial assets							
Recurring fair value measurements							
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss							
Equity securities Forward exchange contracts	\$	- -	\$	- 32	\$ 86, 954 -	\$ 86, 954 32	
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income							
Equity securities		609		<u> </u>		609	
	\$	609	\$	32	\$ 86, 954	\$ 87, 595	

- (b) The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:
  - i. The instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (that is, Level 1).
  - ii. Except for financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques or by reference to counterparty quotes. The fair value of financial instruments measured by using valuation techniques can be referred to current fair value of instruments with similar terms and characteristics in substance, discounted cash flow method or other valuation methods, including calculated by applying model using market information available at the consolidated balance sheet date.
  - iii. The valuation of derivative financial instruments is based on valuation model widely accepted by market participants, such as present value techniques and option pricing models. Forward exchange contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate.
  - iv. The market approach (Price-to-Book Ratio, P/B ratio) and asset approach (net book value adjustment) are used by the Group to measure its certain equity investment without active market, which is calculating the ratio of recent identical or similar transaction price to book as an observable input to project the fair value

of the disposal group.

- (c) For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2, and there was no transfer into or out from Level 3.
- (d) The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022:

	Equity securities (Note)  For the years ended December 31,			
		2023		2022
At January 1	\$	86, 954	\$	86, 954
Completion of the liquidation	(	129)		
At December 31	\$	86, 825	\$	86, 954

- (Note) There is no adjustment of equity securities in Level 3 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 because the fair value change was insignificant.
- (e) The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

	Fair value at		Significant	Range	Relationship
	December 31,	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	of inputs to
	2023	technique	input	average)	fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	\$ 95, 167	The market approach (Price-to- Book Ratio)/Asset method (net book value adjustment )	Discount for lack of marketability / Discount for lack of control	30%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value; the higher the discount for lack of control, the lower the fair value.
	Fair value at		Significant	Range	Relationship
	Fair value at December 31.	Valuation	Significant unobservable	Range (weighted	Relationship of inputs to
	Fair value at December 31, 2022	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument:	December 31,		unobservable	(weighted	of inputs to

(f) The Group has carefully assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurement. The following is the effect on profit or loss or on other comprehensive income from financial assets categorized within Level 3 if the inputs used to valuation models have changed:

			December 31, 2023			
			Recognized in profit or loss		Recognized in other comprehensive income	
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change
Financial assets						
Equity	Discount for					
instrument	lack of					
	marketability					
	and discount					
	for lack of					
	control	±10%	<u>\$ 8,586</u>	(\$ 8, 586)	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$</u> _

			December 31, 2022			
			Recognized in profit or loss		Recognized in other comprehensive income	
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change
Financial assets						
Equity	Discount for					
instrument	lack of					
	marketability					
	and discount					
	for lack of					
	control	$\pm 10\%$	<u>\$ 10, 563</u>	(\$ 10, 563)	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$</u>

#### 13. <u>SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES</u>

According to the current regulatory requirements, the Group is only required to disclose the information for the year ended December 31, 2023.

#### (1) Significant transactions information

- A. Loans to others: Refer to table 1.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: None.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (excluding subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Refer to table 2.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital or more: None.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Refer to table 3.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Refer to table 4.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: Refer to Note 6(2), 'Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss'.

J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Refer to table 5.

## Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (excluding investees in Mainland China): Refer to table 6.

## Information on investments in Mainland China

- A. Basic information: Refer to table 7.
- B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: Refer to table 8.

## Major shareholders information

Refer to table 9.

## 14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

## (1) General information

The management of the Group has identified the reportable operating segments based on information provided to the Group's chief operating decision-maker in order to make strategic decisions. The Group's chief operating decision-maker manages the business from an entity's perspective.

## Measurement of segment information

The chief operating decision-maker, evaluates the performance of the operating segments based on

a measure of income before tax; this measure excludes the impact of non-recurring receipts and payments in operating segments. The accounting policies of the operating segment are the same as the summary of the material accounting policies described in Note 4, 'SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES'.

## Information about segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities

The segment information provided to the Chief operating decision-maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

T /1		1 1	December	$^{\circ}$ 1	2022
HOT THE	vear	ended	December	3 I	70173
I OI IIIC	v Cai	CHUCU	December	$\mathcal{I}_{\mathbf{I}}$	4043

		1 of the j	cui c	naca Becemeer	J1,	2023
		Garment production		Investment		Total
Segment revenue	\$	10, 344, 643	\$	_	\$	10, 344, 643
Inter-segment revenue	(	3, 836, 343)			(	3, 836, 343)
Revenue from external customers		6, 508, 300		_		6, 508, 300
Interest income		_		41, 332		41, 332
Depreciation and amortisation		142,602		_		142, 602
Financial costs		9, 834		6, 704		16, 538
Segment income before tax		312, 010		48, 208		360, 218
Segment assets		4, 429, 498		1, 004, 863		5, 434, 361
Segment liabilities		1, 181, 151		554, 341		1, 735, 492
		For the ye	ear e	nded December	31,	2022
		Garment				
		production		Investment		Total
Segment revenue	\$	12, 025, 353	\$	_	\$	12, 025, 353
Inter-segment revenue	(	4, 495, 508)			(	4, 495, 508)
Revenue from external customers		7, 529, 845		_		7, 529, 845
Interest income		_		25, 217		25, 217
Depreciation and amortisation		145,566		_		145,566
Financial costs		12, 301		8, 388		20, 689
Segment income (loss) before tax		446, 452	(	99, 152)		347, 300
Segment assets		4, 324, 017		852, 873		5, 176, 890
Segment liabilities		1, 045, 505		593, 315		1, 638, 820

## Reconciliation for segment income (loss), assets and liabilities

Sales between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue from external customers reported to the chief operating decision-maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income, and the divisional income amounts provided to the chief operating decision maker are measured in accordance with the Group's consolidated financial statements and therefore do not require reconciliation.

## <u>Information on products and services</u>

Revenue from external customers is mainly from the production and sales of garment, the design, development, production, and sales of self-owned brands, and the provision of processing and business consulting services, as well as the agency of other internationally well-known brands. Details of revenue are as follows:

	 For the years end	led De	cember 31,
	 2023	-	2022
Garment foundry and sales revenue	\$ 6, 500, 821	\$	7, 528, 753
Service revenue	 7, 479		1, 092
	\$ 6, 508, 300	\$	7, 529, 845

## Geographical information

Geographical information for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

		Fo	r the years end	led I	December 31,			
	20	23			20	)22		
		N	Von-current			1	Non-current	
	 Revenue		assets		Revenue	assets		
United States	\$ 4, 919, 383	\$	-	\$	5, 352, 368	\$	-	
Canada	630, 677		_		716, 512		_	
Japan	362, 527		_		892, 746		_	
China	74, 396		36, 747		85, 905		42, 910	
Taiwan	67, 108		539, 772		78, 402		542, 383	
Cambodia	6, 131		158, 085		1,049		189, 206	
Indonesia	5, 815		293, 898		4		248, 997	
Vietnam	2, 953		304, 830		3, 106		319, 781	
Others	 439, 310				399, 753		366	
	\$ 6, 508, 300	\$	1, 333, 332	\$	7, 529, 845	\$	1, 343, 643	

## Major customer information

The details of the Group's major customers whose revenue from a single customer in 2023 and 2022 has reached more than 10% of the revenue on the consolidated comprehensive income statement are as follows:

For the years ended December 31,

		2023		2022							
Customer name	Net O	perating Revenue	%	Net O	perating Revenue	%					
Customer B	\$	1, 973, 321	30	\$	2, 151, 803	29					
Customer D		1, 138, 789	17		1, 203, 496	16					
Customer F		689,527	11		787, 503	10					
Customer G		449, 231	7		814, 230	11					

### Loans to others

### For the year ended December 31, 2023

Table 1 Expressed in thousands of NTD

												Allowance				Maximum	
							Actual		Nature of	Total	Reason	for			Loan limit	amount	
		Name of		Related	Maximum	Ending	amount	Interest	financial	transaction	for	doubtful	Assets	pledged	per entity	available for loan	a
Number	Name	counterparty	Account	parties	balance	balance	drawn down	rate	activity	amount	financing	accounts	Item	Value	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	Footnote
1	Tainan Enterprise (BVI) Co., Limited	Tainan Enterprises (Cambodia) Co., Ltd. PT. Andalan Mandiri	Other receivables Other receivables		\$ 46,065 122,840	\$ - 92,130	\$ - 67,562	-	(Note 1)		Financing use Financing use	\$ -	_	\$ -	1,105,050		
		Busana Tainan Enterprises (Vietnam) Co., Ltd. Yong Jeng	Other receivables Other receivables		337,810 61,420	245,680 61,420	173,512 45,790	- 4%	(Note 1)		Financing use Financing	-	-	-	1,185,656 444,621	1,185,656 444,621	
		International Co., Ltd.									use						

Note 1: Nature of loans to others is filled for short-term financing.

Note 2: In accordance with the provisions of the operating procedures for loaning to others, the calculation of the capital loan limit of individual objects and the total limit of capital loan is as follows:

- 1. Loan total limit: 40% of the net worth in the most recent financial report, but only if financing is necessary, 30% of the net worth in the most recent financial report.
- 2. Limit for a single company
- (1) Trading partner: each company does not exceed the amount of business transactions.
- (2) Short-term financing: each company does not exceed 30% net worth of its most recent financial report.
- (3) Capital loans to foreign companies of the Republic of China that directly or indirectly hold 100% of the voting shares by the same parent company shall not exceed 80% of the net worth of the company's most recent financial report.
- (4) In the case of (1) and (2) above, the limit shall be calculated in combination, but shall not exceed the total limit of loans.
- Note 3: The numbers in the table that involves foreign currencies are expressed in New Taiwan dollars according to the exchange rate posted on the date of the consolidated financial statements (USD:NTD 1:30.71; CNY:USD 1:0.1407).

## Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (excluding subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

## December 31, 2023

Table 2 Expressed in thousands of NTD

					Ending	g balance		
		Relationship with the	General ledger account	Number of shares				
Investor	Type and name of securities	securities issuer	(Note 1)	(in thousands)	 Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote
Tainan Enterprises Co., Lt	d. Bonds:							
	DEUTSCHE BANK AG	_	2	-	\$ 30,195	- \$	30,195	_
	3.6615% DUE 10 APR							
	2025							
	Stocks:							
	KOCHE DEVELOPMENT CO.,	Substantive related parties	3	4,969	60,939	13.58%	62,016	_
	LTD.							
	KOCHE GLOBAL CO., LTD.	Substantive related parties	3	4,350	25,886	10.73%	33,151	_
	DELTAMAC (TAIWAN) CO.,	_	4	40	545	0.11%	545	-
	LTD.							
Tainan Enterprise (BVI)	Bonds:							
Co., Limited	ROYAL BK SCOTLND 5.125%	_	1	-	86,314	-	86,314	_
	DUE 28 MAY 2024, etc.							
	BANCO DO BRASIL SA	_	2	-	464,097	-	464,097	_
	4.625% DUE 15 JAN							
	2025, etc.							
	Stocks:							
	NETSOL TECH-NOLOGIES	_	3	44	-	0.27%	-	_
	INC.							

Note 1: There are four types of account items as follows:

- 1. Financial assets at amortized cost current
- 2. Financial assets at amortized cost non-current
- 3. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss non-current
- 4. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income non-current

Note 2: The numbers in the table that involves foreign currencies are expressed in New Taiwan dollars according to the exchange rate posted on the date of the consolidated financial statements (USD:NTD 1:30.71; CNY:USD 1:0.1407).

## Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

## For the year ended December 31, 2023

Table 3 Expressed in thousands of NTD

## Differences in transaction terms

compared to third party Transaction transactions Notes/accounts receivable (payable) Percentage of Relationship with Percentage of total total notes/accounts Purchaser/seller Counterparty the counterparty Purchases (sales) purchases (sales) Credit term Unit price Credit term Balance receivable (payable) Note Amount Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd. P.T.Tainan Enterprises Indonesia Subsidary Purchases \$ 1,466,092 40% (Note 1) \$ (\$ 216,432) (46%) P.T.Tainan Enterprises Indonesia Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd. The Company (Sales) 1,466,092) (99%) (Note 1) 216,432 99%

Note 1: Receipt and payment terms for purchases and sales to related parties is closes its accounts in 3 months.

Note 2: The numbers in the table that involves foreign currencies are expressed in New Taiwan dollars according to the exchange rate posted on the date of the consolidated financial statements (USD:NTD 1:30.71).

## Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

## December 31, 2023

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD

			Receivable from r	elated party		Overdue	receivables	Amount collected subsequent to the	Allowance for doubtful	
Company Name	Counterparty	Relationship	Items	Amount	Turnover rate	Amount	Action taken	balance sheet date	accounts	_
P.T.Tainan Enterprises Indonesia	Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.	The Company	Accounts receivable	\$ 216,432	7.33	\$ -	_	\$ 216,432	\$	-
Yixing Gaoqing Garments Co., Ltd.	Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.	The Company	Accounts receivable	109,805	3.35	-	_	64,197		-
Tainan Enterprise (BVI) Co. Limited	Tainan Enterprises (Vietnam) Co Ltd.	Subsidary	Other receivables	173 512	_	_	_	36.852		_

Note: The numbers in the table that involves foreign currencies are expressed in New Taiwan dollars according to the exchange rate posted on the date of the consolidated financial statements (USD:NTD 1:30.71; CNY:USD 1:0.1407).

### Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period

### For the year ended December 31, 2023

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of NTD

						Transactions	
Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	General ledger account	Amount	Terms	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)
0	Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.	P.T.Tainan Enterprises Indonesia	1	Purchases	\$ 1,466,092	Closes its accounts 3 months after the end of each transaction	23%
			1	Accounts payable	216,432	_	4%
			1	Services revenue	65,747	_	1%
		PT. Andalan Mandiri Busana	1	External processing cost	503,226	_	8%
			1	Services revenue	52,523	_	1%
			1	Other payables	91,615	_	2%
		Tainan Enterprises (Cambodia) Co., Ltd.	1	External processing cost	802,279	_	12%
		•	1	Services revenue	64,068	_	1%
			1	Other payables	18,699	_	_
		Tainan Enterprises (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	1	External processing cost	311,128	_	5%
			1	Services revenue	28,453	_	_
			1	Other payables	26,431	_	_
		Yixing Gaoqing Garments Co., Ltd.	1	External processing cost	380,653	_	6%
			1	Services revenue	27,308	_	_
			1	Other payables	109,805	_	2%
		Gin-Sovann Fashion (Cambodia) Limited.	1	External processing cost	184,147	_	3%
			1	Services revenue	14,237	_	_
			1	Other payables	26,996	_	_
1	Tainan Enterprise (BVI) Co., Limited	PT. Andalan Mandiri Busana	3	Other receivables	67,562	_	1%
		Tainan Enterprises (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	173,512	_	3%
2	Tainan Enterprises (Cambodia) Co., Ltd.	Gin-Sovann Fashion (Cambodia) Limited.	3	External processing cost	16,456	-	-
			3	Other payables	12,903	_	_
3	Beyoung Fashion Co., Ltd.	Gin-Sovann Fashion (Cambodia) Limited.	3	External processing cost	160,562	_	2%
			3	Other payables	26,489	_	_

- Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:
  - (1) The company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.
- Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories:
  - (1) The company to subsidiary.
  - (2) Subsidiary to the company.
  - (3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.
- Note 3: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.
- Note 4: Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods are not disclosed since these were corresponding transactions.
- Note 5: The disclosure standard for important transactions is more than NT\$10 million.
- Note 6: The numbers in the table that involves foreign currencies are expressed in New Taiwan dollars according to the exchange rate posted on the date of the financial statements (USD:NTD 1:30.71; CNY:USD 1:0.1407).

## Names, locations and other information of investee companies (excluding investees in Mainland China)

## For the year ended December 31, 2023

Table 6 Expressed in thousands of NTD

				Original inves	stment amount	Shares held	l as at December 3	1, 2023			
				Balance as at	Balance as at				Net income (loss)	Investment income (loss)	
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	of the investee	recognized by the Company	Note
Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Tainan Enterprise (BVI) Co., Limited	British Virgin Islands	Professional investments	\$ 517,058	\$ 517,058	170,000	100.00	\$ 1,483,135	104,692	\$ 103,972	Subsidiary
	P.T.Tainan Enterprises Indonesia	Indonesia	Garment processing, production and selling	64,446	64,446	2,400,000	100.00	400,364	34,009	34,009	Subsidiary
	PT. Andalan Mandiri Busana	Indonesia	Garment processing, production and selling	182,024	182,024	6,000	100.00	166,671	23,636	23,636	Subsidiary
	PT CAHAYA INDAH GLOBAL	Indonesia	Garment processing, production and selling	59,469	-	1,900,000	100.00	58,510	163	163	Subsidiary (Note 1)
	Tainan Enterprises (Cambodia) Co., Ltd.	Cambodia	Garment processing, production and selling	29,585	29,585	1,000	100.00	156,590	73,353	73,316	Subsidiary
	Tainan Enterprises (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	Vietnam	Garment processing, production and selling	319,090	319,090	-	100.00	178,092	52,735	52,735	Subsidiary
	Beyoung Fashion Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Garment processing, production and selling	141,742	141,742	5,050,000	100.00	29,498	4,198	4,198	Subsidiary
Tainan Enterprise (BVI) Co., Limited	T&G Fashion Co., Ltd.	Seychelles	Professional investments	120,377	120,377	3,300,000	100.00	129,630	57,268	-	Subsidiary (Note 2)
	Tainan Enterprise (Cayman) Co., Limited	Cayman Islands	Professional investments	215,928	215,928	4,466,610	13.39	86,619	107,148	-	(Note 2)
T&G Fashion Co., Ltd.	Gin-Sovann Fashion (Cambodia) Limited.	Cambodia	Garment processing, production and selling	30,710	30,710	-	100.00	93,736	56,251	-	Subsidiary (Note 2)
	Camitex II (Cambodia) MFG Co., Ltd.	Cambodia	Garment processing, production and selling	18,829	18,829	100	100.00	79	1	-	Subsidiary (Note 2) (Note 3)
	Golden Harbor Garment (Cambodia) Limited	. Cambodia	Garment processing, production and selling	-	-	-	100.00	368 (	1)	-	Subsidiary (Note 2) (Note 3)

Note 1: A new company established in the first quarter of 2023.

Note 2: According to regulations, the amount of investment (loss) recognized in the current period may be exempted from disclosure.

Note 3: The subsidiary has ceased business and was pending for liquidation process.

Note 4: The numbers in the table that involves foreign currencies are expressed in New Taiwan dollars according to the exchange rate posted on the date of the consolidated financial statements (USD:NTD 1:30.71; CNY:USD 1:0.1407).

### Information on investments in Mainland China - Basic information

## For the year ended December 31, 2023

Table 7 Expressed in thousands of NTD

				amo remitta Taiv	mulated ount of ance from wan to and China	Mainla Amount re to Taiwan for t	end from Taiwan to and China/ emitted back the the year ended er 31, 2023	of rem	ulated amount uittance from aiwan to		Ownership held by the Company	Investment income (loss) recognized	Book value of investments in Mainland China as	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of	
Investee in			Investment	as of J	anuary 1,	Remitted to	Remitted back to	Mainlar	nd China as of	Net income of	(direct or	by the Company	of December 31,	December 31,	
Mainland China	Main business	Paid-in capital	method	2	023	Mainland China	Taiwan	Decem	iber 31, 2023	investee	indirect)	(Note 2)	2023	2023	Note
Yixing Gaoqing Garments Co., Ltd.	Garment processing, production and selling	\$ 138,195	(Note 1)	\$	92,130	\$ -	\$ -	\$	92,130	\$ 5,137	100%	\$ 5,137	\$ 162,572	\$ -	(Note 3)
Zhoukou Tainan Garment Co., Ltd.	Garment processing, production and selling	153,550	(Note 1)		-	-	-		-	-	100%	-	406	-	(Note 4) (Note 5)
	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China	by the Investment of the Ministry of	t Commission of Economic	Mainl	and China estment Co	vestments in imposed by the ommission of									
Company name	as of December 31, 2023	Affairs (M	IOEA)		MO:	EA									

Note 1: Indirect investment in Mainland China through a company set up in a third region, Tainan Enterprises (BVI) Co., Limited.

1,194,578

296.385 \$

(Note 6)

Tainan Enterprises \$

Co., Ltd.

Note 2: Investment gains or losses were recognized based on audited financial statements.

Note 3: Among them, \$46,065 (USD1,500 thousand dollars) was indirect investment in Mainland China through a company set up in a third region, Tainan Enterprises (BVI) Co., Limited.

Note 4: Indirect investment in Mainland China through a company set up in a third region, Tainan Enterprises (BVI) Co., Limited.

Note 5: The subsidiary has ceased business and was pending for liquidation process.

Note 6: Enterprises that have been approved by the Ministry of Economic Affairs to operate their headquarters are not subject to monetary or proportional limits.

Note 7: The numbers in the table that involves foreign currencies are expressed in New Taiwan dollars according to the exchange rate posted on the date of the consolidated financial statements (USD:NTD 1:30.71; CNY:USD 1:0.1407).

## Significant transactions conducted with investees in Mainland China directly or indirectly through other companies in the third areas

## For the year ended December 31, 2023

Table 8 Expressed in thousands of NTD

	 Sale (purch	ase)	I	Property tra	nsactio	n_	Accounts rece		endor	sements/	rovision of ments/guarantees collaterals Financing						_	
Investee in Mainland China	Amount	%		Amount	9/	ó	Balance at December 31, 2023	%	Baland Decemb 202	er 31,	Purpose		mum balance during ear ended December 31, 2023		Balance at ember 31, 2023	Interest rate	Interest during the year ended December 31, 2023	Others (Note)
Yixing Gaoqing Garments Co., Ltd.	\$	-	\$		-		\$ -	-	\$	-	-	\$	-	\$	-	-	\$ -	External process cost \$ 380,653 Service revenue \$ 27,308 Other payables \$ 109,805

Note: The numbers in the table that involves foreign currencies are expressed in New Taiwan dollars according to the exchange rate posted on the date of the consolidated financial statements (USD:NTD 1:30.71; CNY:USD 1:0.1407).

## Major shareholders information

December 31, 2023

Table 9 Expressed in shares

## Number of shares

Name of the key shareholder	Common stock	Preferred stock	Ownership (%)	Note
CMC Magnetics Co., Ltd.	11,793,000	_	8.06%	_
CHC International Investment Corporation	9,522,000	_	6.51%	_
TZENG, LI-YU-LIAN	7,653,000	_	5.23%	_

Note: The major shareholders information was derived from the data that the Company issued common shares (including treasury shares) and preference shares in dematerialised form which were registered and held by the shareholders above 5% on the last operating date of each quarter and was calculated by Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation.

The share capital which was recorded in the financial statements is different from the actual number of shares issued in dematerialised form because of the difference in the calculation basis.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.

## **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying parent company only balance sheets of Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd. (the "Company") as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related parent company only statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the parent company only financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of other auditors (refer to Other matter section), the accompanying parent company only financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

## Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the parent company only financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. Based on our audits and the reports of other auditors, we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Company's 2023 parent company only financial statements. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the parent company only financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Company's 2023 parent company only financial statements are stated as follows:

## **Cut-off of operating revenue from export sales**

## **Description**

Refer to Note 4(27) for the accounting policies on operating revenue and Note 6(19) for details of revenue. Exports sales comprise a significant portion of the Company's revenues, which are recognized based on the terms and conditions of the transaction agreed with the customer. As the revenue recognition process involves manual process and judgements, there exists a risk of material misstatement that may arise from improper timing in revenue recognition for transactions that occur near the balance sheet date. Thus, we considered the cut-off of operating revenue from export sales a key audit matter.

## How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures in respect of the above key audit matter:

- 1. Obtained an understanding and assessed the accounting policies on revenue recognition.
- 2. Confirmed the completeness of the sales revenue transaction details of the export sales for a certain period before or after the balance sheet date and performed cut-off tests on a sampling basis to inspect the supporting documents (including confirming transaction conditions, checking orders, shipping documents, export declarations and bills of lading, etc.) to ascertain whether sales revenue was recognized in the proper period.

## Other matter -Report of other auditors

We did not audit the financial statements of certain investments accounted for under the equity method which were audited by other auditors. Therefore, our opinion expressed herein, insofar as it relates to the amounts included in respect of these associates, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. The balance of these investments accounted for under the equity method amounted to NT\$86,619 thousand and NT\$73,644 thousand, constituting 2% and 1% of the parent company only total assets as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and the comprehensive income recognized from subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures accounted for under the equity method amounted to NT\$19,481 thousand and NT\$19,180 thousand, constituting 6% and 4% of the parent company only total comprehensive income for the years then ended, respectively.

## Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the parent company only financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the parent company only financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the parent company only financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the parent company only financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the parent company only financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the parent company only financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these parent company only financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the parent company only financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the parent company only financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the parent company only financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the parent company only financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the parent company only financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the parent company only financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Tien, Chung-Yu

**Independent Accountants** 

Hsu, Huei-Yu

PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan Republic of China March 7, 2024

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The accompanying parent company only financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying parent company only financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

# TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

				December 31, 2023				
	Assets	Notes		AMOUNT	<u>%</u>		AMOUNT	<u>%</u>
	Current assets							
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	171,260	3	\$	285,148	6
1110	Financial assets at fair value through	6(2)						
	profit or loss - current			256	-		32	-
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(4)		-	-		891	-
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(4) and 7		1,153,819	22		1,155,396	23
1200	Other receivables			1,511	-		2,828	-
1210	Other receivables - related parties	7		331	-		1,078	-
1220	Current income tax assets	6(26)		-	-		207	-
130X	Inventories	6(5)		701,324	14		615,866	13
1410	Prepayments	7		16,602			27,518	1
11XX	<b>Total current assets</b>			2,045,103	39		2,088,964	43
	Non-current assets							
1510	Financial assets at fair value through	5(2) and 6(2)						
	profit or loss - non-current			86,825	2		86,954	2
1517	Financial assets at fair value through	6(6)						
	other comprehensive income - non-							
	current			545	-		609	-
1535	Financial assets at amortised cost -	6(3)						
	non-current			30,195	1		30,717	-
1550	Investments accounted for under	6(7)						
	equity method			2,472,860	48		2,124,315	43
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(8)		380,520	7		377,210	8
1760	Investment property, net	6(10)		136,934	3		137,443	3
1780	Intangible assets	6(11)		10,033	-		13,017	-
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(26)		20,023	_		34,516	1
1915	Prepayments for equipment	6(8)(10)(11)		1,741	-		4,626	-
1920	Guarantee deposits paid			310	-		186	-
1975	Net defined benefit assets - non-	6(14)						
	current			3,156	-		3,158	-
1990	Other non-current assets			9,054	-		9,669	-
15XX	Total non-current assets			3,152,196	61		2,822,420	57
1XXX	Total assets		\$	5,197,299	100	\$	4,911,384	100
			<u> </u>	. ,		<u> </u>		

(Continued)

# TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			I	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	2
-	Liabilities and Equity	Notes		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
	Current liabilities						
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(12)	\$	554,000	11	\$ 595,842	12
2130	Contract liabilities - current	6(19)		3,816	-	2,421	-
2150	Notes payable			2,572	-	3,284	-
2170	Accounts payable			256,535	5	143,445	3
2180	Accounts payable - related parties	7		216,432	4	183,820	4
2200	Other payables	6(13)		143,051	3	150,697	3
2220	Other payables - related parties	7		273,546	5	253,348	5
2230	Current income tax liabilities	6(26)		8,530	-	-	-
2310	Advance receipts			6	<u> </u>	384	<u>-</u>
21XX	Total current liabilities			1,458,488	28	1,333,241	27
	Non-current liabilities						
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(26)		39,742	1	39,742	1
2645	Guarantee deposits received			200	<u>-</u>	331	
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			39,942	1	40,073	1
2XXX	<b>Total liabilities</b>			1,498,430	29	1,373,314	28
	Equity						
	Share capital						
3110	Common stock	6(15)(17)		1,461,535	28	1,471,535	30
3200	Capital surplus	6(15)(16)		824,531	16	830,797	16
	Retained earnings	6(15)(17)					
3310	Legal reserve			798,013	15	766,835	16
3320	Special reserve			24,941	1	204,724	4
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings			618,590	12	311,783	6
3400	Other equity interest	6(6)(7)(18)	(	28,741) (	1)(	24,941)	-
3500	Treasury stocks	6(15)		<u>-</u>	- (	22,663)	
3XXX	Total equity			3,698,869	71	3,538,070	72
	Contingent Liabilities and	9					
	Commitments						
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	5,197,299	100	\$ 4,911,384	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these parent company only financial statements.

TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD.

PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings per share data)

					ar ended			
				2023			2022	
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%
4000 5000	Operating revenue Operating costs	6(19) and 7 6(5)(14)(24)(25) and	\$	6,285,222	100	\$	7,321,873	100
		7	(	5,830,953) (	93)	(	6,805,000) (	93
5900	Net operating margin Operating expenses	6(11)(14)(24)(25), 7 and 12		454,269			516,873	
6100	Selling expenses	una 12	(	137,453) (	2)	(	160,705) (	2
6200	General and administrative expenses		(	233,795) (	4)	,	243,403) (	
6300	Research and development expenses		(	72,184) (	1)	(	73,426) (	1
6450	Expected credit losses		(	2,052)		(	5,380)	
6000	Total operating expenses		(	445,484) (_	7)	(	482,914) (	7
6900	Operating profit			8,785			33,959	
7100	Non-operating income and expenses Interest income	((2)(20)		£ 070			2.706	
7100 7010	Other income	6(3)(20) 6(0)(10)(21), 7 and		5,970	-		2,786	-
7010	Other income	6(9)(10)(21), 7 and 12		10,326	_		29,058	_
7020	Other gains and losses	6(2)(10)(22)(24) and		10,520			27,030	
	8	12		29,034	-		105,666	2
7050	Finance costs	6(23)	(	10,543)	-	(	13,674)	-
7070	and joint ventures accounted for under	6(7)						
	equity method			292,029	5		154,009	2
7000	Total non-operating income and			226 016	_		277 045	4
7000	expenses			326,816	<u>5</u>		277,845	4
7900 7950	Profit before income tax Income tax expense	6(26)	,	335,601	5	,	311,804 10,772)	4
8200	Profit for the year	0(20)	(	24,132) 311,469		(	301,032	
	Other comprehensive income (loss) Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss							
8311	Actuarial (losses) gains on defined benefit plan	6(14)	(\$	1,874)		\$	8,888	
8316	Unrealized losses on valuation of investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other	6(6)(18)	(φ	1,074)	-	Φ	0,000	-
	comprehensive income		(	64)	_	(	30)	_
8330	Share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures accounted for under equity method - will	6(7)	•	· · · ·		`		
8349	not be reclassified to profit or loss Income tax related to components of	6(26)		5,985	-		9,618	-
	other comprehensive income (loss) that							
	will not be reclassified to profit or loss			375	-	(	1,778)	-
	Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss							
8361	Financial statements translation	6(7)(18)						
0301	differences of foreign operations	0(7)(10)	(	8,796)	_		181,192	3
8380	Share of other comprehensive (loss) income of subsidiaries, associates and	6(7)(18)	(	0,770)			101,192	3
	joint ventures accounted for under equity method - will be reclassified to profit or loss		(	142)			9	
8300	Total other comprehensive (loss) income for		(			ф.		
0.500	the year		( <u>\$</u>	4,516)		\$	197,899	3
8500	Total comprehensive income for the year		\$	306,953	5	\$	498,931	7
	Earnings per share (in dollars)	6(27)						
9750	Basic	•	\$		2.13	\$		2.06
9850	Diluted		\$		2.13	\$		2.06

# TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Notes	Common stock	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Retained Earnings  Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Treasury stocks	Total equity
Year ended December 31, 2022										
Balance at January 1, 2022		\$ 1,471,535	\$ 845,412	\$ 766,835	\$ 162,805	\$ 41,921	( <u>\$ 208,039</u> )	( <u>\$ 4,052</u> )	(\$ 22,663)	\$ 3,053,754
Net income for the year ended December 31, 2022		-	-	-	-	301,032	-	-	-	301,032
Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2022	6(18)					10,749	181,201	5,949		197,899
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2022		<u> </u>	<del>_</del>			311,781	181,201	5,949		498,931
Distribution of 2021 net income:										
Special reserve		-	-	-	41,919	( 41,919)	-	-	-	-
Cash distribution from capital surplus	6(16)		(14,615_)							( 14,615 )
Balance at December 31, 2022		\$ 1,471,535	\$ 830,797	\$ 766,835	\$ 204,724	\$ 311,783	(\$ 26,838)	\$ 1,897	(\$ 22,663)	\$3,538,070
Year ended December 31, 2023										
Balance at January 1, 2023		\$ 1,471,535	\$ 830,797	\$ 766,835	\$ 204,724	\$ 311,783	(\$ 26,838)	\$ 1,897	(\$ 22,663)	\$3,538,070
Net income for the year ended December 31, 2023		-	-	-	-	311,469	-	-	-	311,469
Other comprehensive (loss) income for the year ended December 31, 2023	6(18)	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>			(	(8,938_)	5,138		(4,516_)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2023		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>			310,753	(8,938_)	5,138		306,953
Distribution of 2022 net income:										
Legal reserve		-	-	31,178	-	( 31,178)	-	-	-	-
Special reserve		-	-	-	( 179,783)	179,783	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends	6(17)	-	-	-	-	( 146,154)	-	-	-	( 146,154)
Retirement of treasury shares	6(15)	(10,000_)	(6,266_)			(6,397_)			22,663	
Balance at December 31, 2023		\$ 1,461,535	\$ 824,531	\$ 798,013	\$ 24,941	\$ 618,590	(\$ 35,776)	\$ 7,035	\$ -	\$3,698,869

## TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			Year ended December 31			
	Notes		2023		2022	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Profit before tax		\$	335,601	\$	311,804	
Adjustments		φ	333,001	φ	311,004	
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)						
Foreign currency exchange loss			779		3,758	
Gain on financial assets and liabilities at fair value	6(22)		117		3,730	
through profit or loss	5(22)	(	224)	(	32)	
Loss on disposal of investments			115		-	
Expected credit losses	12		2,052		5,380	
Share of profit of subsidiaries, associates and joint	6(7)		2,052		5,500	
ventures accounted for under equity method	(,)	(	292,029)	(	154,009)	
Reclassification of exchange loss arising from	6(18)(22)		2,2,02,		151,005)	
disposal of investments	0(10)(22)		_		4,658	
Depreciation	6(8)(10)(24)		14,041		12,660	
(Gain) loss on disposal of property, plant and	6(22)		14,041		12,000	
equipment	0(22)	(	870)		33	
Loss on disposal of investment property	6(22)		-		3	
Amortisation	6(11)(24)		9,198		8,358	
Prepayment for equipment transferred to expenses	3(22)(23)		17		0,550	
Interest income	6(20)	(	5,970)	(	2,786)	
Dividend income	6(21)		5,770 )	ì	12)	
Interest expense	6(23)		10,543		13,674	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	0(23)		10,545		15,074	
Changes in operating assets						
Notes receivable			891	(	511)	
Accounts receivable		(	475 )	ì	62,889)	
Other receivables		`	1,306	ì	723 )	
Other receivables - related parties			747		390	
Inventories		(	85,458)		129,464	
Prepayments			10,916		93,571	
Net defined benefit assets - non-current		(	1,872)	(	3,343)	
Changes in operating liabilities			1,0/2 /	`	5,5.5 /	
Contract liabilities - current			1,395	(	5,053)	
Notes payable		(	712)	ì	5,163)	
Accounts payable			113,090	ì	99,961)	
Accounts payable - related parties			32,612	`	65,661	
Other payables		(	6,650)		37,453	
Other payables - related parties			20,198		27,114	
Advance receipts		(	378)			
Cash inflow generated from operations		\	158,863		379,499	
Dividends received			-		12	
Interest received			5,981		2,864	
Income tax received			205		2,004	
Interest paid		(	10,648)	(	13,547)	
Income tax paid		ì	732 )	ì	365)	
Net cash flows from operating activities		\	153,669	`	368,463	
2.03 cash from from operating activities			155,009		500,405	

(Continued)

## TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

(32)

	Year ended December 31			er 31	
	Notes		2023		2022
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Increase in financial assets at amortised cost		(\$	44 )	(\$	43)
Decrease in other receivables - related parties			-		116,256
Decrease in financial assets at fair value through profit or					
losss - non-current			14		-
Acquisition of investments accounted for under equity	6(7)				
method		(	59,469)		-
Proceeds from liquidation of investments accounted for	6(7)				
under equity method			-		10,019
Cash paid for acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(28)	(	12,958)	(	1,614)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			952		-
Cash paid for acquisition of investment property	6(28)	(	1,254)	(	3,973)
Cash paid for acquisition of intangible assets	6(28)	(	5,208)	(	4,081)
Increase in prepayments for equipment		(	1,741)	(	4,625)
Increase in guarantee deposits paid		(	124)		-
Decrease in other non-current assets			615		255
Net cash flows (used in) from investing activities		(	79,217)		112,194
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Increase in short-term borrowings	6(29)		554,000		596,055
Repayments of short-term borrowings	6(29)	(	596,055)	(	839,122)
Decrease in short-term notes and bills payable	6(29)		-	(	150,000)
Decrease in guarantee deposit received	6(29)	(	131 )		-
Cash distribution from capital surplus	6(16)		-	(	14,615)
Payment of cash dividends	6(17)	(	146,154)		
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(	188,340)	(	407,682)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(	113,888)		72,975
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	6(1)		285,148		212,173
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	6(1)	\$	171,260	\$	285,148

# TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. NOTES TO THE PARENT COMPANY ONLY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

## 1. HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION

- (33) Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Act of the Republic of China (R.O.C.) and other relevant laws and regulations in August 1961. The Company is primarily engaged in manufacturing, retail and export of various kinds of apparels (including woven and knitted garments).
- (34) The common shares of the Company had been listed on the Taipei Exchange since April 1999, and have been transferred to be listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange since September 2000.

## 2. THE DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE PARENT COMPANY ONLY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORIZATION

These parent company only financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on March 7, 2024.

## 3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS®") Accounting Standards that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC and became effective from 2023 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board ("IASB")
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, 'Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities	January 1, 2023
arising from a single transaction'	
Amendments to IAS 12, 'International tax reform - pillar two model	May 23, 2023
rules'	

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Company's financial condition and financial performance based on the Company's assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Company

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC and will become effective from 2024 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board ("IASB")
Amendments to IFRS 16, 'Lease liability in a sale and leaseback'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or	January 1, 2024
non-current'	
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Non-current liabilities with covenants'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7, 'Supplier finance arrangements'	January 1, 2024

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The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Company's financial condition and financial performance based on the Company's assessment.

## (3) IFRS Accounting Standards issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board ("IASB")
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets	To be determined by
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	IASB
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9	January 1, 2023
<ul><li>comparative information'</li></ul>	
Amendments to IAS 21, 'Lack of exchangeability'	January 1, 2025

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Company's financial condition and financial performance based on the Company's assessment.

## 4. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these parent company only financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

## (4) Compliance statement

The parent company only financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers".

## (5) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the parent company only financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
  - (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
  - (b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
  - (c) Defined benefit asset recognized based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present

value of defined benefit obligation.

B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC® Interpretations, and SIC® Interpretations as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the parent company only financial statements are disclosed in Note 5, 'Critical accounting judgements, estimates and key sources of assumption uncertainty'.

## (6) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The parent company only financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

- A. Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- B. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon retranslation at the balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss.
- C. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
- D. All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the parent company only statement of comprehensive income within 'Other gains and losses'.

## (7) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
  - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
  - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
  - (c) Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
  - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than 12 months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
  - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
  - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
  - (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within 12 months from the balance sheet date;
  - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

## (8) Cash equivalents

- A. Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.
- B. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

## (9) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Company measures the financial assets at fair value and recognizes the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Company subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value, and recognizes the gain or loss in profit or loss.
- D. The Company recognizes the dividend income when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

## (10) Financial assets at amortized cost

- A. Financial assets at amortized cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
  - (a) The objective of the Company's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.

- (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortized cost are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Company measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized or impaired.

## (11) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Company a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

## (12) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in process comprises raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the make the sale. If the cost exceeds net realizable value, valuation loss is accrued and recognized in operating costs. If the net realizable value reverses, valuation is eliminated within credit balance and is recognized as deduction of operating costs.

## (13) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Company has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognize changes in fair value in other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Company measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Company subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value:

The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognized as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

## (14) Impairment of financial assets

For financial assets at amortized cost, at each reporting date, the Company recognizes the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase

in credit risk since initial recognition or recognizes the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable that do not contain a significant financing component, the Company recognizes the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

## (15) Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

## (16) Leasing arrangements (lessor) — operating leases

Lease income from an operating lease (net of any incentives given to the lessee) is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

## (17) <u>Investments accounted for under equity method / subsidiaries and associates</u>

- A. Subsidiaries are all entities controlled by the Company. The Company controls an entity when the Company is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.
- B. Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between the Company within the subsidiaries are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Company.
- C. The Company's share of its subsidiaries' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognized in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognized in other comprehensive income. When the Company's share of losses in an subsidiary equals or exceeds its interest in the subsidiaries, the Company continues recognizing further losses proportionately.
- D. Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity.
- E. When the Company loses control of a subsidiary, the Company remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Company loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

- F. Associates are all entities over which the Company has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 percent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognized at cost.
- G. The Company's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognized in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognized in other comprehensive income. When the Company's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Company does not recognize further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.
- H. When changes in an associate's equity do not arise from profit or loss or other comprehensive income of the associate and such changes do not affect the Company's ownership percentage of the associate, the Company recognizes the Group's share of change in equity of the associate in 'capital surplus' in proportion to its ownership.
- I. Unrealized gains on transactions between the Company and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Company's interest in the associates. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Company.
- J. In the case that an associate issues new shares and the Company does not subscribe or acquire new shares proportionately, which results in a change in the Company's ownership percentage of the associate but maintains significant influence on the associate, then "Capital surplus" and "Investments accounted for under the equity method" shall be adjusted for the increase or decrease of its share of equity interest. If the above condition causes a decrease in the Company's ownership percentage of the associate, in addition to the above adjustment, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.
- K. When the Company disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate, are reclassified to profit or loss, on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately in accordance with the aforementioned approach.
- L. According to "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Statements by Securities Issuers", "Profit for the year" and "Other comprehensive income for the year" re ported in an entity's parent company only statement of comprehensive income, shall equal to "Profit for the year" and "Other comprehensive income" attributable to owners of the parent reported in that

entity's consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Total equity reported in an entity's parent company only financial statements, shall equal to equity attributable to owners of parent reported in that entity's consolidated financial statements.

## (18) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalized.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Except for land, other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Assets	Useful lives
Buildings (including accessory equipment)	10 ~ 55 years
Machinery equipment	3 ~ 5 years
Utilities equipment	5 ~ 10 years
Transportation equipment	4 ~ 5 years
Office equipment	3 ~ 5 years

## (19) <u>Investment property</u>

An investment property is stated initially at its cost and measured subsequently using the cost model. Except for land, investment property is depreciated on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of  $18 \sim 55$  years.

## (20) <u>Intangible assets</u>

Computer software is stated at its cost and amortized on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of  $2 \sim 5$  years.

## (21) <u>Impairment of non-financial assets</u>

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. When the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortized historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognized.

## (22) Borrowings

Borrowings comprise short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

## (23) Notes and accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

## (24) <u>Derecognition of financial liabilities</u>

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation specified in the contract is either discharged or cancelled or expires.

## (25) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and reported in the net amount in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

## (26) Employee benefits

## A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognized as expense in that period when the employees render service.

## B. Pensions

## (a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognized as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

## (b) Defined benefit plans

i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Company in current period or prior periods. The liability recognized in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plan is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit

- obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The Company uses interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date).
- ii. Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plan are recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.
- C. Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration are recognized as expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employees' compensation is paid by shares, the Company calculates the number of shares based on the closing price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.

## (27) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or items recognized directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognized, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the parent company only balance sheet. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Company and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. At each balance sheet date, unrecognized and recognized deferred tax assets are reassessed.

E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

## (28) Share capital

- A. Ordinary shares are classified as equity.
- B. Where the Company repurchases the Company's equity share capital that has been issued, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is deducted from equity attributable to the Company's equity holders. Where such shares are subsequently reissued, the difference between their book value and any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the Company's equity holders.

## (29) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities; stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

## (30) Revenue recognition

## A. Sales of goods

- (a) Sales are recognized when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the client, the client has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the client's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the client, and either the client has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Company has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- (b) A receivable is recognized when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

## B. Service revenue

The Company provides processing and business consulting services. Revenue from delivering services is recognized under the percentage-of-completion method when the outcome of services provided can be estimated reliably. If the outcome of a service contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue should be recognized only to the extent that contract costs incurred are likely to be recoverable.

### (31) Government grants

Government grants are recognized at their fair value only when there is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with any conditions attached to the grants and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognized in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Company recognizes expenses for the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

# 5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS</u>, <u>ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY</u>

The preparation of these parent company only financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Company's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, and the related information is addressed below:

(1) <u>Critical judgements in applying the Company's accounting policies</u>
None.

### (2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

<u>Financial assets</u> — fair value measurement of unlisted stocks without active market

- A. The fair value of unlisted stocks held by the Company that are not traded in an active market is determined considering those companies' financial information, operational planning or prediction of future application. Any changes in these judgements and estimates will impact the fair value measurement of these unlisted stocks. Please refer to Note 12(3) for the financial instruments fair value information.
- B. As of December 31, 2023, the carrying amount of unlisted stocks without active market was \$86,825.

### 6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

#### (32) Cash and cash equivalents

	Decen	nber 31, 2023	December 31, 2022		
Cash:					
Cash on hand	\$	250	\$	250	
Checking accounts and demand deposits		161, 010		284, 898	
		161, 260	-	285, 148	
Cash equivalents:					
Time deposits		10,000			
	\$	171, 260	\$	285, 148	

A. The Company transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

B. The Company has no cash and cash equivalents pledged to others as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

(33) Financial assets at fair value through profit or 1
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Items	Decem	nber 31, 2023	Dece	ember 31, 2022
Current items:				
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value				
through profit or loss				
Derivatives - forward foreign exchange contracts	\$	256	\$	32
Non-current items:		_		
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value				
through profit or loss				
Unlisted stocks	\$	86, 825	\$	86, 954

A. Amounts recognized in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are listed below:

	For the years ended December 31,				
	2023		-	2022	
Financial assets mandatorily measured at	ф	F90	ф	4.4	
fair value through profit or loss	<u>\$</u>	539	<u>\$</u>	44	

B. The Company entered into contracts relating to derivative financial assets which were not accounted for under hedge accounting. The information is listed below:

	December 31, 2023					
		ct amount al principal				
Derivative instruments	in the	ousands)	Contract period			
Forward foreign exchange selling contracts	USD	1,000	Dec., 2023 ~ Jan., 2024			
		Decen	nber 31, 2022			
	Contract amount					
	(notiona	al principal				

Derivative instruments in thousands) Contract period

Forward foreign exchange selling contracts USD 900 Dec., 2022 ~ Feb., 2023

The Company entered into forward foreign exchange contracts to hedge exchange rate risk from operating activities. However, these forward foreign exchange contracts are not accounted for under hedge accounting.

C. The Company has no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss pledged to others as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

### (34) Financial assets at amortized cost – non-current

	Decen	nber 31, 2023	December 31, 2022		
Bonds	\$	30, 195	\$	30, 717	

A. Amounts recognized in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at amortized cost are listed below:

	For the years ended December 31,				
	2023			2022	
Interest income	\$	1, 173	\$	1, 238	

- B. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at amortized cost held by the Company were approximately equal to its carrying amounts.
- C. The Company has no financial assets at amortized cost pledged to others as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.
- D. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at amortized cost is provided in Note 12(2), 'Financial instruments'.

### (35) Notes and accounts receivable

	Dece	mber 31, 2023	December 31, 2022		
Notes receivable	\$		\$	891	
Accounts receivable	\$	1, 162, 423	\$	1, 162, 144	
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(	8, 604)	(	6, 748)	
	\$	1, 153, 819	\$	1, 155, 396	

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable and notes receivable that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

	I	December 31, 2023				December 31, 2022			
	No	tes		Accounts	Notes			Accounts	
	receiv	vable	receivable		re	receivable rece		receivable	
Not past due	\$	_	\$	1, 154, 930	\$	891	\$	1, 161, 193	
Up to 30 days		_		_		_		76	
31 to 90 days		_		7, 493		_		58	
Over 91 days		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		_		817	
	\$	_	\$	1, 162, 423	\$	891	\$	1, 162, 144	

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- B. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, notes receivable and accounts receivable were all from contracts with customers. As of January 1, 2022, the balance of receivables from contracts with customers (including related parties) amounted to \$1,102,577.
- C. The Company does not hold any collateral pledged for notes and accounts receivable as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.
- D. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the notes receivable and accounts receivable held by the Company were its carrying amounts.

E. Information relating to credit risk of notes receivable and accounts receivable is provided in Note 12(2), 'Financial instruments'.

### (36) <u>Inventories</u>

	December 31, 2023					
			Allo	wance for		
		Cost	valua	ation loss		Book value
Raw materials	\$	316, 565	\$	_	\$	316, 565
Work in progress		381, 611		_		381, 611
Merchandise		3, 148		_		3, 148
	\$	701, 324	\$	_	\$	701, 324
			Decemb	per 31, 2022		
			Allo	wance for		
		Cost	valua	ation loss		Book value
Raw materials	\$	180, 763	\$	_	\$	180, 763
Work in progress		388, 191		_		388, 191
Finished goods		46, 912		_		46, 912
	\$	615, 866	\$	_	\$	615, 866

The cost of inventories recognized as expense:

		For the years ended December 31,				
		2023	2022			
Cost of goods sold	\$	5, 838, 998 \$	6, 821, 030			
Income from sale of scraps	(	8, 045) (	16, 030)			
	<u>\$</u>	5, 830, 953	6, 805, 000			

### (37) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income – non-current

Items	Decembe	er 31, 2023	December 31, 2022		
Equity instruments					
Listed stocks	\$	1, 452	\$	1, 452	
Valuation adjustment	(	907)	(	843)	
	\$	545	\$	609	

- A. The Company has elected to classify equity investments that are considered to be strategic investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair value of such investments amounted to \$545 and \$609 as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.
- B. Amounts recognized in profit or loss and other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are listed below:

	For the years ended December 31,					
	20	23	2022			
Fair value change	( <u>\$</u>	<u>64</u> ) ( <u>\$</u>	30)			

- C. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income held by the Company was the book value.
- D. The Company has no financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income pledged to others as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.
- E. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is provided in Note 12(2), 'Financial instruments'.

## (38) Investments accounted for under equity method

A. Movements of investments accounted for under equity method:

-	For the years ended December 31,					
		2023		2022		
At January 1	\$	2, 124, 315	\$	1, 794, 164		
Acquisition of investments accounted for under equity method		59, 469		_		
Proceeds from liquidation of investments accounted		00, 400				
for under equity method		_	(	10, 019)		
Share of profit of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures accounted for under equity method Share of other comprehensive income of		292, 029		154, 009		
associates and joint ventures accounted for under equity method		5, 985		9, 618		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	(	8, 938)		176, 543		
At December 31	\$	2, 472, 860	\$	2, 124, 315		
3. Details of investments accounted for under equity m	ethod a	re as follows:				
	Dage	amban 21 2022	Dage	mhor 21 2022		

	December 31, 202			
Subsidiaries	\$	2, 472, 860	\$	2, 124, 315

#### C. Subsidiaries

For more information regarding the subsidiaries of the Company, refer to Note 4(3) "Basis of consolidation" of the consolidated financial statements of 2023.

### D. Joint venture

The Company's joint venture, New Premium Enterprise Co., Ltd., was liquidated and dissolved during the third quarter of 2022. Consequently, the remaining capital amounting to \$10,019 was returned to the Company after the completion of the liquidation procedures.

E. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company has no investment accounted for under equity method pledged to others as collateral.

# (39) Property, plant and equipment

									Tra	nsportation		
			Βυ	ildings and				Utilities	a	nd office		
		Land	:	structures	M	Iachinery	e	quipment	e	quipment	. <u> </u>	Total
<u>January 1, 2023</u>												
Cost	\$	258, 971	\$	232, 861	\$	10, 334	\$	382	\$	32, 028	\$	534, 576
Accumulated depreciation	_		(	126, 371)	(	6, 628)	(	227)	(	24, 140)	(	157, 366)
	\$	258, 971	\$	106, 490	\$	3, 706	\$	155	\$	7, 888	\$	377, 210
For the year ended December 31, 2023												
At January 1	\$	258, 971	\$	106, 490	\$	3, 706	\$	155	\$	7, 888	\$	377, 210
Additions		-		743		999		_		10, 546		12, 288
Transferred from prepayment for equipment		_		_		_		_		2,970		2, 970
Depreciation		_	(	5, 198)	(	1,873)	(	33)	(	4,762)	(	11,866)
Disposals - cost		_		_	(	2,458)	(	244)	(	5,338)	(	8, 040)
- accumulated depreciation						2, 443		244		5, 271		7, 958
At December 31	\$	258, 971	\$	102, 035	\$	2, 817	\$	122	\$	16, 575	\$	380, 520
<u>December 31, 2023</u>												
Cost	\$	258, 971	\$	233, 604	\$	8,875	\$	138	\$	40,206	\$	541, 794
Accumulated depreciation			(	131, 569)	(	6, 058)	(	<u>16</u> )	(	23, 631)	(	<u>161, 274</u> )
	\$	258, 971	\$	102, 035	\$	2,817	\$	122	\$	16, 575	\$	380, 520

					Transportation	
		Buildings and		Utilities	and office	
	Land	structures	Machinery	equipment	equipment	Total
<u>January 1, 2022</u>						
Cost	\$ 258, 971	\$ 239, 270	\$ 10, 288	\$ 243	\$ 31, 169	\$ 539, 941
Accumulated depreciation	<u> </u>	$(\underline{127,564})$	(5, 404)	(193)	(20, 871) (	154, 032)
-	\$ 258, 971	\$ 111,706	\$ 4,884	\$ 50	\$ 10, 298	\$ 385, 909
For the year ended December 31, 2022						
At January 1	\$ 258, 971	\$ 111,706	\$ 4,884	\$ 50	\$ 10, 298	\$ 385, 909
Additions	-	·	670	139	1, 174	1, 983
Depreciation	-	5, 213)	( 1,827)	(34)	(3,575)	10, 649)
Disposals - cost	-	(6,409)	( 624)	_	( 315) (	7, 348)
- accumulated depreciation		6, 406	603		306	7, 315
At December 31	<u>\$ 258, 971</u>	\$ 106, 490	<u>\$ 3,706</u>	<u>\$ 155</u>	\$ 7,888	<u>\$ 377, 210</u>
D 1 01 000						
<u>December 31, 2022</u>						
Cost	\$ 258, 971		\$ 10, 334	\$ 382	\$ 32,028	\$ 534, 576
Accumulated depreciation		$(\underline{126,371})$	$(\underline{}6,628)$	(227)	$(\underline{24,140})$	(157, 366)
	<u>\$ 258, 971</u>	<u>\$ 106, 490</u>	<u>\$ 3,706</u>	<u>\$ 155</u>	<u>\$ 7,888</u>	<u>\$ 377, 210</u>

- A. The Company's property, plant and equipment are all occupied by the owner for operating purpose as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.
- B. The Company has not capitalized any interest for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.
- C. The Company has no property, plant and equipment pledged to others as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

# (40) <u>Leasing arrangements – lessor</u>

- A. The Company leases various assets including investment property. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 10 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. To protect the lessor's ownership rights on the leased assets, leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes, or a residual value guarantee was required.
- B. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company recognized rent income in the amounts of \$2,583 and \$2,687, respectively, based on the operating lease agreement, which does not include variable lease payments.
- C. The maturity analysis of the lease payments under the operating leases is as follows:

	Decen	December 31, 2022		
Within 1 year	\$	1, 555	\$	2, 228
1 ~ 5 years		5, 765		480
Over 5 years		241		361
	\$	7, 561	\$	3, 069

### (41) Investment property - net

	Land		B	Buildings		Total
<u>January 1, 2023</u>						
Cost	\$	95, 130	\$	72, 528	\$	167, 658
Accumulated depreciation		_	(	30, 215)	(	30, 215)
	\$	95, 130	\$	42, 313	\$	137, 443
For the year ended December 31, 2023						
At January 1	\$	95, 130	\$	42, 313	\$	137, 443
Additions		_		1,666		1,666
Depreciation		_	(	2, 175)	(	2, 175)
At December 31	\$	95, 130	<u>\$</u>	41,804	\$	136, 934
December 31, 2023						
Cost	\$	95, 130	\$	74, 194	\$	169, 324
Accumulated depreciation			(	32, 390)	(	32, 390)
	\$	95, 130	\$	41, 804	\$	136, 934

	Land		Buildings			Total
<u>January 1, 2022</u>						
Cost	\$	95, 130	\$	69, 628	\$	164, 758
Accumulated depreciation			(	30, 125)	(	30, 125)
	\$	95, 130	\$	39, 503	\$	134, 633
For the year ended December 31, 2022						
At January 1	\$	95, 130	\$	39, 503	\$	134, 633
Additions		_		4, 227		4,227
Transferred from prepayments for equipment		_		597		597
Depreciation		_	(	2, 011)	(	2, 011)
Disposals - cost		_	(	1, 924)	(	1, 924)
- accumulated depreciation				1, 921		1, 921
At December 31	<u>\$</u>	95, 130	\$	42, 313	<u>\$</u>	137, 443
<u>December 31, 2022</u>						
Cost	\$	95, 130	\$	72,528	\$	167, 658
Accumulated depreciation		_	(	30, 215)	(	30, 215)
	\$	95, 130	\$	42, 313	\$	137, 443

A. Rental income from investment property and direct operating expenses arising from investment property are shown below:

	For the years ended December 31,						
		2023	2022				
Rental income from investment property (listed as "Other income")	\$	2, 487	\$	2, 591			
Direct operating expenses arising from the investment property that generated							
rental income during the year	\$	2, 175	\$	2,011			

- B. The fair value of the investment property held by the Company as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 were \$472,473 and \$412,147, respectively. Valuations were made based on most recent transaction prices of similar and comparable properties and official price, which is categorized within Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.
- C. The Company has not capitalised any interest for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.
- D. The Company has no investment property pledged to others as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

# (42) Intangible assets

	For the years ended December 31,					
		2023	2022			
January 1						
Cost	\$	32,026 \$	29, 020			
Accumulated amortization	(	19,009) (	13, 289)			
	\$	13, 017 \$	15, 731			
At January 1	\$	13, 017 \$	15, 731			
Additions – acquired separately		4,575	4, 714			
Transferred from prepayments for equipment		1,639	930			
Amortization	(	9, 198) (	8, 358)			
Disposals - cost	(	6,966) (	2, 638)			
- accumulated amortization		6, 966	2, 638			
At December 31	\$	10,033 \$	13, 017			
December 31						
Cost	\$	31, 274 \$	32,026			
Accumulated amortization	(	21, 241) (	19, 009)			
	\$	10,033 \$	13, 017			

# A. Details of amortization on intangible assets are as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,					
		2023		2022		
General and administrative expenses	\$	9, 198	\$	8, 358		

- B. The Company has not capitalized any borrowing costs for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.
- C. The Company has no intangible assets pledged to others as collateral as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

# (43) Short-term borrowings

Type of borrowings	December 31, 2023		Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank borrowings				
Unsecured bank borrowings	\$	554, 000	1.56%~1.7%	None
Type of borrowings	Decem	ber 31, 2022	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank borrowings				
Unsecured bank borrowings	\$	595, 842	1. 39%~5. 99%	None

Refer to Note 6(23), "Finance costs" for more information about interest expense recognized by the Company for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

# (44) Other payables

	Dece	ember 31, 2023	December 31, 2022		
Accrued salaries and bonuses	\$	100, 391	\$	94, 359	
Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration payable		10, 600		10, 600	
Accrued freight		8, 351		8,069	
Accrued labor insurance and health insurance fee		5, 590		5, 780	
Accrued pension expense		2, 500		2, 619	
Import/export (customs) expense payable		1, 987		2, 336	
Accrued processing fee		1, 433		1,087	
Others		12, 199		25, 847	
	\$	143, 051	\$	150, 697	

#### (45) Pensions

- A. The Company has a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Law, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Law. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company contributes monthly an amount equal to 7.5% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is insufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company will make contributions for the deficit by next March. The information on the Company's defined benefit pension plan is as follows:
  - (a) The amounts recognized in the balance sheet are as follows:

	Decen	nber 31, 2023	Decen	nber 31, 2022
Present value of defined benefit obligations	(\$	74,323)	(\$	72, 260)
Fair value of plan assets		77, 479		75, 418
Net defined benefit assets	\$	3, 156	\$	3, 158

# (b) Movements in net defined benefit assets are as follows:

	Prese	ent value of				
	defined benefit obligations		Fai	Fair value of		t defined
			pla	an assets	ben	efit assets
At January 1, 2023	(\$	72,260)	\$	75, 418	\$	3, 158
Current service cost	(	168)		-	(	168)
Interest (expense) income	(	940)		980		40
	(	73, 368)		76, 398		3, 030
Remeasurements:						
Return on plan assets		_		328		328
Change in financial assumptions	(	475)		_	(	475)
Experience adjustments	(	1, 727)			(	1, 727)
	(	2, 202)		328	(	1,874)
Pension fund contribution				2,000		2,000
Paid pension		1, 247	(	1, 247)		<u> </u>
At December 31, 2023	( <u>\$</u>	74, 323)	\$	77, 479	\$	3, 156
	Prese	ent value of				
	defii	ned benefit	Fai	r value of	Ne	t defined
	ob	ligations	pla	an assets	ben	efit assets
At January 1, 2022						eni asseis
	(\$	81,021)	\$	71, 948	(\$	9, 073)
Current service cost	(\$	81, 021) 194)	\$	71, 948 -		-
Current service cost Interest (expense) income	(\$ ( (		\$	71, 948 - 504		9, 073)
	(\$ ((	194)	\$	_		9, 073) 194)
	(\$ ( (	194) 567)	\$	- 504		9, 073) 194) 63)
Interest (expense) income	(\$ ( (	194) 567)	\$	- 504		9, 073) 194) 63)
Interest (expense) income Remeasurements:	(\$ (	194) 567)	\$	504 72, 452		9, 073) 194) 63) 9, 330)
Interest (expense) income  Remeasurements:  Return on plan assets	(\$ (	194) 567) 81, 782)	\$	504 72, 452		9, 073) 194) 63) 9, 330) 6, 045
Interest (expense) income  Remeasurements:  Return on plan assets  Change in financial assumptions	(\$ (	194) 567) 81, 782) - 3, 151	\$ 	504 72, 452		9, 073) 194) 63) 9, 330) 6, 045 3, 151
Interest (expense) income  Remeasurements:  Return on plan assets  Change in financial assumptions	(\$ (	194) 567) 81, 782) - 3, 151 308)	\$	504 72, 452 6, 045		9, 073) 194) 63) 9, 330) 6, 045 3, 151 308)
Interest (expense) income  Remeasurements:  Return on plan assets Change in financial assumptions Experience adjustments	(\$ (	194) 567) 81, 782) - 3, 151 308)	\$ 	504 72, 452 6, 045 - - 6, 045		9, 073) 194) 63) 9, 330) 6, 045 3, 151 308) 8, 888

- (c) The Bank of Taiwan was commissioned to manage the Fund of the Company's defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Fund's annual investment and utilization plan and the "Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilization of the Labor Retirement Fund" (Article 6: The scope of utilization for the Fund includes deposit in domestic or foreign financial institutions, investment in domestic or foreign listed, over-the-counter, or private placement equity securities, investment in domestic or foreign real estate securitization products, etc.). With regard to the utilization of the Fund, its minimum earnings in the annual distributions on the final financial statements shall be no less than the earnings attainable from the amounts accrued from two-year time deposits with the interest rates offered by local banks. If the earnings is less than aforementioned rates, government shall make payment for the deficit after being authorized by the Regulator. The Company has no right to participate in managing and operating that fund and hence the Company is unable to disclose the classification of plan assets fair value in accordance with IAS 19 paragraph 142. The composition of fair value of plan assets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 is given in the Annual Labor Retirement Fund Utilization Report announced by the government.
- (d) The principal actuarial assumptions used were as follows:

_	For the years ended December 31,					
_	2023 2022					
Discount rate	1.20%	1.30%				
Future salary increases	3.00%	3.00%				

Assumptions regarding future mortality experience are set based on actuarial advice in accordance with published statistics and experience according to Taiwan Life Insurance Industry 6<sup>th</sup> Mortality Table for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Because the main actuarial assumption changed, the present value of defined benefit obligation is affected. The analysis was as follows:

	Disco	unt rate	Future salary increases			
	Increase 0.25%	Decrease 0.25%	Increase 0.25%	Decrease 0.25%		
December 31, 2023						
Effect on present value of defined benefit obligation	( <u>\$ 1,177</u> )	<u>\$ 1,211</u>	<u>\$ 1,027</u>	( <u>\$ 1,005</u> )		
December 31, 2022 Effect on present value of defined benefit obligation	( <u>\$ 1,247</u> )	<u>\$ 1, 285</u>	<u>\$ 1,105</u>	( <u>\$ 1,079</u> )		

The sensitivity analysis above is based on one assumption which changed while the other conditions remain unchanged. In practice, more than one assumption may change all at once. The method of analysing sensitivity and the method of calculating net pension liability in the balance sheet are the same.

- The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the previous period.
- (e) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plan of the Company for the next year amount to \$1,200.
- (f) As of December 31, 2023, the weighted average duration of the retirement plan is 7 years.
- B. Effective July 1, 2005, the Company has established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company contributes monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment. The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plan of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 were \$13,395 and \$12,076, respectively.

### (46) Share capital

A. Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows: (Units: in thousand shares)

	For the years ended December 31,				
	2023	2022			
Beginning and ending balance	146, 154	146, 154			

B. As of December 31, 2023, the Company's authorized capital was \$2,000,000 (including \$100,000 thousand shares reserved for employee stock options) and paid-in capital was \$1,461,535, consisting of 146,154 thousand shares of ordinary stock with a par value of NT\$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

#### C. Treasury shares

(a) Reason for share reacquisition and movements in the number of the Company's treasury shares are as follows: (Units: in thousand shares)

	For the year ended December 31, 2023							
	Beginning			Ending				
Reason for reacquisition	Balance	Additions	Decrease	Balance				
To be reissued to employees	1,000		$(\underline{1,000})$					
	For t	he year ended I	December 31, 2	022				
	Beginning			Ending				
Reason for reacquisition	Balance	Additions	Decrease	Balance				
To be reissued to employees	1,000			1,000				

(b) Pursuant to the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act, the number of shares bought back as treasury share should not exceed 10% of the number of the Company's issued and outstanding shares and the amount bought back should not exceed the sum of retained earnings, paid-in capital in excess of par value and realized capital surplus. The balance of

- treasury shares after reacquisition and reissue to employees of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 were \$- and \$22,663, respectively.
- (c) Pursuant to the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act, treasury shares should not be pledged as collateral and is not entitled to dividends before it is reissued.
- (d) Pursuant to the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act, treasury shares should be reissued to the employees within five years from the reacquisition date and shares not reissued within the five-year period are to be retired.
- D. On November 8, 2022, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to retire treasury shares in the amount of 1,000 thousand shares, and the effective date for the capital reduction was set on May 22, 2023. The registration for the change was completed on June 5, 2023, and the retired treasury shares amounted to \$22,663. When the Company retired treasury shares, the Company debited common stock and capital surplus based on shareholding ratio amounting to \$10,000 and \$6,266, respectively, and the insufficient balance of \$6,397 was written off against retained earnings.

### (47) Capital surplus

- A. Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalized mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.
- B. Movements of the Company's capital surplus for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

			Change in							
		D	ifference		ec	quity of				
		bet	ween the		sub	sidiaries,				
		acq	uisition or		asso	ciates and				
		disp	osal price	Changes in	joint	t ventures	Expired			
		anc	l carrying	ownership	acco	ounted for	employee			
For the year ended	Share	ar	nount of	interests in	und	ler equity	stock			
December 31, 2023	premium	sul	osidiaries	subsidiaries	n	nethod	option	Others	Total	
At January 1	\$ 741, 449	\$	20, 166	\$ 46, 042	\$	12, 814	\$ 1, 252	\$ 9,074	\$830,797	
Retirement of treasury shares	(5,014)		_				( <u>1, 252</u> )		( <u>6, 266</u> )	
At December 31	\$ 736, 435	\$	20, 166	\$ 46, 042	\$	12,814	\$ -	\$ 9,074	\$ 824, 531	

			Change in							
		Di	fference		e	quity of				
		bety	ween the		sub	sidiaries,				
		acqu	isition or		asso	ciates and				
		disp	osal price	Changes in	join	t ventures	Expired			
		and	carrying	ownership	acc	ounted for	employee			
For the year ended	Share	an	nount of	interests in	uno	der equity	stock			
December 31, 2022	premium	sub	sidiaries	subsidiaries	1	method	option	Others	Total	
At January 1	\$ 756, 064	\$	20, 166	\$ 46, 042	\$	12, 814	\$ 1, 252	\$ 9,074	\$ 845, 412	
Cash distribution										
from capital										
surplus	$(\underline{14,615})$		_			_			$(\underline{14,615})$	
At December 31	<u>\$ 741, 449</u>	\$	20, 166	<u>\$ 46, 042</u>	\$	12, 814	<u>\$ 1, 252</u>	\$ 9,074	<u>\$ 830, 797</u>	

- C. Information on the capital surplus written-off due to the retirement of treasury stocks is in Note 6(15), 'Share Capital'.
- D. The Company recognized the cash disbursement from capital surplus of \$14,615 (\$0.1 (in dollars) per share) in 2022.

### (48) Retained earnings

- A. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- B. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses and then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve until the legal reserve equals the paid-in capital. After that, special reserve shall be set aside or reversed in accordance with the related laws or the regulations. The remainder, if any, shall be the current distributable earnings. The current distributable earnings along with the unappropriated earnings in the prior year shall be the accumulated distributable earnings which shall be proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved by the shareholders as dividends to shareholders. The Company's dividend policy shall take into account current and future development plan, investment environment, capital needs, domestic and foreign competition, and capital budget, etc. along with shareholders' interests. Each year, at least 30% of the current distributable earnings shall be appropriated as dividends. The dividends can be distributed in the form of cash or shares and cash dividends shall account for at least 10% of the total dividends distributed.
- C. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.

- D. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company distributed cash dividends to owners in the amount of \$146,154 (\$1 (in dollars) per share) and \$-, respectively. On March 7, 2024, the Board of Directors proposed for the distribution of cash dividends from 2023 earnings in the amount of \$175,384 (\$1.2 (in dollars) per share).
- E. Information on the retained earnings written-off due to the retirement of treasury stocks is in Note 6(15), 'Share Capital'.

# (49) Other equity items

			Fina	ancial assets		
			at	fair value		
		Currency	thre	ough other		
	1	translation	con	prehensive		
For the year ended December 31, 2023		difference		income		Total
At January 1	(\$	26, 838)	\$	1,897	(\$	24, 941)
Currency translation differences:						
-The Company	(	8, 796)		_	(	8, 796)
-Subsidiaries	(	142)		_	(	142)
Unrealized valuation gains or losses						
of financial assets at fair value						
through other comprehensive						
income						
-The Company		_	(	64)	(	64)
–Subsidiaries				5, 202		5, 202
At December 31	( <u>\$</u>	35, 776)	\$	7, 035	( <u>\$</u>	28, 741)

			Fi	nancial assets		
			8	at fair value		
		Currency	th	rough other		
		translation	co	mprehensive		
For the year ended December 31, 2022		difference		income		Total
At January 1	(\$	208,039)	(\$	4,052)	(\$	212, 091)
Currency translation differences:						
-The Company		176,534		_		176,534
-Subsidiaries		9		_		9
Currency translation differences reclassified as gains or losses on disposals of		4, 658		_		4, 658
investments due to the completion of						
liquidation of joint ventures						
Unrealized valuation gains or losses of financial assets at fair value						
through other comprehensive						
income			,	20)	,	20)
-The Company		_	(	30)	(	30)
–Subsidiaries	_		_	5, 979	_	5, 979
At December 31	( <u>\$</u>	26, 838)	\$	1, 897	( <u>\$</u>	24, 941)

# (50) Operating revenue

A. The Company derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services over time and at a point in time. Revenue is mainly from various kinds of apparels and consultation services.

		For the years ended December 31,					
			2023		2022		
Timing of revenue recognition	1						
At a point in time							
Sales revenue		\$	6, 032, 850	\$	7, 027, 734		
Over time							
Services revenue			252, 372		294, 139		
		\$	6, 285, 222	\$	7, 321, 873		
B. The Company has recognized	the following revenu	ıe-ı	related contract liabi	lities	s:		
	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		January 1, 2022		
Contract liabilities - current	\$ 3,816	=	\$ 2,421	\$	7, 474		
			For the years end	ed I	December 31,		
			2023		2022		
Revenue recognized that was contract liability balance at t							
of the year - receipts in adva	0 0	\$	2, 421	<u>\$</u>	7, 474		

# (51) <u>Interest income</u>

	]	For the years end	ded Dece	ed December 31,		
		2023		2022		
Interest income from bank deposits	\$	4, 797	\$	1, 548		
Interest income from financial assets		1 170		1 000		
measured at amortised cost		1, 173	<del></del>	1, 238		
	\$	5, 970	\$	2, 786		
(52) Other income						
	]	For the years end	ded Dece	ember 31,		
		2023		2022		
Rental income	\$	2, 583	\$	2, 687		
Government grants income		1,539		548		
Dividend income		_		12		
Collection of write-offs		_		21,074		
Others		6, 204		4, 737		
	\$	10, 326	\$	29, 058		
(53) Other gains and losses						
(55) Street Game and tosses	,	C 41	1 1 D	1 21		
		For the years end	ied Dece			
		2023		2022		
Net gains on financial assets and liabilities						
at fair value through profit or loss	\$	224	\$	32		
Net currency exchange gain		29, 800		112, 339		
Gain on disposal of investments		315		_		
Reclassification of exchange loss arising from		_	(	4,658)		
disposal of investments		070	,	22)		
Net gain (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment		870	(	33)		
Net loss on disposal of investment property		_	(	3)		
Other losses	(	2, 175)	(	2, 011)		
	\$	29, 034	\$	105, 666		
(54) Finance costs						
(- /) =	]	For the years end	ded Dece	ember 31.		
		2023		2022		
Interest expense:						
Bank borrowings	\$	10, 543	\$	13, 674		

# (55) Expenses by nature

	For the year ended December 31, 2023						
	Ope	erating cost	Oper	ating expense		Total	
Employee benefit expenses	\$	39, 794	\$	293, 733	\$	333, 527	
Depreciation charges on property,							
plant and equipment		1, 200		10,666		11,866	
Depreciation charges on							
investment property (note)		_		2, 175		2, 175	
Amortization charges on							
intangible assets				9, 198		9, 198	
	\$	40, 994	\$	315, 772	\$	356, 766	
		For the y	ear en	ded December	31, 20	022	
	Ope	erating cost	Oper	ating expense		Total	
Employee benefit expenses	\$	35, 590	\$	309, 970	\$	345, 560	
Depreciation charges on property,							
plant and equipment		1, 200		9,449		10, 649	
Depreciation charges on							
investment property (note)		_		2,011		2, 011	
Amortization charges on							
intangible assets				8, 358		8, 358	
	\$	36, 790	\$	329, 788	\$	366, 578	

(Note) Listed as 'Other gains and losses'

# (56) Employee benefit expense

	For the year ended December 31, 2023							
	Operating cost			ating expense		Total		
Wages and salaries	\$	33, 025	\$	248, 397	\$	281, 422		
Labor and health insurance expenses		3, 622		22, 339		25, 961		
Pension costs		1, 195		12, 328		13, 523		
Directors' remuneration		_		6,600		6,600		
Other personnel expenses		1, 952		4,069		6, 021		
	\$	39, 794	\$	293, 733	\$	333, 527		

For the year ended December 31,	2022
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	Operating cost		Oper	ating expense	Total		
Wages and salaries	\$	29, 400	\$	264,240	\$	293, 640	
Labor and health insurance		3, 276		22, 779		26,055	
expenses							
Pension costs		1, 157		11, 176		12, 333	
Directors' remuneration		_		6,600		6,600	
Other personnel expenses		1, 757		5, 175		6, 932	
	\$	35, 590	\$	309, 970	\$	345, 560	

- A. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the average number of employees of the Company were 376 and 428 employees, respectively, including 9 non-employee directors for both years.
- B. The average employee benefit expenses per employee were \$891 and \$809, while average wages and salaries per employee were \$767 and \$701 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The average wages and salaries for the year ended December 31, 2023 increased approximately by 9.42% compared to the year ended December 31, 2022.
- C. Since the Company has set up an audit committee, there was no supervisors' remuneration for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.
- D. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company and relevant internal management regulations, for remuneration of directors and managerial officers, the remuneration committee of the Company shall evaluate performance assessments and compensation levels of directors and managerial officers by taking into account the general pay levels in the industry and the reasonableness of the correlation between the individual's performance, the Company's operational performance and future risk exposure; compensation of employees was set according to personal ability, participation and value of contribution in the Company's operations and has positive correlations to operation performance.
- E. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of the current year, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' remuneration. The ratio shall not be lower than 1% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 5% for directors' remuneration.
- F. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, employees' compensation was accrued at \$4,000 for both years; while directors' remuneration was accrued at \$6,600 for both years. The aforementioned amounts were recognized in salary expenses. The expenses recognized for the year were accrued based on the earnings of current year distributable and the percentage prescribed by the Company's Articles of Incorporation. The employees' compensation and directors' remuneration resolved by the Board of Directors on March 7, 2024 were \$4,000 and \$6,600 for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the employees' compensation will be distributed in the form of cash. According to the resolution of the Board of Directors on March

21, 2023, the resolution was in agreement with those amounts recognized in the 2022 financial statements.

Information about employees' compensation and directors' remuneration of the Company as resolved by the Board Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" on the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

# (57) Income tax

# A. Income tax (benefit) expense

(a) Components of income tax expense:

	For the years ended December 3						
		2023	2022				
Current income tax:							
Income tax incurred in current year	\$	112	\$	365			
Tax on undistributed surplus earnings		9, 150		_			
Prior year income tax underestimation		2		<u> </u>			
		9, 264		365			
Deferred income tax:							
Origination and reversal of temporary							
differences		14, 868		10, 407			
Income tax expense	\$	24, 132	\$	10, 772			

(b) The income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income is as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,						
		2023		2022			
Remeasurement on defined benefit	<b>(</b> Φ	375)	Ф	1 770			
obligations	(2	<u> </u>	Φ	1, 110			

B. Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit:

	For the years ended December 31,							
		2023	2022					
Tax calculated based on profit before tax								
and statutory tax rate	\$	67, 120 \$	62, 361					
Effect from items disallowed by tax regulation	(	52,656) (	20, 786)					
Expenses disallowed by tax regulation		516	8					
Effect from tax exempt income by tax								
regulation		- (	30, 811)					
Tax on undistributed surplus earnings		9, 150	_					
Prior year income tax underestimation		2						
Income tax expense	\$	24, 132 \$	10, 772					

C. Amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities as a result of temporary differences and tax losses are as follows:

	For the year ended December 31, 2023								
			Re	cognized in	com	prehensive			
	_Ja	anuary 1	pro	ofit or loss	income		December 31		
Deferred tax assets:								_	
Temporary differences:									
Unrealized loss on									
currency exchange	\$	21, 333	(\$	15, 036)	\$	_	\$	6, 297	
Unused compensated		1 000		2)					
absences		1, 903	(	2)		_		1, 901	
Pensions		1,076	(	374)		375		1, 077	
Unrealized loss on		4 700						4 700	
investment Allowance for doubtful		4, 780		_		_		4, 780	
accounts		_		417		_		417	
Tax losses		5, 424		127		_		5, 551	
1 ux 105505	\$	34, 516	(\$	14, 868)	\$	375	\$	20, 023	
	Ψ	04, 010	(ψ	14,000	Ψ	010	Ψ	20, 020	
Deferred tax liabilities:									
Temporary differences:									
Incremental tax on land									
revaluation	(\$	33, 178)	\$	_	\$	_	(\$	33, 178)	
Unrealized gain on	(	6 564)					(	6 564)	
investment	( <u> </u>	$\frac{6,564}{20,748}$	ф.		ф.		( <u> </u>	6, 564)	
	( <u>\$</u>	39, 742)	\$		\$		( <u>\$</u>	39, 742)	
	( <u>\$</u>	5, 226)	( <u>\$</u>	14, 868)	\$	375	( <u>\$</u>	<u>19, 719</u> )	

	For the year ended December 31, 2022									
	Recognized									
			ъ			n other				
	т	1		cognized in		-				
	<u>Ja</u>	inuary 1	pro	ofit or loss		income	De	cember 31		
Deferred tax assets:										
Temporary differences:										
Unused compensated	Φ.	1 000	Φ.	0	Φ.		ф	1 000		
absences	\$	1, 900	\$	3	\$	-	\$	1, 903		
Pensions		3, 522	(	668)	(	1, 778)		1,076		
Unrealized loss on		4 500		10 505				21 222		
currency exchange		4, 538		16, 795		_		21, 333		
Unrealized loss on		1 4 77 4		0.004)				4 700		
investment		14, 774	(	9, 994)		_		4, 780		
Tax losses		21, 967	(	16, 543)	_			5, 424		
	<u>\$</u>	46, 701	( <u>\$</u>	10, 407)	( <u>\$</u>	1,778)	\$	34, 516		
Deferred tax liabilities:										
Temporary differences:										
Incremental tax on land										
revaluation	(\$	33, 178)	\$	_	\$	_	(\$	33, 178)		
Unrealized gain on										
investment	(	6, 564)					(	6, 564)		
	( <u>\$</u>	39, 742)	\$		\$		( <u>\$</u>	39, 742)		
	<u>\$</u>	6, 959	( <u>\$</u>	10, 407)	( <u>\$</u>	1,778)	( <u>\$</u>	5, 226)		

D. Expiration dates of unused tax losses and amounts of unrecognized deferred tax assets are as follows:

	An	nount filed				ecognized eferred	
Year incurred	/8	assessed	Unu	sed amount	tax	assets	Expiry year
2020	\$	94, 679	\$	14, 959	\$		2030
2021		10, 117		10, 117		_	2031
2023		2,680		2,680		-	2033
			Decem	ber 31, 2022			
					Unre	ecognized	
	An	nount filed			de	eferred	
Year incurred	/8	assessed	Unu	sed amount	tax	assets	Expiry year
2020	\$	95, 194	\$	15, 529	\$		2030
2021		11, 591		11, 591		_	2031

E. The amounts of deductible temporary differences that were not recognized as deferred tax assets are as follows:

	Decer	mber 31, 2023	December 31, 2022		
Deductible temporary differences					
Unrealized loss on investment	\$	640, 808	\$	932, 837	
Allowance for doubtful accounts					
that exceeded the allowable					
tax limit		10, 281		10, 281	
	\$	651, 089	\$	943, 118	

F. The Company's income tax returns through 2021 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority. There were no disputes existing between the Company and the Tax Authority as of March 7, 2024.

# (58) Earnings per share

	For the year ended December 31, 2023					
			numbe	hted average r of ordinary outstanding	Ea	arnings per share
	Amo	unt after tax	(shares	in thousands)	(i	n dollars)
Basic earnings per share						
Profit attributable to ordinary						
shareholders	\$	311, 469		146, 154	\$	2.13
Diluted earnings per share						
Profit attributable to ordinary						
shareholders	\$	311,469		146, 154		
Employees' compensation				178		
Profit attributable to ordinary						
shareholders plus assumed						
conversion of all dilutive						
potential ordinary						
shares	\$	311, 469	\$	146, 332	\$	2.13

	For the year ended December 31, 2022				
		Weighted average			
		number of ordinary	Earnings per		
		shares outstanding	share		
	Amount after tax	(shares in thousands)	(in dollars)		
Basic and diluted loss per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary					
shareholders	\$ 301,032	146, 154	<u>\$ 2.06</u>		
Diluted earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary					
shareholders	\$ 301, 032	146, 154			
Employees' compensation		191			
Profit attributable to ordinary					
shareholders plus assumed					
conversion of all dilutive					
potential ordinary shares	<u>\$ 301, 032</u>	<u>\$ 146, 345</u>	<u>\$ 2.06</u>		

# (59) Supplemental cash flow information

A. Investing activities with partial cash payments:

	For the years ended December 31,					
	-	2023		2022		
(a) Acquisition of property, plant and equipment Add: Beginning balance of payable for	\$	12, 288	\$	1, 983		
equipment (listed as "Other payables") Less: Ending balance of payable for		670		301		
equipment (listed as "Other payables")  Cash paid for acquisition of property, plant			(	670)		
and equipment	\$	12, 958	\$	1,614		
		For the years end	ded De	cember 31,		
		2023		2022		
(b) Acquisition of investment property Add: Beginning balance of payable for	\$	1, 666	\$	4, 227		
equipment (listed as "Other payables") Less: Ending balance of payable for		254		_		
equipment (listed as "Other payables")	(	666)	(	254)		
Cash paid for investment property	\$	1, 254	\$	3, 973		

				For the	e years en	ded De	eceml	ber 31,
				202	3		2	.022
(c) Acquisition of intangible a	ssets			\$	4, 575	\$		4, 714
Add: Beginning balance of	f paya	ble for						
equipment (listed as			")		633			-
Less: Ending balance of pa	-		19\		_	(		633)
equipment (listed as Cash paid for acquisition of				Ф	F 900	Ф.		
Cash paid for acquisition c	)1 IIIta	ingible asse	ıs	\$	5, 208	\$		4, 081
B. Operating and investing activi	ties w	ith no cash	flov	v effects:				
			, <u>-</u>	For the	e years en	ded De	ecemb	per 31,
			-	2023	3		2	022
(a) Write-off of allowance for	doub	tful		ф	100	Φ.		0.040
accounts				\$	196	\$		2, 942
(b) Prepayments for equipment transferred				\$	2, 970	\$		_
to property, plant and equipment (c) Prepayments for equipment transferred				Ψ	2, 310	Ψ		
to investment property				\$		\$		597
(d) Prepayments for equipmen	t tran	sferred			_			
to intangible assets				\$	1,639	<u>\$</u>		930
(60) Changes in liabilities from finance	ing a	<u>ctivities</u>						
					Guara	ntee	Tot	tal liabilities
			S	Short-term	depo			m financing
			bo	orrowings	receiv			activities
At January 1, 2023			\$	595, 842	\$	331	\$	596, 173
Changes in cash flow from				,	·		·	,
financing activities			(	42,055)	(	131)	(	42, 186)
Changes in other non-cash items				213				213
At December 31, 2023			\$	554, 000	\$	200	\$	554, 200
			S	Short-term	Guar	antee	То	otal liabilities
	S	hort-term		notes and	depo			m financing
		orrowings		lls payable	rece			activities
At January 1, 2022	\$	834, 707	\$	149, 972	\$	331	\$	985, 010
Changes in cash flow from	·	•	•	, –	•		•	,
financing activities	(	243,067)	(	150,000)	)	-	(	393,067)
Changes in other non-cash items		4, 202		28				4, 230
At December 31, 2022	\$	595, 842	\$		\$	331	\$	596, 173

### 7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

# (61) Names of related parties and relationship

Relationship with the Company
Subsidiary
Associate
Other related party

### (62) Significant related party transactions

### A. Operating revenue

	For the years ended December 31,				
		2023	2022		
Sales of goods:					
P.T.Tainan Enterprises Indonesia (note)	\$	4, 091	\$	5, 934	
Other related parties		17, 211			
		21, 302		5, 934	
Sales of services:					
Tainan Enterprises (Cambodia) Co., Ltd.		64,068		85, 207	
P.T.Tainan Enterprises Indonesia		65,747		71, 823	
PT. Andalan Mandiri Busana		52,523		57, 709	
Yixing Gaoqing Garments Co., Ltd.		27, 308		29,853	
Tainan Enterprises (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.		28,453		30,427	
Gin-Sovann Fahion (Cambodia) Limited		14, 237		19, 077	
		252, 336		294, 096	
	\$	273, 638	\$	300, 030	

The collection period for related parties was  $60\sim90$  days after the end of each month, and for the third parties was  $30\sim90$  days after the end of each month. Except for the collection periods mentioned above, other terms of sales were the same for related and third parties.

Note: Sales of goods refer to export of materials purchased domestically to overseas plants. The Company does not recognize the amount as sales revenue. Related costs and expenses are also not recorded as profit or loss of the Company.

# B. Purchases

		For the years ended December 31,				
		2023		2022		
Purchases of goods:						
P.T.Tainan Enterprises Indonesia	\$	1, 466, 092	\$	1, 602, 570		
Associates		223				
	<u>\$</u>	1, 466, 315	\$	1, 602, 570		

The terms of purchases and payments (due within 3 months) to related parties were the same with the third party suppliers.

# C. Processing cost of outsourcing

	For the years ended December 31,			
		2023		2022
Tainan Enterprises (Cambodia) Co., Ltd.	\$	802, 279	\$	1, 053, 580
PT. Andalan Mandiri Busana		503, 226		548, 880
Yixing Gaoqing Garments Co., Ltd.		380, 653		445,973
Tainan Enterprises (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.		311, 128		347, 136
Gin-Sovann Fashion (Cambodia) Limited		184, 147		259, 136
	\$	2, 181, 433	\$	2, 654, 705
D. Other income				
	]	For the years end	led Dec	cember 31,
		2023		2022
Associates	\$	456	\$	284
Subsidiaries		24		24
	\$	480	\$	308
E. Ending balance of sales of goods and services				
	Dece	mber 31, 2023	Dece	ember 31, 2022
Accounts receivable:				
Subsidiaries	\$	4, 898	\$	2, 435
TP1	C 1		1	

The receivables from related parties arise mainly from sale transactions and management service income. The receivables are unsecured in nature and bear no interest. There are no allowances for uncollectible accounts held against receivables from related parties.

# F. Ending balance of advance payments

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Accounts receivable to related parties:	,	<del></del>
PT. Andalan Mandiri Busana	\$ -	\$ 1,014
Subsidiaries	331	64
2 <b>4</b> 00 <b>3.44.14</b> 0	\$ 331	\$ 1,078
Accounts payable to related parties:	<del>*************************************</del>	<u> </u>
Subsidiaries	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$ 5</u>
G. Prepayments		
	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Prepayments services to related parties:		
Gin-Sovann Fashion (Cambodia) Limited	\$ -	<u>\$ 13,598</u>
H. Ending balance of purchases of goods and services		
	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Accounts payable to related parties:		
Purchases of goods:		
P.T.Tainan Enterprises Indonesia	\$ 216, 432	<u>\$ 183, 820</u>
Purchases of services:		
Yixing Gaoqing Garments Co., Ltd.	109, 805	116, 752
PT. Andalan Mandiri Busana	91, 615	116, 239
Subsidiaries	72, 126	20, 352
	\$ 273, 546	\$ 253, 343

The payables to related parties arise mainly from purchase transactions and processing cost of outsourcing. The payables bear no interest.

# (63) Key management compensation

	For the years ended December 31,				
		2023		2022	
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$	25,490	\$	25, 422	
Post-employment benefits		2, 591		537	
	\$	28, 081	\$	25, 959	

### 8. PLEDGED ASSETS

None.

### 9. <u>SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED CONTRACT</u>

### **COMMITMENTS**

- (1) As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the remaining balance due for construction in progress was \$1,585 and \$2,610, respectively.
- (2) As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the unused letters of credit amounted to \$147,948 and \$103,080, respectively.

### 10. <u>SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS</u>

None.

# 11. <u>SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE</u>

None.

# 12. OTHERS

# (2) Capital management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the number of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

#### Financial instruments

### A. Financial instruments by category

	Dece	ember 31, 2023	Dece	ember 31, 2022
Financial assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair				
value through profit or loss	\$	86, 825	\$	86, 954
Financial asset held for trading		256		32
	\$	87, 081	\$	86, 986
Financial assets at fair value through other				_
comprehensive income				
Designation of equity instruments	\$	545	\$	609
Financial assets at amortised cost				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	171, 260	\$	285, 148
Financial assets at amortised cost		30, 195		30, 717
Notes receivable		_		891
Accounts receivable		1, 153, 819		1, 155, 396
Other receivables (including related parties)		1,842		3, 906
Guarantee deposits paid		310		186
	\$	1, 357, 426	\$	1, 476, 244

	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities at amortised cost				
Short-term borrowings	\$	554,000	\$	595, 842
Notes payable		2,572		3, 284
Accounts payable (including related parties)		472,967		327, 265
Other payables (including related parties)		416,597		404,045
Guarantee deposits received		200		331
	\$	1, 446, 336	\$	1, 330, 767

### B. Financial risk management policies

- (a) The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. To minimize any adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company, derivative financial instruments, such as foreign exchange forward contracts and foreign currency option contracts are used to hedge certain exchange rate risk, and interest rate swaps are used to fix variable future cash flows. Derivatives are used exclusively for hedging purposes and not as trading or speculative instruments.
- (b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Company treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Company treasury identifies, evaluates, and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Company's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.
- (c) Information about derivative financial instruments that are used to hedge certain exchange rate risk are provided in Note 6(2), "Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss".

#### C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

#### (a) Market risk

#### Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Company operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from the transactions of the Company used in various functional currency, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognized assets and liabilities.
- ii. Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Company treasury. Exchange rate risk is measured through a forecast of highly probable USD and RMB expenditures. Forward foreign exchange contracts are adopted to minimize the volatility of the exchange rate

- affecting cost of forecast inventory purchases.
- iii. The Company hedges foreign exchange rate by using forward exchange contracts. However, the Company does not adopt hedging accounting. Details of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are provided in Note 6(2), "Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss".
- iv. The Company risk management policy is to hedge anticipated cash flows (mainly purchase of inventory that are priced in USD) in major foreign currency to reduce the risk position of major currencies.
- v. The Company has certain investments in foreign operations, whose net assets are exposed to foreign currency translation risk. Currency exposure arising from the net assets of the Company's foreign operations is managed primarily through liabilities denominated in the relevant foreign currencies.
- vi. The Company's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's functional currency: NTD). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

	December 31, 2023				
	F	Foreign			
	cı	urrency			
	8	amount			
	(in thousands)		Exchange rate	Book value	
(Foreign currency: functional					
currency)					
Financial assets					
Monetary items					
USD:NTD	\$	41,250	30.71	\$ 1, 266, 798	
RMB:NTD		7,862	4.327	34, 018	
Investment accounted for					
under equity method					
USD:NTD		79, 561	30.71	2, 443, 362	
Financial liabilities					
Monetary items					
USD:NTD		20,359	30.71	625, 229	
RMB:NTD		25, 381	4. 327	109, 823	

		December 31, 2022				
		Foreign				
	c	urrency				
	;	amount				
	(in thousands)		Exchange rate	Book value		
(Foreign currency: functional						
currency)						
Financial assets						
Monetary items						
USD:NTD	\$	44,697	30.71	\$ 1,372,651		
RMB:NTD		9, 394	4.408	41, 407		
Investment accounted for						
under equity method						
USD:NTD		68,350	30.71	2,099,015		
Financial liabilities						
Monetary items						
USD:NTD		19, 172	30.71	588, 762		
RMB:NTD		26, 477	4.408	116, 762		

Sensitivity analysis of foreign exchange risk mainly focuses on the foreign currency monetary items at the end of the financial reporting period. If the exchange rate of NTD to all foreign currencies had appreciated or depreciated by 1% with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit would have increased/decreased by \$5,658 and \$7,085 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

vii. The total exchange gain, including realized and unrealized arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Company, amounted to \$29,800 and \$112,339 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

### Price risk

- i. The Company's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Company diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Company.
- ii. The Company's investments in equity securities comprise shares issued by the domestic companies. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had decreased/increased by 1% with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit would have decreased/increased by \$868 and \$870 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity securities classified as at fair value through profit or loss. Other components of equity would have increased/decreased by \$5 and \$6, respectively, as a result of other comprehensive income classified as equity

investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

### Cash flow and fair value Interest rate risk

- i. The Company's main interest rate risk arises from bank borrowings with variable rates, which expose the Company to cash flow interest rate risk, partial interest risk is offset by cash and cash equivalents held at variable rates. The Company's borrowings issued at variable rates were mainly denominated in New Taiwan dollars and US Dollars in 2023 and 2022.
- ii. If the borrowing interest rate had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, net of tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 would have decreased/increased by \$84 and \$109, respectively. The main factor is that changes in interest expense result from floating rate borrowings.

#### (b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Company arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms, and the contract cash flows of debt instruments stated at amortized cost.
- ii. The Company manages its credit risk taking into consideration the entire entity's concern. For banks and financial institutions, only independently rated parties with a minimum rating of 'A' are accepted. According to the Company's credit policy, the Company is responsible for managing and analyzing the credit risk for each of the new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilization of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- iii. The Company adopts management of credit risk, if the contract payments were past due over 30 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument.
- iv. The Company adopts the assumptions under IFRS 9, that is, the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 90 days.
- v. The Company classifies customer's accounts receivable in accordance with credit rating of customer, collaterals, credit risk on trade, etc. The Company applies the simplified approach using the provision matrix, loss rate methodology to estimate expected credit loss. The Company uses the forecast ability of conditions to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable. Movements in relation to the Company applying the simplified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable is follows:

	Expected loss rate	 Book value		Allowance	
At December 31, 2023					
Group A	0.09%	\$ 1, 155, 049	\$	1, 230	
Individual A	100%	 7, 374		7, 374	
Total		\$ 1, 162, 423	\$	8, 604	
At December 31, 2022					
Group A	0.20%	\$ 1, 162, 144	\$	6, 748	

vi. Movements in relation to the Company applying the modified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable are as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,			
		2023		2022
At January 1	\$	6, 748	\$	4, 310
Expected credit losses		2, 052		5, 380
Write-offs	(	<u>196</u> )	(	2, 942)
At December 31	\$	8, 604	\$	6, 748
Collection of write-offs ( shown as 'Other				
income')	\$	_	( <u>\$</u>	21, 074)

### (c) Liquidity risk

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in operating entities of the Company and aggregated by the Company's Finance Department. Company's Finance Department monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that the Company does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on any if its borrowing facilities.
- ii. Surplus cash held by the Company treasury over and above the balance required for working capital management are transferred to the Company's Finance Department. Company's Finance Department invests surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts, time deposits and marketable securities, choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient headroom as determined by the above mentioned forecasts.
- iii. The Company has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

	Dece	ember 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	
Floating rate:				
Expiring within one year	\$	3, 093, 672	\$	2, 886, 473

iv. The table below analyses the Company's non-derivative financial liabilities and net-settled or gross-settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for

nonderivative financial liabilities and to the expected maturity date for derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows:

	Less than 1	Between 1	Between 3	
December 31, 2023	year	and 3 years	and 5 years	Over 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities:				
Short-term borrowings	\$555,624	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Notes payable	2, 572	_	_	_
Accounts payable	256, 535	_	_	_
Accounts payable - related parties	216, 432	-	-	_
Other payables	143, 051	_	_	_
Other payables	273,546	_	_	_
- related parties				
Guarantee deposit received	-	200	_	_
	Less than 1	Between 1	Between 3	
December 31, 2022	Less than 1 year		Between 3 and 5 years	Over 5 years
December 31, 2022  Non-derivative financial liabilities:				Over 5 years
				Over 5 years \$ -
Non-derivative financial liabilities:	year	and 3 years	and 5 years	
Non-derivative financial liabilities: Short-term borrowings	year \$598, 692	and 3 years	and 5 years	
Non-derivative financial liabilities: Short-term borrowings Notes payable	year \$598, 692 3, 284	and 3 years	and 5 years	
Non-derivative financial liabilities: Short-term borrowings Notes payable Accounts payable	year \$598, 692 3, 284 143, 445	and 3 years	and 5 years	
Non-derivative financial liabilities: Short-term borrowings Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable	year \$598, 692 3, 284 143, 445	and 3 years	and 5 years	
Non-derivative financial liabilities: Short-term borrowings Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable - related parties	year \$598, 692 3, 284 143, 445 183, 820	and 3 years	and 5 years	
Non-derivative financial liabilities: Short-term borrowings Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable - related parties Other payables	year \$598, 692 3, 284 143, 445 183, 820 150, 697	and 3 years	and 5 years	

v. The Company does not expect the timing of occurrence of the cash flows estimated through the maturity date analysis will be significantly earlier, nor expect the actual cash flow amount will be significantly different.

#### Fair value information

- A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
  - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with enough frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Company's investment in listed stocks is included in Level 1.
  - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset

- or liability, either directly or indirectly. The fair value of the Company's investment in forward exchange is included in Level 2.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Company's investment in equity investment without active market is included in Level 3.
- B. Fair value information of investment property at cost is provided in Note 6(10) "Investment property net".
- C. The carrying amounts of the Company's financial instruments not measured at fair value including cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at amortized cost, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables (including related parties), guarantee deposits paid, short-term borrowings, notes payable, accounts payable (including related parties), other payables (including related parties) and guarantee deposits received are approximate to their fair values.
- D. The related information on financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities are as follows:
  - (a) The related information on the nature of the assets and liabilities are as follows:

December 31, 2023	Le	vel 1	Le	vel 2	Level 3	Total
Assets						
Recurring fair value measurements						
Financial assets at fair value						
through profit or loss						
Equity securities	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 86, 825	\$ 86, 825
Forward foreign exchange contracts		_		256	_	256
Financial assets at fair value						
through other comprehensive						
income						
Equity securities		545				545
	\$	545	\$	256	\$ 86, 825	<u>\$ 87,626</u>
December 31, 2022	Le	vel 1	Le	vel 2	Level 3	Total
Assets						
Recurring fair value measurements						
Financial assets at fair value						
through profit or loss						
Equity securities	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 86, 954	\$ 86, 954
Forward foreign exchange contracts		_		32	_	32
Financial assets at fair value						
through other comprehensive						
income						
Equity securities		609				609
	\$	609	\$	32	<u>\$ 86, 954</u>	<u>\$ 87, 595</u>

- (b) The methods and assumptions the Company used to measure fair value are as follows:
  - i. The instruments the Company used market quoted prices (closing price of listed shares) as their fair values (that is, Level 1).
  - ii. Except for financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques or by reference to counterparty quotes. The fair value of financial instruments measured by using valuation techniques can be referred to current fair value of instruments with similar terms and characteristics in substance, discounted cash flow method or other valuation methods, including calculated by applying model using market information available at the parent company only balance sheet date.
  - iii. The valuation of derivative financial instruments is based on valuation model widely accepted by market participants, such as present value techniques and option pricing models. Forward exchange contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate.
  - iv. The market approach (Price-to-Book Ratio, P/B ratio) and asset approach (net book value adjustment) are used by the Company to measure its certain equity investment without active market, which is calculating the ratio of recent identical or similar transaction price to book as an observable input to project the fair value of the disposal group.
- (c) For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2, and there was also no transfer into or out from Level 3.
- (d) The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022:

		Equity securities (Note)										
	I	For the years ended December 31,										
		2023		2022								
At January 1	\$	86, 954	\$	86, 954								
Completion of the liquidation	(	129)	-									
At December 31	\$	<u>\$</u> 86, 825 <u>\$</u> 86, 95										

- (Note) There is no adjustment of equity securities in Level 3 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 because the fair value change was insignificant.
- (e) The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

	Fair value at December 31, 2023	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	\$ 95, 167	The market approach (Price-to- Book Ratio) / Asset approach (net book value adjustment)	Discount for lack of marketability / Discount for lack of control	30%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value and the higher the discount for lack of control, the lower the fair value.
	Fair value at		Significant	Range	Relationship of
	December 31,	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	inputs to fair
	2022	technique	input	average)	value
Non-derivative equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	\$ 92,475	The market approach (Price-to- Book Ratio) / Asset approach (net book value adjustment)	Discount for lack of marketability / Discount for lack of control	30%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value and the higher the discount for lack of control, the lower the fair value.

(f) The Company has carefully assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurement. The following is the effect on profit or loss or on other comprehensive income from financial assets categorized within Level 3 if the inputs used to valuation models have changed:

			December 31, 2023											
			Recognized in Recognized in other											
			profit	or loss	comprehe	nsive income								
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable								
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change								
Financial														
assets														
Equity	Discount for	±10%												
instruments	lack of													
	marketability and discount													
	for lack of													
	control		<u>\$ 8,586</u>	$(\underline{\$}  8, \underline{586})$	<u>\$</u>	\$								
				December	r 31, 2022									
			Recog	gnized in	Recogniz	zed in other								
			_	or loss	_	nsive income								
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable								
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change								
Financial														
assets														
Equity	Discount for	±10%												
instruments	lack of													
	marketability													
	and discount for lack of													

#### 13. <u>SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES</u>

According to the current regulatory requirements, the Company is only required to disclose the information for the year ended December 31, 2023.

#### (3) Significant transactions information

- A. Loans to others: Refer to table 1.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: None.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (excluding subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Refer to table 2.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital or more: None.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Refer to table 3.

- H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Refer to table 4.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: Refer to Note 6(2), "Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss".
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Refer to table 5.

#### <u>Information on investees</u>

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (excluding investees in Mainland China): Refer to table 6.

#### Information on investments in Mainland China

- A. Basic information: Refer to table 7.
- B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: Refer to table 8.

#### Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to table 9.

#### 14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Not applicable.

### Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd. Loans to others

#### For the year ended December 31, 2023

Table 1 Expressed in thousands of NTD

							Allowance							Maximum			
							Actual		Nature of	Total	Reason	for			Loan limit	amount	
		Name of		Related	Maximum	Ending	amount	Interest	financial	transaction	for	doubtful	Assets	pledged	per entity	available for loan	ı
Number	Name	counterparty	Account	parties	balance	balance	drawn down	rate	activity	amount	financing	accounts	Item	Value	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	Footnote
1	Tainan Enterprise (BVI) Co., Limited	Tainan Enterprises (Cambodia) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	\$ 46,065	\$ -	\$ -	-	(Note 1)	\$ -	Financing use	\$ -	_	\$	- \$ 1,185,656	\$ 1,185,656	-
		PT. Andalan Mandiri Busana	Other receivables	Y	122,840	92,130	67,562	-	(Note 1)	-	Financing use	-	-		- 1,185,656	1,185,656	-
		Tainan Enterprises (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	337,810	245,680	173,512	-	(Note 1)	-	Financing use	-	-		- 1,185,656	1,185,656	-
		Yong Jeng International Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	N	61,420	61,420	45,790	4%	(Note 1)	-	Financing use	-	-		- 444,621	444,621	-

Note 1: Nature of loans to others is filled for short-term financing.

Note 2: In accordance with the provisions of the operating procedures for loaning to others, the calculation of the capital loan limit of individual objects and the total limit of capital loan is as follows:

- 1. Loan total limit: 40% of the net worth in the most recent financial report, but only if financing is necessary, 30% of the net worth in the most recent financial report.
- 2. Limit for a single company
  - (1) Trading partner: each company does not exceed the amount of business transactions.
  - (2) Short-term financing: each company does not exceed 30% net worth of its most recent financial report.
  - (3) Capital loans to foreign companies of the Republic of China that directly or indirectly hold 100% of the voting shares by the same parent company shall not exceed 80% of the net worth of the company's most recent financial report.
  - (4) In the case of (1) and (2) above, the limit shall be calculated in combination, but shall not exceed the total limit of loans.
- Note 3: The numbers in the table that involves foreign currencies are expressed in New Taiwan dollars according to the exchange rate posted on the date of the financial statements (USD:NTD 1:30.71; CNY:USD 1:0.1407).

#### Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (excluding subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

#### December 31, 2023

Table 2 Expressed in thousands of NTD

			_		End	ling balance		
Investor	Type and name of securities	Relationship with the securities issuer	General ledger account (Note 1)	Number of shares (in thousands)	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote
Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd	Bonds:							
	DEUTSCHE BANK AG 3.6615% DUE 10 APR 2025	_	2	-	\$ 30,195	- \$	30,195	_
	Stocks: KOCHE DEVELOPMENT CO., LTD.	Substantive related parties	3	4,969	60,939	13.58%	62,016	_
	KOCHE GLOBAL CO., LTD.	Substantive related parties	3	4,350	25,886	10.73%	33,151	_
	DELTAMAC (TAIWAN) CO., LTD.	_	4	40	545	0.11%	545	_
Tainan Enterprise (BVI) Co., Limited	Bonds: ROYAL BK SCOTLND 5.125% DUE 28 MAY 2024 .etc.	-	1	-	86,314	-	86,314	_
	BANCO DO BRASIL SA 4.625% DUE 15 JAN 2025, etc.	-	2	-	464,097	-	464,097	_
	Stocks: NETSOL TECH-NOLOGIES INC.	_	3	44	-	0.27%	-	_

Note 1: There are four types of account items as follows:

- 1. Financial assets at amortized cost current
- 2. Financial assets at amortized cost non-current
- 3. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss non-current
- 4. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income non-current

Note 2: The numbers in the table that involves foreign currencies are expressed in New Taiwan dollars according to the exchange rate posted on the date of the financial statements (USD:NTD 1:30.71; CNY:USD 1:0.1407).

#### Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

#### For the year ended December 31, 2023

Table 3

#### Differences in transaction terms compared to third party

								com	parca to	unia party					
						Transaction			transac	ctions	N	otes/accounts			
													Percentage of		
		Relationship with				Percentage of total							total notes/accounts		
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	the counterparty	Purchases (sales)		Amount	purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit p	rice	Credit term		Balance	receivable (payable)	Note	
Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.	P.T.Tainan Enterprises Indonesia	Subsidary	Purchases	\$	1,466,092	40%	(Note 1)	\$	-	_	(\$	216,432)	(46%)	_	
P.T.Tainan Enterprises Indonesia	Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.	The Company	(Sales)	(	1,466,092)	(99%)	(Note 1)		_	_		216,432	99%	_	

Note 1: Receipt and payment terms for purchases and sales to related parties is closes its accounts in 3 months.

Note 2: The numbers in the table that involves foreign currencies are expressed in New Taiwan dollars according to the exchange rate posted on the date of the financial statements (USD:NTD 1:30.71).

#### Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

#### December 31, 2023

Table 4 Expressed in thousands of NTD

										Amo	unt collected	1	Allowance for	
			Receivable from r	Receivable from related party						subs	equent to the		doubtful	
Company Name	Counterparty	Relationship	Items		Amount	Turnover rate	Amount	A	ction taken	en balance sheet date			accounts	
P.T.Tainan Enterprises Indonesia	Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.	The Company	Accounts receivable	\$	216,432	7.33	\$	-	_	\$	216,432	\$		-
Yixing Gaoqing Garments Co., Ltd.	Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.	The Company	Accounts receivable		109,805	3.35		-	_		64,197			-
Tainan Enterprise (BVI) Co., Limited	Tainan Enterprises (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	Subsidary	Other receivables		173,512	_		-	_		36,852			-

Note: The numbers in the table that involves foreign currencies are expressed in New Taiwan dollars according to the exchange rate posted on the date of the financial statements (USD:NTD 1:30.71; CNY:USD 1:0.1407).

#### Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period

#### For the year ended December 31, 2023

Table 5 Expressed in thousands of NTD

						Transactions	
Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	General ledger account	Amount	Terms	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)
0	Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.	P.T.Tainan Enterprises Indonesia	1	Purchases	\$ 1,466,092	Closes its accounts 3 months after the end of each transaction	23%
			1	Accounts payable	216,432	_	4%
			1	Services revenue	65,747	_	1%
		PT. Andalan Mandiri Busana	1	External processing cost	503,226	_	8%
			1	Services revenue	52,523	_	1%
			1	Other payables	91,615	_	2%
		Tainan Enterprises (Cambodia) Co., Ltd.	1	External processing cost	802,279	_	12%
			1	Services revenue	64,068	_	1%
			1	Other payables	18,699	_	_
		Tainan Enterprises (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	1	External processing cost	311,128	_	5%
			1	Services revenue	28,453	_	_
			1	Other payables	26,431	_	_
		Yixing Gaoqing Garments Co., Ltd.	1	External processing cost	380,653	_	6%
			1	Services revenue	27,308	_	_
			1	Other payables	109,805	_	2%
		Gin-Sovann Fashion (Cambodia) Limited.	1	External processing cost	184,147	_	3%
			1	Services revenue	14,237	_	_
			1	Other payables	26,996	_	_
1	Tainan Enterprise (BVI) Co., Limited	PT. Andalan Mandiri Busana	3	Other receivables	67,562	_	1%
		Tainan Enterprises (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	173,512	_	3%
2	Tainan Enterprises (Cambodia) Co., Ltd.	Gin-Sovann Fashion (Cambodia) Limited.	3	External processing cost	16,456	_	-
			3	Other payables	12,903	_	_
3	Beyoung Fashion Co., Ltd.	Gin-Sovann Fashion (Cambodia) Limited.	3	External processing cost	160,562	_	2%
			3	Other payables	26,489	-	=

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

<sup>(1)</sup> The company is '0'.

<sup>(2)</sup> The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories:

<sup>(1)</sup> The company to subsidiary.

<sup>(2)</sup> Subsidiary to the company.

<sup>(3)</sup> Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 3: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.

Note 4: Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods are not disclosed since these were corresponding transactions.

Note 5: The disclosure standard for important transactions is more than NT\$10 million.

Note 6: The numbers in the table that involves foreign currencies are expressed in New Taiwan dollars according to the exchange rate posted on the date of the financial statements (USD:NTD 1:30.71; CNY:USD 1:0.1407).

#### Names, locations and other information of investee companies ( excluding investees in Mainland China)

#### For the year ended December 31, 2023

Table 6 Expressed in thousands of NTD

				Original inve	Original investment amount		as at December 3	1, 2023		Investment income (loss)	
				Balance as at	Balance as at				Net income (loss)	recognized by the	
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	of the investee	Company	Note
Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Tainan Enterprise (BVI) Co., Limited	British Virgin Islands	Professional investments	\$ 517,058	\$ 517,058	170,000	100.00	\$ 1,483,135	\$ 104,692	\$ 103,972	Subsidiary
	P.T.Tainan Enterprises Indonesia	Indonesia	Garment processing, production and selling	64,446	64,446	2,400,000	100.00	400,364	34,009	34,009	Subsidiary
	PT. Andalan Mandiri Busana	Indonesia	Garment processing, production and selling	182,024	182,024	6,000	100.00	166,671	23,636	23,636	Subsidiary
	PT CAHAYA IDNDAH GLOBA	Indonesia	Garment processing, production and selling	59,469	-	1,900,000	100.00	58,510	163	163	Subsidiary (Note 1)
	Tainan Enterprises (Cambodia) Co., Ltd.	Cambodia	Garment processing, production and selling	29,585	29,585	1,000	100.00	156,590	73,353	73,316	Subsidiary
	Tainan Enterprises (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	Vietnam	Garment processing, production and selling	319,090	319,090	-	100.00	178,092	52,735	52,735	Subsidiary
	Beyoung Fashion Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Garment processing, production and selling	141,742	141,742	5,050,000	100.00	29,498	4,198	4,198	Subsidiary
Tainan Enterprise (BVI) Co., Limited	T&G Fashion Co., Ltd.	Seychelles	Professional investments	120,377	120,377	3,300,000	100.00	129,630	57,268	-	Subsidiary (Note 2)
	Tainan Enterprise (Cayman) Co., Limited	Cayman Islands	Professional investments	215,928	215,928	4,466,610	13.39	86,619	107,148	-	(Note 2)
T&G Fashion Co., Ltd.	Gin-Sovann Fashion (Cambodia) Limited.	Cambodia	Garment processing, production and selling	30,710	30,710	-	100.00	93,736	56,251	-	Subsidiary (Note 2)
	Camitex II (Cambodia) MFG Co., Ltd.	Cambodia	Garment processing, production and selling	18,829	18,829	100	100.00	79	1	-	Subsidiary (Note 2) (Note 3)
	Golden Harbor Garment (Cambodia) Limited.	Cambodia	Garment processing, production and selling	-	-	-	100.00	368	( 1)	-	Subsidiary (Note 2) (Note 3)

Note 1: A new company established in the first quarter of 2023.

Note 2: According to regulations, the amount of investment (Joss) recognized in the current period may be exempted from disclosure.

Note 3: The subsidiary has ceased business and was pending for liquidation process.

Note 4: The numbers in the table that involves foreign currencies are expressed in New Taiwan dollars according to the exchange rate posted on the date of the financial statements (USD:NTD 1:30.71; CNY:USD 1:0.1407).

#### Information on investments in Mainland China - Basic information

#### For the year ended December 31, 2023

Table 7 Expressed in thousands of NTD

					am remitt Tai	amulated ount of ance from iwan to and China	Amount remitted from Taiwan to Mainland China/ Amount remitted back to Taiwan for the the year ended December 31, 2023			Accumulated amount Ownership Book value of remittance from held by Investment income investments in Taiwan to the Company (loss) recognized Mainland China						stments in	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of			
Investee in				Investment	as of I	January 1,	Remitted to	Remi	itted back to	Mainla	nd China as of	N	let income of	(direct or	t	by the Company	of Dec	cember 31,	December 31,	
Mainland China	Main business	Paid-in ca	apital_	method	2	2023	Mainland China	1	Taiwan	Decen	nber 31, 2023		investee	indirect)		(Note 2)		2023	2023	Note
Yixing Gaoqing Garments Co., Ltd.	Garment processing, production and selling	\$ 13	88,195	(Note 1)	\$	92,130	\$ -	\$	-	\$	92,130	\$	5,137	100%	\$	5,137	\$	162,572	\$ -	(Note 3)
Zhoukou Tainan Garment Co., Ltd.	Garment processing, production and selling	15	3,550	(Note 1)		-	-		-		-		-	100%		-		406	-	(Note 4) (Note 5)

	Accumulated amount of	Investment amount approved	Ceiling on investments in
	remittance from Taiwan	by the Investment Commission	Mainland China imposed by the
	to Mainland China	of the Ministry of Economic	Investment Commission of
Company name	as of December 31, 2023	Affairs (MOEA)	MOEA
Tainan Enterprises Co., Ltd.	\$ 296,385	\$ 1,194,578	(Note 6)

Note 1: Indirect investment in Mainland China through a company set up in a third region, Tainan Enterprises (BVI) Co., Limited.

Note 2: Investment gains or losses were recognized based on andited financial statements.

Note 3: Among them, \$46,065 (USD1,500 thousand dollars) was indirect investment in Mainland China through a company set up in a third region, Tainan Enterprises (BVI) Co., Limited.

Note 4: Indirect investment in Mainland China through a company set up in a third region, Tainan Enterprises (BVI) Co., Limited.

Note 5: The subsidiary has ceased business and was pending for liquidation process.

Note 6: Enterprises that have been approved by the Ministry of Economic Affairs to operate their headquarters are not subject to monetary or proportional limits.

Note 7: The numbers in the table that involves foreign currencies are expressed in New Taiwan dollars according to the exchange rate posted on the date of the financial statements (USD:NTD 1:30.71; CNY:USD 1:0.1407).

#### Significant transactions conducted with investees in Mainland China directly or indirectly through other companies in the third areas

#### For the year ended December 31, 2023

Table 8 Expressed in thousands of NTD

						Accounts re	ceivable	e	Provision endorsements						
	Sale (purcha	se)	Proper	ty transa	action	(payat	le)		or collat	erals		Financing			-
Investee in						Balance at December 31	,		alance at ember 31,		imum balance during year ended December	Balance at		nterest during the ar ended December	
Mainland China	 Amount	%	Amo	unt	%	2023	%		2023	Purpose	 31, 2023	December 31, 2023	Interest rate	 31, 2023	Others (Note)
Yixing Gaoqing Garments Co., Ltd.	\$	_	\$	-	-	\$		\$	-	-	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -	External process cost \$ 380,653 Service revenue \$ 27,308 Other payables \$ 109,805

Note: The numbers in the table that involves foreign currencies are expressed in New Taiwan dollars according to the exchange rate posted on the date of the financial statements (USD:NTD 1:30.71; CNY:USD 1:0.1407).

#### Major shareholders information

December 31, 2023

Table 9 Expressed in shares

Number of shares

Name of the key shareholder	Common stock	Preferred stock	Ownership (%)	Note
CMC Magnetics Co., Ltd.	11,793,000	_	8.06%	_
CHC International Investment Corporation	9,522,000	_	6.51%	_
TZENG, LI-YU-LIAN	7,653,000	_	5.23%	_

Note: The major shareholders information was derived from the data that the Company issued common shares (including treasury shares) and preference shares in dematerialised form which were registered and held by the shareholders above 5% on the last operating date of each quarter and was calculated by Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation.

The share capital which was recorded in the financial statements is different from the actual number of shares issued in dematerialised form because of the difference in the calculation basis.

# TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

I	tem	Description	Aı	mount
Cash:				
Cash on hand			\$	250
Checking account	ts – NTD			25, 981
Demand deposits	- NTD			22, 730
	<ul><li>Foreign curr</li></ul>	ency USD 3,518 thousand @ 30.71	<del>,</del>	108, 048
		CNY 656 thousand @ 4.327		2,840
		Other foreign currencies		1, 411
Time deposits	- NTD	Due on January 17, 2024,		
		interest rate at 0.655%		10,000
			\$	171, 260

## TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET DECEMBER 31, 2023

Client Name	Item		Amount	Note
MGF SOURCING FAR EAST, Limited	Accounts receivable	\$	541, 798	_
MACY MERCHANDISING GROUP INC.	"		172, 929	_
ERALDA INDUSTRIES LTD.	"		68, 837	_
(Brand: EILEEN FISHER) ERALDA INDUSTRIES LTD. (Brand: JJILL)	n		61, 950	_
Others (less than 5%)	"		316, 909	_
			1, 162, 423	
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts		(	8, 604)	
		<u>\$</u>	1, 153, 819	

## TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF INVENTORIES DECEMBER 31, 2023

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			A			
Item	Description		Cost	Net Re	ealisable Value	Note
Raw materials	_	\$	316, 565	\$	313, 911	(Note)
Work in progress	_		381, 611		380, 367	"
Finished goods	_		3, 148		3, 148	"
		<u>\$</u>	701, 324	\$	697, 426	

Note: Refer to Note 4 (9) "Inventories" for determining net realisable value.

#### TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD.

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS - NON-CURRENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Beginning	Balance	Decre	ase	Ending B	alance	_		
	Shares	Carrying	Shares		Shares	Carrying	Accumulated		
Name of Financial Instrument	(in thousands)	amount	(in thousands)	Amount	(in thousands)	amount	impairment	Collateral	Note
Stock:									
Euroc Venture Capital Corp.	2	\$ 129	( 2)	(\$ 129)	_	\$ -	\$ -	None	_
Koche Development Co., Ltd.	4, 969	60,939	_	_	4, 969	60, 939	_	"	_
Koche Global Co., Ltd.	4, 350	25, 886	_		4, 350	25, 886		"	_
		<u>\$ 86,954</u>		( <u>\$ 129</u> )		\$ 86,825	\$ -		

Note: There is no adjustment because the fair value change was insignificant.

## TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Market	Value of	or Net	Assets
--	--------	----------	--------	--------

	Beginning	Balance	Addition		Decrea	se	Ending Balance		;	Value			
	Shares		Shares		Shares		Shares	Percentage of					
Name	(in thousands)	Amount	(in thousands)	Amount	(in thousands)	Amount	(in thousands)	Ownership	Amount	Unit Price	Total Amount	Collateral	Note
Tainan Enterprise (BVI) Co., Limited	170	\$1, 379, 069	-	\$109, 218	=	(\$ 5, 152)	170	100.00%	\$1, 483, 135	\$ 8,718	\$1, 482, 070	None	_
P.T.Tainan Enterprises Indonesia	2, 400	369, 389	_	34,009	_	(3,034)	2, 400	100.00%	400, 364	167	400, 364	"	_
Tainan Enterprises (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	=	126, 118	=	52, 735	=	( 761)	=	100.00%	178, 092	=	178, 092	"	_
PT. Andalan Mandiri Busana	6	140, 105	=	26, 955	=	( 389)	6	100.00%	166, 671	27, 779	166, 671	"	_
Tainan Enterprises (Cambodia)	1	84, 334	_	73, 315	_	(1,059)	1	100.00%	156,590	156,554	156, 554	"	_
Co., Ltd.													
Beyoung Fashion Co., Ltd.	5, 050	39, 198	-	4, 198	_	-	5, 050	100.00%	43,396	6	29, 498	"	_
PT. CAHAYA INDAH GLOBAL	_		1, 900	59,632	_	( <u>1, 122</u> )	1, 900	100.00%	58, 510	31	58, 510	"	_
		2, 138, 213		\$360,062		( <u>\$ 11, 517</u> )			2, 486, 758		\$2, 471, 759		
Less: Accumulated impairment		(13,898)				\$ -			(13,898)				
		\$2, 124, 315							<u>\$2, 472, 860</u>				

### TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - COST FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Refer to Note 6(8) for the information related to property, plant and equipment.

### TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Refer to Note 6(8) for the information related to property, plant and equipment and Note 4(15) for the methods to determine depreciation and useful lives for property, plant and equipment.

# TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN INVESTMENT PROPERTY - COST FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Refer to Note 6(10) for the information related to investment property, net.

### TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN INVESTMENT PROPERTY - ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Refer to Note 6(10) for the information related to investment property, net, and Note 4(16) for the methods to determine depreciation and useful lives for investment property.

# TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS DECEMBER 31, 2023

Type of loan	Descriptions	End	ing Balance	Period of Contract	Range of Interest Rate	Credit	Facility	Collateral	Note
Unsecured borrowings	HSBC Bank (Taiwan)	\$	194, 000	2023.10~2024.3	1.56%~1.66%	USD \$	10,000	None	_
	First Commercial Bank		180, 000	2023.12~2024.3	1.59%		300,000	"	_
	DBS Bank (Taiwan)		100,000	2023.12~2024.3	1.70%	USD	15, 000	"	_
	Cathay United Bank		80,000	2023.10~2024.1	1.68%		200, 000	"	_
		\$	554, 000						

## TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS PAYABLE DECEMBER 31, 2023

Suppliers Name	Description	 Amount	Note
I TOCHU CORPORATION RETAIL	Accounts payable	\$ 36, 896	
CLOTHING			_
SHENZHEN FU YUAN TEXTILE	"	18,664	
LIMITED			_
Others (less than 5%)	"	 200, 975	_
		\$ 256, 535	

### TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS PAYABLE – RELATED PARTIES DECEMBER 31, 2023

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Refer to Note 7 for the information related to related party transaction.

#### TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF OTHER PAYABLES DECEMBER 31, 2023

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Refer to Note 6(13) for the information related to other payables.

### TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF OTHER PAYABLES – RELATED PARTIES DECEMBER 31, 2023

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Refer to Note 7 for the information related to related party transaction.

# TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF OPERATING REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

			 An	ount			
Item	Quantity	 Subtotal		Total			
Sales revenue:							
Garments	17,409 (in thousands)	pcs	\$ 6, 035, 947				
Others			 2, 759	\$	6, 038, 706		
Less: Sales discounts and allowances				(	5, 856)		
					6, 032, 850		
Service revenue					252, 372		
Operating revenue, net				\$	6, 285, 222		

# TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF OPERATING COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

Item	Amount
Merchandise at January 1, 2023	\$ -
Add: Merchandise purchased	1, 466, 846
Merchandise at December 31, 2023	(3,148)
Merchandise sold during the year	1, 463, 698
Raw materials at January 1, 2023	180, 763
Add: Raw materials purchased	2, 214, 424
Less: Transferred to expenses	( 20,010)
Raw materials at December 31, 2023	(316, 565)
Raw materials used during the year	2, 058, 612
Direct labor	16, 502
Manufacturing overhead	2, 246, 694
Manufacturing cost	4, 321, 808
Work in progress at January 1, 2023	388, 191
Work in progress at December 31, 2023	(381,611_)
Cost of finished goods	4, 328, 388
Finished goods at January 1, 2023	46, 912
Cost of production and marketing	4, 375, 300
Cost of inventory sold	5, 838, 998
Income from sale of scraps	(8, 045_)
Operating costs	\$ 5,830,953

## TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF MANUFACTURING OVERHEAD FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Item	Amount
Processing fee	\$ 2, 211, 630
Other expenses (less than 2%)	35, 064
	\$ 2, 246, 694

# TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF SELLING EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Item	Amount
Wages and salaries	\$ 68,880
Freight	20, 160
Commission expenses	19, 564
Export expenses	15, 095
Insurance expenses	7, 499
Others (less than 5%)	6, 255
	<u>\$ 137, 453</u>

### TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Item	Amount	_
Wages and salaries	\$ 146, 018	8
Service fees	11, 83	5
Others (less than 5%)	75, 94	2
	\$ 233, 79	<u>5</u>

### TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Item	Amount
Wages and salaries	\$ 52, 427
Insurance expenses	6, 128
Others (less than 5%)	13, 629
	\$ 72, 184

Refer to Note 6(24) for the details of expenses by nature, and Note 6(25) for the details of employee benefit expense.

### TAINAN ENTERPRISES CO., LTD.

Chairman: Yang Ching-Hon